INSURANCE.
But patriotism of the people has vanished such Competition.

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The Bombay Chronicle

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INSURANCE.
Every country had to face difficulties in the beginning.

JATIN HOVERING BETWEEN LIFE AND DEATH

"May Expire Any Moment"

ASSEMBLY AND HUNGER-STRIKE

Govt. Propose Amending Criminal Procedure Code

LAHORE CASE TO PROCEED IN ABSENCE OF ACCUSED!

LAHORE, Sept. 6.

Enquiries made late this evening show that Jatin Das has got high fever and is very restless. His pulse beat is very rapid and he is not taking any water even.

As to the other hunger-strikers, the conditon of Shiv Varma is said to be unsatisfactory. He is very weak.

It is also reported that excepting Sarwal all the other hunger-strikers have been removed from cells today.—Free Press.

MAY EXPIRE ANY MOMENT.

—:o:—

CALCUTTA, Sept. 6.

Sjt. Subhas Chandra Bose, President, Bengal Provincial Congress Committee, has received the following telegram from Mr. Kirondas, brother of Jatindas, now staying with him in Lahore:—

"Dada may expire any moment. Follow Press report."—Free Press.

SATIN'S CONDITION.

—:o:—

BARISAL, Sept. 6.

Satindranath Sen, an under-trial prisoner, charged under Section 110 Cr. P. C. who has been hunger-striking since May 24 with one day's break, refused forced feeding and is reported to have fainted on his way to the privy. His weight has also been reduced by 31 lbs. His condition is causing anxiety.—Free Press.

TRIAL OF ABSENT ACCUSED

SIMLA, Sept. 6.

Discussions in the lobby reveal that the Government Bill to amend the Criminal Procedure Code will add a new section, namely, Section 540, providing for an enquiry or trial being held where the accused's absence arises from his voluntary act, such as a hunger-strike.

Details of the proposal are not available, but it is understood that the object is to enable cases against the accused to proceed despite their absence from Court owing to hunger-strike. Probably the Bill will be introduced on Monday in the Assembly by Sir James Crerar.

It is understood that it empowers the Magistrate or Judge to dispense with the attendance of any accused and proceed with the inquiry in his absence, if he is satisfied that the accused by his own conduct has rendered himself incapable of being present in the Court. The finding of the Court as a result of such an enquiry in the absence of the accused in such circumstances cannot be held illegal, but the accused has the right to be represented by counsel at a subsequent stage. In case the Bill is passed, it is proposed to apply it to the Lahore "conspiracy" case.—A.P.

DANGER OF HEAVY FLOODS AVERTED

The Indus Rapidly Falling

—:o:—

HYDERABAD, (Sind), Sept. 6.

The irrigation and revenue authorities declare that the floods situation has greatly improved and that the danger of heavy floods has almost been averted by the rapid falling off of the levels at Mithankot and other critical points, and the correspondingly slow rise at Bukkur.

The maximum rise at Bukkur today was to 17.5 feet. The level is now expected to fall. The floods however, have increased between Ghotki and Rohri, and heavy floods are reported to be approaching the Begari Canal area from Khanpur side. Flood waters are also doing some damage in Naushahro division of Nawabshah District. Many villages are surrounded by water and road communications are cut off. Flood waters are also rushing into eastern Nara District and if not checked, might cause serious damage in Jamrao and Mithrao tracts. Mirpurkhas District including the headquarters, has also suffered considerably from the floods. The area is being surveyed from the air [illegible] measures are being taken to render assistance to the distressed.—A. P.

ZHOB VALLEY RAILWAY.

—:o:—

The Divisional Traffic Superintendent, Quetta, N. W. Railway, wires under date to-day:—Booking of goods traffic from stations Fort Sandeman to Alozai on the Zhob Valley Railway in the down direction has been resumed from to-day. Booking of goods for stations from Alozai to Fort Sandeman in the up direction is still restricted.—A. P.

Governor's Sind Relief Fund

—:o:—

MORE THAN RS. 1,30,000 COLLECTED SO FAR

The first meeting of the Committee of His Excellency the Governor's Sind Relief Fund was held on Thursday. A number of subcommittees were appointed and it was decided to distribute widely the following appeal:—

"As you are, no doubt, aware, a public meeting held in Bombay on the 3rd Sept., 1929, presided over by His Excellency the [illegible]

(Continued on page 8)

GANDHIJI AS NAWAB'S GUEST

—:o:—

Mahatmaji's Tour Programme

TO BE IN BHOPAL BY SUNDAY

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 6.

Mahatma Gandhi accompanied by Seth Jamnalal Bajaj, Mrs. Gandhi, Miraben and party, leaves to-day by the Gujerat Mail for Bombay.

The party will reach Bhopal on Sunday afternoon. At Bhopal Gandhiji will be the guest of the Nawab at whose invitation he is going there. From Bhopal Seth Jamnalal proceeds on his Rajputana and Central India tour for Khadi work.—A. P.

President for Lahore Congress

—:o:—

A. I. C. C. TO MEET AT LUCKNOW ON SEP 25

LUCKNOW, Sept. 6.

It is understood that the All India Congress Committee will meet at Lucknow by September 25 to decide the question of presidentship for the next Congress session at Lahore. These arrangements are in contemplation, it is said, in view of the fact that Mahatma Gandhi is expected to be here by that time during his U. P. tour.—Free Press

ARAB RAIDERS PUNISHED

—:o:—

26 Casualties Inflicted

PREVENTION OF INCURSION

LONDON, Sept. 6.

The Colonial Office announces that successful action was taken against a party of raiding Arabs on the evening of September 3rd at Elmesha village to the east of Mount Tabor, inflicting 26 casualties on the raiders. One soldier was slightly injured.

The French authorities in Syria have posted detachments on the Palestine frontier, north of Safed to prevent incurion of Arabs into our territory. The situation remained generally quiet on Wednesday. Aircraft continue systematically to patrol the whole country."—Reuter.

Palestine Commissions Personnel

—:o:—

LONDON, Sept. 6.

The "Daily Chronicle" understands that Sir Robert William Hamilton and Major John Waller Hills have been chosen as Liberal and Conservative members respectively on the Palestine Commission of Enquiry. The Labour representative has not yet been selected.—Reuter.

MOSCOW MONEY FOR JHABWALLA

—:o:—

Meerut Trial Adjourns to Monday

C. I. D. MAN'S CONFIDENTIAL REPORT OF JHARIA CONFERENCE

MEERUT, Sept. 6.

At to-day's hearing of the Meerut Case Mr. J. S. Dalal, credit reference clerk in the National City Bank of New York, Bombay, deposed that their Bank received advice to pay Jhabwala, Vice-President of the Textile Labour Union, Bombay, the sum of Rs. 26,916-2-3. The money, he said, was sent by Varnoff of Moscow. The money was not paid to Mr. Jhavwala as he was not then the Vice-President of the Union. Information to this effect was sent back to the Dutch Bank at Berlin. Later a sum of Rs. 14,110-2-0 was paid to Jhabwala. Cross-examined by Mr. Jhabwala, advocate for accused Jhabwala, witness stated that the money was paid by the order of Allrussisthegen Bank of Moscow.

Mr. A. J. Saldana, personal assistant to the Superintendent, Cental Telegraph Office, bombay, deposed that a telegram was received at their office on December 1928, addressed to Muzaffer Ahmed from the Communist Party of Great Britain. Information about it was sent to the Home Department and the telegram was withheld. The same day another telegram came from the same body addressed to the Indian National Congress. This too was not delivered, nor was it sent back to the addressee.

COMMUNIST PARTY'S WIRE TO CONGRESS.

Mr. J. P. Mitter, Prosecuting counsel, read out both the telegrams alleged to have been received at the Central Telegraph Office. The former advised the Peasants' and Workers' Conference to advance mass struggle under the leadership of the Proletariat. The telegram to the Congress said that simultaneous support to Dominion Status and independence was equivalent to abandonment of latter and hoped that Congress would repudiate the Nehru Report.

Mr. V. Aiyar, Office Superintendent, Millowners' Association, Bombay said that there was General Strike in Bombay in 1928. Before the strike no demands were formulated by Workers but they were forwarded after the strike had begun.

CONSPIRACY IN MILL OWNERS' ASSOCIATION.

Cross-examined by Mr. Sinha, defence advocate, witness stated he was not aware of any conspiracy being hatched in Millowners' Association to deprive His Majesty of his sovereignty and to substitute Employers' Raj.

Cross-examined by Mr. Dange, witness stated that Millowners stopped bonus to workers in 1925 and there was General strike over that. There was no Union of Millworkers in Bombay at that time.

Mr. N. V. Trivedi, Superintendent of Police, Kanara District, deposed that he attended the Workers' and Peasants' Conference in December, 1928 and took notes and submitted a confidential report. Witness had seen Johnston and Ryan at Jharia. Johnston had come to get T. U. C. affiliated to the League against Imperialism, while Ryan spoke for its affiliation to Pan-Pacific Trade Union Secretariat. Witness deposed that demonstrations in the Congress Pandal at Calcutta were to force the Congress to take more interest in labour.

The Court at this stage adjourned till Monday.—A. P.

BAIL APPLICATION.

DEFENCE PLEA.

Mr. D P Sinha, the defence counsel intimated that he had received this morning an affidavit by Mr. R. A. [illegible]

DISARMAMENT TALKS AT GENEVA

Britain Not Prepared to Renorunce Right to "Private War"

—:o:—

MR. HENDERSON'S ADDRESS TO LEAGUE ASSEMBLY

LONDON, Sept. 6.

Geneva.—Mr. Henderson addressing the Assembly of the League of Nations laid stress on the importance of pressing forward with the work of disarmament without delay and hoped that the proposed treaty regarding financial assistance to the States that were victims of aggression might be converted into general convention for signature before the end of the present session of the Assembly. Britain would sign it subject to certain safeguards, including the provision that its benefits would be available only to the signatories of the proposed treaty of disarmament.

Britain did not believe it possible to adopt, in its present form, the model treaty for strengthening the means of preventing war and therefore proposed its reference to the Third Committee for modification in accordance with the Peace Pact.

Mr. Henderson pointed out that under the Covenant of the League, Governments had not renounced completely right to "private war" but the peace pact filled in the gap. He, therefore, submitted a draft resolution that it was desirable to re-examine articles 12 and 15 of the Covenant with a view to bringing the Covenant in line with the wider outlawry of war provided for the in peace pact.—Reuter.

PREMIER SATISFIED

—:o:—

LEAVES FOR LONDON BY AIR

LONDON, Sept. 6.

Paris.—Mr. MacDonald interviewed by Reuter on his arrival here at seven in the morning from Geneva [illegible] fied with the results obtained at Geneva hitherto.

The Premier accompanied by his daughter Ishbel, left for London by air.—Reuter.

SLAVERY COMMITTEE

—:o:—

LORD CECIL URGES ITS REVIVAL

LONDON, Sept. 5.

Geneva.—At the Political Affairs Committee Lord Cecil requested revival of the former Slavery Committee in order to examine the general aspects of the question and ascertain the causes of non-ratification of the Slavery Convention by many of the signatories and why those countries had not complied with the Convention requiring them to supply the League Secretariat with the information on the subject.—Reuter.

Afghan Sirdars back Allahabad

—:o:—

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 6.

Sardar Abdul Rashid Khan, one of the Afghan Princes deported from Allahabad to Burma, has been brought back on account of ill-health, as also three young Sardars, Muhammad Afzal Khan, Abdur Samad Khan and Abdur Rauf Khan, these three for the purpose of their educ[illegible]

INDIAN PRISONS, A LIVING HELL

Long Standing Grievances Crying for Redress

—:o:—

WHY HUNGER STRIKE WAS RESORTED TO?

MIANWALI, Sept. 4.

Following is a summary of the statement which was made by Sardar Gopal Singh before the Magistrate in the case instituted against him under the Prisons Act for disabling himself by hunger-striking and for which he was subsequently sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment:—

"I am a follower of Non-violent Non-co-operation and hence I have decided not to defend myself and not to cross-examine the witnesses examined on behalf of the prosecution. I am making this statement in order that the Court and through it the Government and the public might get a glimpse of the real state of affairs.

LONG-STANDING GRIEVANCE.

It is a fact that I am on hunger-strike since August 4 and the reason for this is that I am not given the food which should be given to me as of right. The political prisoners in this country have a long-standing grievance against the Government that their status as political prisoners are not recognised officially. It is but meet that they should be designated as political prisoners in the official correspondence.

RACIAL DISCRIMINATION.

Their second grievance is that a European prisoner, be he a Thug, dacoit, or a cheat is given butter, cake and tea. Fresh vegetables are sent for from the bazars if such are not available in the jail garden. But the case with the Indian political prisoners is quite different. Even if they are special class prisoners they are not given these facilities. They get wheat and gram and most ordinary vegetables. They are also supplied oil. 1-1/2 tola per day. The European Wards are airy, well-ventilated and well furnished and they have separate kitchen and baths attached to them. Compare them with the barracks for Indian political prisoners, which are neither well ventilated, nor they have got doors to protect the inmates from cold and wind, etc.

THE LIVING HELL.

The condition of cells for Indian ordinary prisoners is still worse. They are generally damp dark and dingy and are made to clean urinals and latrines during the night time. The prisoners are compelled to keep drinking water and their religious books in the same cell wherein are placed urinals, etc. These are the cells in which the ordinary political prisoners have to pass their nights even in the months of June, July and August.

FIT FOR ANIMALS.

The Indian political prisoners are given 'rethas,' (soap nuts) while soap is supplied to the European prisoners, who are also given decent clothes while the clothes prescribed for Indians are such as to make them look hideous. The Sikh prisoners are not supplied even pyjamas. The warm coats of Indian prisoners are made of rotten blankets to fit only for use as coverings of Europeans' horses. It is the duty of the jail authorities to supply boots to Europeans, but no shoes are supplied to the Indian prisoners.

It is a pity that while the European prisoners are placed in the Central Jail, Lahore, the special class political prisoners are put in Mianwali, the *Kalapani* of the Punjab.

COMPELLED TO TAKE EXTREME STEP.

These grievances have been brought to the notice of the Government many a time before, but no heed whatsoevre so far has been paid to them and so we have felt compelled to resort to this extreme step of hunger-strike till these grievances are redressed in a manner acceptable to the political intelligensia of the country.

It is wrong to say that I have wilfully disabled myself from performing labour. It is preposterous to say that I am on hunger strike in order to disable myself from performing labour, and it is illogical to charge me both with refusing to take jail diet and wilfully disabling myself from perfodming labour.—Free Press.

INDIA & LABOUR GOVT.

—:o:—

PREMIER TO MAKE STATEMENT

"Declaration of 1917 to be Reaffirmed"

ROUND TABLE CONFERENCE TO BE INVITED

LAHORE, Sept. 6.

The London correspondent of the "Civil and Military Gazette" says that as soon as Parliament reassembles Mr. MacDonald will make a [illegible] of 1917 with the Labour Party's interpretation of responsible Government which is Dominion Status. The Premier will, says the correspondent, issue invitations under his personal signature for a Round Table [illegible]

AMERICAN COTTON MARKETS

—:o:—

N. Y. Futures 6 to 19 Points Lower

TEXAS DROUGHT PARTIALLY RELIEVED

Bombay, Sept. 6.

On Thursday, the New York Cotton futures market opened at a decline of 16 points on lower Liverpool cablegrams influenced by reports of showers in Texas. At this level there was considerable buying by spot houses and trade interests in conjunction with short covering which resulted in a recovery of 19 points from the opening level. However, reports of further rains in Texas and Oklahoma stimulated long liquidation which resulted in a fresh decline and the market closed at a decline of 6 to 19 points. Spot Cotton prices declined 15 points to 19.10c.

The New Orleans Cotton market was quiet and closed at a decline of 18 to 20 points. Spot Cotton prices were reduced by 19 points to 18.83c.

The Liverpool market opened at a decline of 15 to 16 points in sympathy with overnight decline in New York market. Reports of showers induced long liquidation and by noon prices were quoted 21 points under previous closing. During the last hour there was slight recovering and the market closed at a declare of 17 to 21 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices declined 21 points to 10.45d. per lb. and sales amounted to 7,000 bales.

Egyptian Cotton futures were adversely affected by the weakness of American Cotton and closed at a decline of 23 points. Sakellaridis spot prices declined 30 points to 17.40c.

Empire cotton futures were weak and closed at a decline of 23 to 20 points with October 9.94 and January 9.96d.

The drought in Texas is now partially relieved and this factor is likely to check any bull movement. The weekly weather report does not paint a serious picture for Texas in tune with private cables. The market is now awaiting the Bureau report due on the 9th inst. Owing to the uncertainty of Bureau's estimate it is very likely that most of the open interest particularly speculative will be squared up. The picking has far progressed under favourable weather conditions during the past fortnight and heavy ginning figures are likely pointing to early movement of the crop.

PRIVATE CABLES

N. Y. October Highest 19.06 lowest 18.87.

N. Y January Highest 19.44 (11.56 a.m.) lowest 19.25 (opening and closing.)

From New York:—"Drought broken in large sections in Texas and Oklahoma inducing heavy liquidation. Spot houses buying and shorts covered and think long interest pretty well liquidated. Advise buying. Piece goods and yarn markets good demand and firm."

Reuter:—"Market early advanced on trade buying but reacted later on rain in drought sections and liquidation."

Messrs. Breul & Co. have received the following cable D/. 5th inst. (5.15 P.M.) from their Liverpool friends Messrs. Reynolds and Gibson:—

"Do not look for any sensational upward movement unless next Bureau indicates really heavy decrease in final field".

Messrs. Thofas Smith & Co. have received the follwing cable from their Liverpool friends:—

"Light to moderate rainfall in Oklahoma and Texas. Drought broken.

Private estimate:—

Japan Cotton Trading Co. condition 57.7 per cent. crop 14,897,000 bales.

Messrs. Khimji Poonja and Co., have received the following cables:—

Messrs. Hornby Hemelryk & Co.:

"Heavy rains North Texas affecting sentiment. Rather late do much good."

Messrs. Grunning & Co.:—

"Rains reported in Oklahoma. Weather conditions during the past week have been favourable in the Eastern Belt. Our opinion is that we shall see lower prices."

WHEAT CHICAGO MARKET.

Liverpool, Sept 5

Sept. per bushel Dols 1.32 up 1/8.
Dec. per bushel dols. 1.40 1/4 down 3/8.
Mar per bushel Dols. 1.46 down 1/4

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Sept. 5.

October	18.91—06.
December	19.23—16
January	19.25—16
March	19.43—19
May	19.53—15
Middling Spots	19.10—15

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Sept. 5.

October	18.83—19
December	19.12—20
Middling Spot	18.83—19

NEW YORK.

New York, Sept. 5.

New York 10.55 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time):—

October	18.92
January	19.29
March	19.52

New York 11.45 a.m.:—

October	19.01
January	19.37
March	19.59

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, Sept. 5.

Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports 36,000 bales.

Day's Exports to Great Britain 1,000 bales.

Day's Exports to the Continent 9,000 bales.

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Sept. 5.

Scinde, Fully Good	6.35—20
Scinde Fine	6.60—20
Scinde Superfine	6.85—20
Bengal Good	6.10—20
Bengal Fully Good	6.35—20
Bengal Fine	6.60—20
Oomra, Good	7.25—20
Oomra Fully Good	7.55—20
Oomra Fine	7.85—20
Broach, Fully Good	8.45—20
Broach Fine	8.70—20
Broach Superfine	8.95—20

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Sept. 5.

October	16.65—23
November	16.65—23
January	16.75—23
March	15.88—22
May	17.06—22
July	17.11—22
Sakellaridis FGF Spot	17.40—30

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, Sept. 5.

	Opening.	Closing.
September		10.09—17
October	10.10	10.09—17
November		10.06—19
Decefber		10.12—20
January	10.17	10.13—20
February		10.15—20
March	10.24	10.20—20
April		10,19—19
May	10.28	10.23—21
June	n	10.22—21
July	10.27	10.22—21
August		10.16—19
September		10.10—20
Middling Spot		10.45—21

LIVERPOOL WHEAT QUOTATIONS.

(Messrs. Thos. Smith & Co.)
Liverpool, Sept 5.

Oct. close at 9s. 8 3/4d.—1/4d.
Dec close at 10s. 3/8d.—1/8d.
Mar 3/4d.

LONDON SILVER

London, Sept. 5.

Silver:—Market is quiet.

Spot	24-1|8
Forward	24-3|16

LONDON GOLD.

London, Sept. 5.

Bar Gold, Fine, per oz. £4-4-11-1\|2.

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, Sept. 5.

Interest, Day to Day Loans 4-1|8 per cent.

Interest, 7 Days' Market Loans 4-1|2 per cent.

Bank Bills, 3 months 5-1|2 per cent.

Bank Bills, 6 months 6-1|4 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills, 3 months 6 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills, 6 months 6-5|8 per cent.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, Sept. 5.

T.T. Berlin on London	20.36-1|2
T.T. Amsterdam on London	12.09-3|4
T.T. Brussels on London	34.89
T.T. Madrid on London	32.91
T.T. Milan on London	92.71
T.T. Berne on London	25.19
T.T. Paris on London	123.87
T.T. London on Prague	163.75

WHEAT—LONDON MARKET.

London, Sept. 5.

Rozario Santa Fe, per 63 lb. Cargoes: Shipment Sellers Sept. 47|-.

Barletta Russo, per 53 lb. Cargoes: Shipment Sellers Sept.-Oct. 46|3.

Wheat, South Australian, Parcels: Afloat Value 48|-.

Wheat, Choice White, Karachi, Parcels:—

Shipment Nominal and Value Sept.-Oct. 49|-.

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET.

London, Sept. 5.

Java Sugar, Fine White, Dutch Standard, No. 25, C. & F. Calcutta:—

Oct.-Dec., per cwt. 12|2-1|4.
Jan.-Mar., per cwt., 12|5-1|4.

C. & F. Bombay:—

Oct.-Dec., per cwt., 12|3-1|2.

C. & F. Karachi:—

Oct.-Dec., per cwt., 12|4.

LONDON RUBBER

London, Sept. 5.

Smoked Sheet, Standard, Ribbed, lb. Spot Sellers 10-3|16d.

Bombay Cotton

—:o:—

Bombay, Sept. 6.

The New York futures having failed to register any big decline, the local market opened quiet but steady at Rs. 347|- for Broach A.-M. delivery. The Bureau report being ahead and the local market being closed to-morrow, there was small turnover of business and prices fluctuated within a narrow range of eight annas. Liverpool opening advices were quiet and the market closed at 5-30 p.m. sa under:—

Broach J./A.	...	346 12	0
Oomra D./J.	.....	311 12	0
Bengal D./J.	...	262 8	0

ROOM RATE

—:o:—

Bombay, Sept. 6.

Bengal 264 D-J
Broach 317 A-M
Oomra 312 D/J
Southern 324 A/S
Southern 324 Ready.

READY COTTON SALES.

—:o:—

Bombay, Sept 6.

100 Currimbhai Sujalpur 280
100 Finlay Mill Parbhani 285
100 G G Kesha Akola 282
100 G G Kesha Nagar 271
100 G G Kesha Arvi 300
100 A Damodar Kuradwadi 250
100 Japan T and Co Banusa 270
100 Japan T and Co Khamgaon 270
100 N Rajaram Bombay Press 245
100 Ralli Bros Bengal 213
100 Ralli Bros Bhavnagar 232
100 Nissho and Co Chandur 270

Saturday Ready and Forward Cotton market closed.

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, Sept. 5.

Cottonseed, Bombay, Ton:—
Shipment Sellers Dec.-Jan. £9-0-0.

Castorseed, Bombay, Ton:—
Shipment Sellers Sept.-Oct. £17-12-6.

Rapeseed, Toria, Ton:—
Shipment Sellers Sept.-Oct. £19-15-0.

COFFEE—NEW YORK MARKET

London, Sept. 5.
New York, Sept. 5.

Coffee, Fair Rio (No. 7, quality) Spot 16.

The Governor of Bombay and Lady Sykes gave a Garden Party at Government House Ganeshkhind on Thursday, in connection with the Body Guard Sports.

Liverpool, Sept. 6.

Messrs. Newall and Clayton have received the following cable from their Liverpool Head Office:

Sugar September 2.17 cents.
Sugar December 2.24 cents.
Wheat Sept. 1.32 1/2 Dols.
Wheat Dec. 1.41 1/4 Dols.

Messrs. Newall and Clayton have received the following cable from their Liverpool Head Office:

Easier on advantageous rain in West. .....

LINSEED.

London, Sept. 5.

Linseed, Calcutta, Ton:—
Shipment Sellers Sept.-Oct. £21-15-0.

Linseed, Calcutta, Ton:—
Shipment Sellers Oct.-Nov. £21-17-6.

Linseed, La Plata, C. I. F., Ton:—
Shipment Hull Sellers Sept.-Oct. £20-7-6.

Linseed, Bombay, Ton:—
Shipment Sellers Sept.-Oct. £21-2-6.

LINSEED OIL

London, Sept. 5.

Linseed Oil, naked, London, ewt.:—
Delivery Buyers Oct.-Dec. 37|4-1|2.

Linseed Oil, naked, London, ewt.:—
Delivery Paid Jan.-April 37|5-1|4.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Sept. 5.

Chartered Bank of I. A. & C. £20-1|4.

Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Register) £127.

National Bank £49-1|4.

Eastern Bank £6-3|4.

Funding Loan 4 per cent £84-3|8.

Conversion Loan £72-5|8.

Indian Loan 5-1|2 per cent £99.

Rupee Paper 3-1|2 per cent £49-1|2.

Indian Stock 3 per cent Sterling Loan £55.

Indian Stock 3-1|2 per cent Sterling Loan £64.

Consols £53-3|8.

War Loan 5 per cent £100-7|8.

Victory Bonds 4 per cent £91-1|2.

NEW YORK DEMAND BILLS.

New York, Sept. 5.

Demand Bills 484.25

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURN.

London, Sept. 5.

Total Bullion	£137,500,000
Public Deposits	£ 9,100,000
Other Deposits	£111,100,000
Government Securities	£ 75,800,000
Other Securities	£ 31,400,000
Notes and Coin	£ 31,300,000
Notes in Circulation	£366,200,000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities	26.04 per cent.

AMERICAN COTTON SITUATION

—:o:—

Not Easy to Market the Crop

UNSATISFACTORY OF TEXTILE INDUSTRY

Messrs. Newall and Clayton have issued the following report dated Liverpool 20th August:—

The continuation of the drought in Texas and showery conditions in the Eastern States has tended to increase nervousness regarding the crop outlook during the past week, and on balance prices show an advance of around a farthing per lb.

While sentiment generally is still bearish, based on the theory that the crop has not yet deteriorated to a greater extent than allowed for in the last Government Report, and that in view of the dilatory buying power of the trade and the dearness of money, there will not be sufficient offtake to the hedge selling against the approaching crop movement; bears have not sufficient confidence in the outlook to sell short freely, as at this time of the year unfavourable weather can quickly reverse the prospects of a good production. August and September Bureau estimates are not conclusive, and on the basis of past errors the out-turn this year could fall between fourteen and seventeen and a half million bales. Consequently it is not surprising that most operators prefer to sit on the fence until it can be seen that the crop is moving definitely forward or backward.

At present the crop outlook could change completely overnight. Good rains in the West would add several hundreds of thousands of bales to the prospective yield in Texas and Oklahoma, whilst on the other hand a prolongation of the drought and showary weather east of the Mississippi could result in a repetition of crop and market developments that characterised the season of 1923. In that year the heavy damage to the crop only became apparent in September but once it was realised prices advanced rapidly several pence per lb.

The crop has unquestionably deteriorated considrably during the past week, especially in Texas where the plants are reported to be shedding badly owing to the lack of moisture and high temperatures. In the Central States conditions have been mainly favourable, but in the East showery weather has predominated and increased damage from weevils is expected.

Garside states that the crop condition is now below the ten year average, and unless weather conditions improve his last crop estimate of just over 15 million bales will have to be revised downward. Even if rains fell in Texas, the effects of the drought and the presence of weevils in the Southern half of the Belt will prevent a run up in crop prospects counted on by those expecting a big out-turn.

Would mill activity has further decreased during the past week and is probably now at the seasonal turning point. As we estimated in our last review, the world probably consumed around 15 1/4 million bales of American Cotton last season, and it is now a matter of speculation as to whether such a quantity will be required this season. There are of course many factors to be considered the principal one being, naturally, the price. Obviously the world will consume considerably more American Cotton at 9d. per lb than at 1 per lb., as in previous seasons when American Cotton has been dear European and Asiatic spinners have spun considerably more outside growths in its place. Last season American spinners consumed around 6,800,000 bales of their domestic Cottons, but in view of the uncertain outlook for general business, owing to the tightness of credit, it is possible that American consumption this season may not equal this figure. It is also doubtful whether Europe will buy freely from America this season owing to the dear money rates prevailing, the unsatisfactory state of the textile industry in most countries and the disinclination of merchants to carry large stocks in excess of their forward commitments. Therefore, as far as can be forseen so early in the season, America will not find it easy to market her crop this year unless the supply promises to barely cover the world's prospective requirements of around 15 1/4 million bales. Of course, the position of the American farmer is strengthened by the action of the U. S. Federal Farm Board in undertaking to make advances to the Co-operative Associations to withhold Cotton from the market, and this will certainly be a stabilising influence in the event of a surplus from the current crop.

The market will continue dominated by the weather and crop reports. Rains in the Western States and warm dry weather in the Eastern Belt are now needed, and unless such conditions predominate during the next two or three weeks, an upward trend in prices will probably materialise.

QUOTATIONS OF LOCAL MILL CLOTH.

(Issued by the Hindustani Native Merchants' Association 342, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.)

Bombay, Sept. 6.

	Per lb. Rs. As Ps.
KHADI.	
Textile	0 12 0
Century	0 11 9
Jacob	0 11 6
Moon	0 12 0
LONG CLOTH.	
(full weight 34/40 In.)	
Century 91-1/2 92-1/2	1 0 0
Century 6404-8705	1 0 3
Fazul (Mahal)	1 0 6
Pahlad	0 15 6
Pabaney (Phoolmala)	0 15 9
Maneckji (Patangia)	0 15 3
Daud Sahib	0 15 3
Ganga Ghat	0 14 3
LONG CLOTH.	
(Light weight) No. 5202|5303.	Per lb.
Rachael Mill	1 0 9
David	1 0 6
Moon	1 0 6
Phoenix	1 0 6
Dinshaw (Gaumukh)	0 15 0
LONG CLOTH.	
X Quality.	
Swan Finlay	1 0 0
Gold Mohor	0 15 6
LONG CLOTH.	
Satin Calender 34-42 In.	
Textile (Hand)	0 15 0
Spring (Merchant)	0 15 0
Century (Bugle)	0 15 3
Apollo (Pyela)	0 15 0
Tata Mill (Darji)	0 15 3
Sakuntla	0 13 6
Manekji (Kunda)	0 14 3
Pehlad (Siwala)	0 15 6
Rachael	0 13 6
Dinshaw (Mahara ja)	0 15 3
Mahor	0 14 3
Moon	0 14 9
LEPAD.	
Spring	0 15 6
Textile	0 15 0
Century	0 15 0
DHOOTIES.	
7 8 9 Yards	
Spring (Blance)	1 1 0
Jacob	1 1 0
Century	1 1 0

Mun Mill	1 1 0
3732 Moon	1 1 0
3842 Mayer	1 1 0
DHOOTIES.	
10 Yards.	
Spring (balence)	1 0 0
Century	1 0 0
Jacob	1 0 0
Moon Mill	1 0 0
	Per Piece.
1386 Tata	2 11 0
GIN COLOURED.	
A 1515 Tulsidas	12 3 0
B 1515 Ratilal	12 12 0
MARKIN JAPAN.	
4488	12 6 0
8383	9 7 0
3810	10 9 0
Yards 120	20 4 0
9998	10 8 0
8015	9 6 0
9797	9 7 0
6300	10 8 0
44000	9 0 0
BLACK CHECK.	
5800 Sholapur	9 0 0
SALITA.	
Century	0 15 3
Spring Merchant	0 15 3
Dukdi yards 12-13-14—	
Kanta	1 2 3
Phoenix	1 3 0
Framji	1 1 9
DHOTI FITA CHRINA.	Yards 5 to 9
Chhawani	1 1 6
Simplex	1 0 3
	Yards 10
Chhawani	1 0 6
Simplex	1 0 3

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, Sept. 6.

F.P. Bales	1929-30	1928-29
Receipts to date 5-9-29	621000	428000
Receipts Yesterday 5-9-29	3600	21000
Exports to date 5-9-29	326000	391000
Stock at Ports 30-8-29	662000	474000
Stock at Interior Towns 30-8-29	194000	246000
Stock at Liverpool 30-8-29	809000	658000
Visible Supply 30-8-29	1611000	1807000
Quantity in Sight 30-8-29	659000	413000

Money Market

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Sept. 6.

B. C. Rate T T 1/5 25/32.
B. C. Rate D D 1/5 13/16.

LONDON.—
Banks Selling T T 1/5 13/16 Cash.
Banks Selling D D 1/5 13/16.
Banks Selling T T 1/5 27/32 15th Sept.
Banks Selling T T 1/6 Jan.
Banks Buying T T 1/5 7/8. Cash.
Banks Buying D D 1/5 15/16 Cash.
Banks Buying T T 1/5 7/8 Sept
Banks Buying 3 Mos 1/6 7/32 Mar
Banks Buying 3 Mos 1/6 1/4 Sept

NEW YORK.—
B C rate T T 278 1/2
Banks Selling T T 278 1/4
Banks Buying T T 277 1/4

PARIS —
Banks Selling D D 916
Banks Buying D D 931.
Banks Buying 3 Mos 940.

JAPAN.—
Banks Selling T T 129 1/2
Banks Buying 60 days 127 1/4

HONGKONG.—
Banks Selling D D 134 1/4

SHANGHAI —
Bank's Selling D D 160 1/4

SINGAPORE —
Banks Selling D D 156 1/4

JAVA.—
Banks Selling D D 89 7/8

CROSS RATE.—
New York/London 4.84 11/16 5th inst.
Shanghai/London 2/4 3/8 6th inst.
Japan/London 1/11 1/16 5th inst.
London/Paris 123.90 5th inst.
London/Belgium 34.885 5th inst.
London/Switzerland 25.185 5th inst
London/Italy 92.70 5th inst.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.

Gold £4/411 1/2 4th inst. £4/4/11 1/2 5th inst.

Silver London Ready £24/3/16 4th inst. £24 1/8 5th inst.

Silver London Forward £24 1/4 4th inst. £24 3/16 5th inst.

Silver New York Ready £52 1/2 4th inst. £52 3/8 5th inst.

London Discounts 3 Mos. 5 1/2 per cent. 4th inst. 5 1/2 per cent. 5th inst.

London Discounts 6 Mos. 6 1/4 per cent. 4th inst. 6 1/4 per cent 5th ist.

Imperial Bank Rate 5 per cent. Bank of England Rate 5 1/2 per cent.

Money:—Inter Bank Call 1 1/2 per cent Nominal. 3 Mos. 3 per cent. 6 Mos. 4 per cent 12 Mos. 4 1/2 per cent.

Tone:—Easy.

"Tone of Silver"—Quiet. No special feature. Small business.

—:o:—

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Bombay, Sept. 6.

3-1|2 per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 68/8

4 per cent Conversion Loan due 1931/36 Rs. 91/4.

4 per cent Loan due 1934-37 Rs. 90/13

4 per cent Loan due 1960-70 Rs. 78.

4-1|2 per cent Bonds due 1934 Rs. 96|2.

4-1|2 per cent Loan due 1958-60 Rs. 90/2

5 per cent War Loan due 1928-47 Rs. 96/4

5 per cent Loan due 1935 Rs. 98.

5 per cent Loan 1939-44 Rs. 96-5.

5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1933 Rs. 100/14.

5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1945-55 Rs. 101-1

5 per cent War Bonds (Tax Free) due 1930 Rs. 101/1

5 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1931 Rs. 102/4

5 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1932 Rs. 103/6

6-1|2 per cent B'bay Devp. Loan (Tax Free) due 1935 Rs. 107.

4 per cent Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 76/8.

4 per cent Municipal due 1974 Rs. 76/8.

4 per cent Improvement Trust due 1974 Rs. 76/8.

5 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1954 Rs. 105.

5 per cent Municipal due 1929/49 Rs. 100.

Forward Rates:—16th September settlement 3-1/2 per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 68/7 5 per cent. 1945-55 Rs. 102/0/0.

Tone of Market:—Dull.

LONDON DISCOUNT

—:o:—

Bombay, Sept. 6.

3 months Discounts 5 1/2 per cent.

6 months Discount 6 1/4 per cent.

Bank of England rate 5-1|2 p.c.

Call Money 1 1/2 per cent.

1 month 2 per cent.

Three Months 2-1/2 per cent.

Six months 4 per cent.

Twelve months 4 1/4 per cent.

Tone of Money market:— Easy

Imperial Bank of India Rate 5 per cent.

BULLION

—:o:—

(Bombay Bullion Brokers' Assn.)

SILVER.

Bombay, Sept. 6.

London Ready	...	24	2 0
London Forward		24	3 0
China Opening	...	2	4 5
China Closing	...	2	4 4
American	.....	52	2 0
Ready	.....	55	0 0
Bhadra Opening		55	1 6
Bhadra Closing		54	15 0
Asho Opening	...	55	0 6
Asho Closing	...	55	14 0
Tejimandi:—			
Bhadra	.....	0	6 0
Asho	.....	0	12 0

GOLD.

Bombay, Sept. 6.

Ready	.....	21	7 0
Bhadra	.....	21	7 6
Asho	.....	21	7 6
N. City	.....	21	10 6
N. Manordas	.....	21	10 0

SUGAR MARKET REPORT

Bombay, Sept. 6.

Our market has ruled quiet today and prices both Ready and Forward are nearly unaltered. Our market will remain entirely (both Kanta and Soda) closed tomorrow being "Ganes Chaturthi" and "Savantsari" Holidays.

The following are the closing quotations ruling the bazar today:—

Fine White Java Sugar:—
Ready Rs. 13/2/6 per cwt.
Transhipment Rs. 8 per cwt. F.B.H.
Shipment August Rs. 7/14 per cwt. F.B.H.
Shipment September Rs. 7/14/6 per cwt. F.B.H.
Shipment Oct.-Dec. Rs. 8/0/6. per cwt. F.B.H.
Shipment Jan-March Rs. 8/3 per cwt. F.B.H.
Tone:—Quiet.

THE SEEDS TRADERS ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, Sept. 6.

Castorseeds May delivery: Opening Rs. 50/5; highest Rs. 50/14; lowest Rs. 50/4/6; closing Rs. 50/12.

Groundnut Seeds February Delivery: Opening Rs. 56/9; highest Rs. 57/3; closing Rs. 57.

This exchange will remain closed on the 7th instant being a public holiday.

OILS & CAKES.

(The Tata Oil Mills Co., Ltd.)
Bombay, Sept. 6.
Ex-Godown, Bombay.

Filtered Cocoanut Oil Ready Rs. 541 per ton.

Filtered Mowra Oil Ready Rs. 565 per ton.

Cocoanut Cake Ready Rs. 144 per ton.

LIVERPOOL COTTON SALES.

Liverpool, Sept. 5.

Sales at Liverpool	7,000 bales.
Sales on Speculation	100 bales.
Sales of East Indian Cotton	500 bales.

NEW INDIA
ASSURANCE Co., Ltd.

Capital Authorised	Rs.	5,00,00,000
" Subscribed	"	3,5,05,275
" Paid-up	"	71,21,055
TOTAL FUNDS	"	1,27,80,246

Insure now, before you suffer loss.

Fire, Life, Marine, Burglary, Motor Car.

Personal Accident, All Risks (Jewellery) Etc., Etc.

Call at the Office,
Central Bank Building,
Esplanade Road:
General Manager R. J. DUFF

FOR YOUR SHOWROOM
use
Celluloid Interchangeable
PRICE TICKETS.
Ask for Particulars.
Sole Agents:
MURTY & CO., Bombay 12.

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CLASSIFIED ADVTS.

Fill up your WANTS here on payment of

ONE

For First Twenty Words

AND

ONE ANNA

For each additional word.

Terms :—CASH with order

INSTRUCTIONS.

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words "Apply Box No. —Advertisement Department, 'Bombay Chronicle,'" to be paid for.

Answers to Advertisements should be addressed as follows:—Box Number—Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle," Office, Bombay

Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A GRADUATE TEACHER, strong in English for private Tuition. Subject English only. Apply to HARIRAM KHIARAM, 59, Nagdevi Street.
A R1870

WANTED.—An AUDIT CLERK, Marathi knowing essential. G. D. A. preferred. Apply stating qualifications, experience and salary expected to Box No. 2350, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R1866

QUALIFIED EXPERIENCED HANDS, either sex, seeking employment in any capacity, please communicate with EASTERN SERVICE AGENCY, Wakefield House, Sprott Road, Ballard Estate.
A R1869

WANTED.—An ARTIST, who can draw good sketches and cartoons. We shall supply more work from the city in addition to our own. For further particulars please correspond with EDITOR, "Riyasat," Delhi.
A R1868

WANTED—A GRADUATE, strong in Sanskrit and Gujarati to fill in a temporary vacancy in the N. G. Jhaveri, Jain High School, conducted by the Sarvajanik Education Society, Surat. Salary Rs. 60-65 p.m. Apply to the HEAD MASTER, stating qualifications and experience if any.
A 32802

WANTED.—Applications are invited for the post of a Telephone LINESMAN on Rs. 35-3/2-50 with Rs. 5 as cycle allowance. Only those with previous experience in the line should apply to the undersigned before 20th Sept. 1929 with copies of testimonials, if any. (Sd.) B. B. MALIA, Municipal Engineer, Surat Borough Municipality, P. W. D. Office, 5th September, 1929.
A 32805

WANTED.—A 1st class experienced and qualified ENGINEER, who can take charge of Anglo-American Oil Press, Cage Press and Oil Expeller. Preference will be given who are experienced in Oil Mills. Apply with copies of testimonials stating minimum salary acceptable to the undersigned.
HEM RAJ
Managing Proprietor for The New Premier Oil Mills.
A 32804

WANTED.

MALABATI TEA CO. LD., wants PROVINCIAL ORGANISERS in each province and Native States of India, to organise the sale of "Malabati Tea" (leaf) by appointing some supervisors under them. The candidate will be paid Rs. 200|- and Rs. 60|- as T. A. per month; but he must be a registered share holder of the company by investing Rs. 500|- in the preference shares. The said amount is to be paid as soon as selected.
Apply to:—
INDIAN PLANTERS' UNION,
Mercantile Buildings, CALCUTTA.

WANTED

Applications are invited for the post of permanent DISTRICT INSPECTORS under the BRITANIA TEA CO. LTD., to organise agencies for sale of "BRITANIA TEA" (loose or packed by the company) starting salary Rs. 130-25-300., plus bonus. Candidates if selected, will have to qualify themselves by purchasing shares of the Company worth Rs. 130|- and the full amount is to be paid after selection. Applications with copies of testimonials should be forwarded to the Calcutta Office of the Company: BRITANIA TEA CO., LTD., 25 B, Swallow Lane, Calcutta.

MATRIMONIAL

REQUIRED a TELEGU BRAHMAN for a Telegu Brahman virgin widow, aged 20 years, fair coloured well versed in house hold affairs, educated upto middle in Telegu and Hindi. Apply with photos stating age income etc., JWALA PERSHAD HONY. SECRETARY, Widows. Home Darya Ganj Delhi.
R1865

WANTED HINDUS OF BOTH SEXES desiring suitable matches in ordinary, inter-sect, inter-caste and inter-provincial marriages and widow remarriages. Apply BOMBAY MARRIAGE BUREAU, POST-BOX 874 BOMBAY, with anna stamp for prospectus.
M 32779

EDUCATIONAL.

FOR Rapid and thorough training in Shorthand, Typewriting, Book-keeping and Accountancy join immediately the POPULAR SHORTHAND and TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, Darya Mahal (Saraswati Building) opp. Thakkar Bros. near Bhuleshwar Fire Brigade, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay, Principal B. B. RELE, B.A., LL.B., Concession given to the Poor and the unemployed. Special arrangements for LADY STUDENTS, Special Shorthand Speed Class for advanced students.
M W. S.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

VALUABLE PLOT OF LAND FOR SALE. A nice plot fit for Building opposite Bhanburbe Station Survey No. 8, Bombay Road Naka near Road Level, Poona, for sale, very moderate price. Offers should be sent upto 10th Sept. 1929. For particulars write to Box No. 2347, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
N R1860

BOOKS.

HOW TO BECOME AN EDITOR: —THEN READ A PRIMER ON JOURNALISM' a most valuable books on the subject. Those who have a craving for writing to the press should have a copy. It has been highly appreciated by the press and the public. This is the only standard book on Journalism. Price Re. 1-8. S. K. CHELLIAH, Secunderabad. Deccan.
L 8261

MOTOR AND ACCESSORIES

DON'T BUY NEW TYRES, old tyres will give you 50,000 Miles without Single Puncture by Using "Patent All Metal Tyre Protectors." MFG. SYNDICATE, Near Wooden Bridge, Lamington Road, Bombay.
JA 1837

FOR SALE—1 TON FORD, Canadian Steel body, excellent as Delivery Van for progressive firm. Apply Box No. 2349, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle".
J. A R1863

PROFESSIONS.

PATH TO HAPPINESS peace and prosperity. The shortest and the quickest route. Cost four anna stamps (Post free). Apply to N. PURUSHOTTAM, Fortune-teller, Empire Bldg., Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

AS A MARK OF GRATITUDE, I announce that I have been cured of unsightly red patches under the skin of my right hand of thirteen months' duration, by Dr. C. K. Chan (M.D., Hom; F.C.P.S. (Call), of Clinique De Chine, 14th Street, Foras Road, Bombay 8, within three weeks. I had previously tried my medicines and treatments without any relief; hence I publish these facts that many may benefit by his treatment should any case have proved hopeless. A. F. DIXON, Marine Engineer, Foras Road, Bombay.

LOAN.

18000 RUPEES LOANS without interest for 10 years granted. New applicants' enlistment continued as per concession rate till 28th October, 1929. Next date for granting loan fixed 31st October 1929. Ask list of loans distributed and rules. Agents wanted. THE BANKING & INDUSTRIAL SYNDICATE, LTD., Bombay 2.
L 32711

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCEMENTS, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates :—

	Per Column. inch per Insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittance in advance and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified short advertisement columns

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

THE BANK will be CLOSED on FRIDAY, the 13th instant, that day being a Public Holiday (KHORDAD SAL), under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

J. G. RIDLAND,
Secretary and Treasurer.
Bombay, 3rd September, 1929.
32795

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

POONA SEASON.

A WEEK-END EXPRESS TRAIN conveying 1st, 2nd and 3rd Class passengers with Dining Saloon is run between Bombay and Poona, stopping at all the stations shown below:—

(On FRIDAYS only.)

Victoria Terminus	Dep.	18-30
Byculla	Dep.	18-40
Kalyan	Dep.	19-22
Karjat	Dep.	20-05
Khandala	Dep.	21-06
Lonavla	Dep.	21-16
Kirkee	Dep.	22-13
Poona	Arr.	22-25

(On SUNDAYS only.)

Poona	Dep.	19-30
Kirkee	Dep.	19-40
Lonavla	Dep.	20-39
Khandala	Dep.	20-52
Karjat	Dep.	21-37
Kalyan	Dep.	22-19
Dadar	Dep.	22-58
Byculla	Dep.	23-07
Victoria Terminus	Arr.	23-20

N.B.—FRIDAY, 13th September, being a Public Holiday, the Train will leave Victoria Terminus on THURSDAY, the 12th, instead of Friday, the 13th September. The corresponding train will leave Poona on Sunday, the 15th, as usual.

H. G. KEILY,
Chief Transportation Superintendent.
Bombay, 7th September, 1929.
32799

NOTICE.

IN VIEW of the congestion caused last year, during the Mount Mary Feast at Bandra, owing to Taxis and private Motor Cars being parked on the open space in front of the Church; the following Traffic instructions during the Mount Mary Feast from 8th to 15th September, 1929, are issued for the guidance of the Public.

I. Taxis, Private Motor Cars and Horse, Carriages will approach by Hill Road and proceed up to Mount Mary Church to put down or pick up passengers. No Vehicles will be allowed to park on the open space in front of the Church. All Motor Vehicles will continue in the same direction without turning round, via Cane Road, and will be parked on the Sea front near Bandra Point. To return to the Church again, they will be brought round via Chimbai Corner and Hill Road and again approach the Church in same direction as before and continue via Cane Road, as above mentioned. Horse carriages will be allowed to turn round opposite the Church and pass behind the Cross, and return by the same route, i.e., via Hill Road and not by Cane Road, and will then turn to the left into Pereira Road.

II. The owners of Private Motor Cars are requested to bring their drivers to take the Cars to the down the Hill to Bandra Point, and bring them round again.

(Sd.) J. R. GREGORY,
District Superintendent of Police,
Bombay Suburban District,
BANDRA.
5-9-1929.

TENDERS

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY,

TENDERS FOR THE SUPPLY OF AXLE BOXES CAST STEEL FOR RAILWAY ROLLING STOCK.

THE AGENT, G. I. P. Railway, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, invites Tenders for the supply of the abovementioned material.

2. The prescribed form of tender, with drawing and conditions on which tenders will be received, can be obtained from the Railway's Controller of Stores at Parel, Bombay, on payment of Rs. 3 per form, which amount will not be returned. Tenders must be submitted on the prescribed form, and the envelopes enclosing them must be sealed and endorsed "Tenders for the supply of Axle Boxes Cast Steel for Railway Rolling Stock". Tenders not complying with these conditions will not be considered.

3. Additional copies of the tender form without drawing may be obtained if required at a cost of Rs. 2 per copy.

4. Tenders will be received at the Agent's Office up to 3 p.m. (S. T.) on WEDNESDAY, the 16th October 1929.

5. The result of the tenders will be notified in the "Indian Trade Journal".

D. S. BURN,
Agent, G. I. P. Railway.
4th September 1929.
32807

NOTICE TO BUILDING CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS ARE HEREBY INVITED from recognised contractors only by the TRUSTEES OF THE BAI HIRABAI TATA MEMORIAL FUND for the erection of buildings at Bandra

Form of tender, contract, specifications of works and plans are open to the inspection of approved contractors at the Office of the undersigned on week days between 12 (noon) to 1 p.m. and 3 to 5 p.m. from 9th to 16th September.

Copies of tenders available to approved contractors only on payment of a fee of Rs. 15 per copy.

The tenders will be accepted on 20th September before 12 noon (S. T.).

The Trustees will reject or refuse to consider any tender without assigning any reasons.

(Sd.) DARA N. MIRZA,
L.R.I.B.A.,
Chartered Architect.
Bombay House.
Bruce Street, Fort.
32784

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions, beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of BHIMJI TOPAN, late of Bombay, Bhatia Hindu Inhabitant, occupation nil, residing at the time of his death at Mandvi, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Deceased.

CURSONDAS BHIMJI TOPAN, of Bombay. Bhatia Hindu Inhabitant, Merchant, the only heir and son of the abovenamed deceased, residing at Ghatkopar, Bombay Suburban District .... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir NORMAN WRIGHT KEMP, Knight, Ag. Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this Twenty-ninth day of August in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and twenty-nine, and in the Twentieth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary and
Senior Master.
Ed. FAHEY.

The 29th day of August, 1929.
Messrs. FERREIRA & VALLABHDAS,
Attorneys for Petitioner.
32811

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1625 of 1929.

(1) HARISCHANDRA MUNGESH SANJGIRI, (2) NARAYANRAO ANANDRAO TALPADE and (3) ANANDRAO V. DESAI, all of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitants, Plaintiffs Nos. 1 and 3 residing at Girgaum, without the Fort of Bombay, and Plaintiff No. 2 residing at Dadar, some of the legatees mentioned in the Will of Walter Stewart Rogers, dated 27th day of October, 1921, on behalf of themselves and other legatees mentioned in the said Will ..... Plaintiffs.

vs.

FREDERICK EDWIN FRANCIS, of Bombay, European Inhabitant, a Manager of Messrs. Macmillan and Co., residing at Hornby Road, within the Fort of Bombay, the proving Executor in India of the Will of the deceased Walter Stewart Rogers ..... Defendant.

To,
The Legatees under the Will of the late Walter Stewart Rogers.

Sirs,

PURSUANT to the Order made by His Lordship the Honourable Mr. Justice Blackwell on the 21st day of August, 1929, Notice is hereby given under Order 1, Rule 8, of the Code of Civil Procedure, that this suit has been filed in this Honourable Court by the abovenamed Plaintiffs on behalf of themselves and other Legatees mentioned in the said Will of the deceased Walter Stewart Rogers for following reliefs:—

The Plaintiffs pray:—

(a) That the estate of the deceased Walter Stewart Rogers may be administered by and under the directions of this Honourable Court.

(b) That the legacies bequeathed by the said Walter Stewart Rogers may be ordered to be paid or they may be secured.

(c) That for the purposes aforesaid all such accounts be taken directions given and inquiries made as to this Honourable Court may seem fit and proper.

(d) That the defendant be decreed to account for the assets of the said deceased come to his hands on the footing of wilful default and to make good all sums of money or assets lost to the estate of the said deceased by reason of his wrongful conduct.

(e) That pending the hearing and final disposal of this suit a Receiver may be appointed of the estate of the deceased Walter Stewart Rogers, with all the powers under Order XL, Rule 1, of the Civil Procedure Code.

(f) That pending the hearing and final disposal of this suit the Defendant may be restrained by an Order and injunction of this Honourable Court, from alienating the assets of the deceased Walter Stewart Rogers.

(g) That the Plaintiffs may be granted such further and other reliefs as the nature of the case may require.

(h) That the costs of the Plaintiffs may be provided for.

AND TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that the 18th day of September, 1929, has been fixed for the hearing and final disposal of the above suit.

Dated this 6th day of September, 1929.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary and
Senior Master.
E. FAHEY.

The 6th day of September, 1929.

Messrs. DABHOLKER & JESHTARAM,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
32809

Cataract

Sure and harmless. Cure without operation. No matter what medicines have failed to remove the cataract. Sure and speedy cure without relapse. Particulars free.

S. Sherwan, Ballabhanga, (Faridpur.)

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

Re: Estate of Kuverrai Pragji Desai ..... Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons claiming debts or liabilities affecting the estate of the abovenamed Kuverrai Pragji Desai, who died at Bombay on or about the 20th day of April, 1927 and Probate of whose Will thereto was granted on the 14th day of August, 1928, by the District Court of Surat to Messrs. Nanalal Lallubhai Desai and Manilal Ichharam Desai are hereby required to send in their claims to the said executors at the office of Messrs. Ramanlal and Himatlal their attorneys at 373, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, within one calendar month from the date hereof at the expiration of which time the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets to the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have noted.

Dated this 6th day of September, 1929.

RAMANLAL HIMATLAL,
Attorneys for the Executors.
32812

AUCTION SALE.

GANDHI & CO.

—:o:—

SALE WILL TAKE PLACE AT KURLA.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY SITUATE AT HALL ROAD, KURLA.

Messrs. Gandhi & Co., Auctioneers will under instructions from Messrs. Shah & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagee and on account and at the risk of Kaderbhai Dosaji the mortgagor and in pursuance of the power of sale contained in the Indenture of Mortgage dated the 17th day of June 1924 and made between the said Kaderbhai Dossaji of the one part and the said Mortgagee of the other part sell by Public Auction the undermentioned immoveable property on MONDAY, the 9th September 1929 at 4-30 P.M (S.T.) on the premises.

All that piece of land together with dwelling house standing thereon on the Southern side of the Hall Road in the New Mill Ward situate at Kurla and in the Registration Sub-District Bandra in District Bombay Suburban Taluka South Salsette admeasuring two Gunthas or thereabouts and bearing original Survey No. 112. Revision Survey No. 182, Hisa No. 5, Old Entry No. 1815 (C) and Municipal No. 351 (C) New Mill Ward and now assessed under New House No. 8 and 9 and assessed at annas three and pies eleven payable to the Khot.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, please apply to Messrs. Shah & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagee or to the undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. MENESSE & CO. will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 11th September, 1929, at 3 P.M. at the premises the materials for removal of the following buildings:—

Building St. No. 1059: Case No. 110: Sewree Cross Road, near Post Office.

Building St. No. 947: 529-535: 35: Case No. 272: 31: 318: Chinch Bunder Road, Chunam Kiln Street: Hussenkhan Khalifa Street.

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE

Messrs. BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTIES AT DADAR (PARSEE COLONY) AND LONAVLA.

Pursuant to the power of sale contained in the Indenture of Mortgage dated the 11th March, 1927, and under instructions from Mr. S. C. Petit, the Mortgagee and on account and at the risk of Mr. Sorabji Cursetji Wadia, the Mortgagor, Messrs. BENNETT & Co will on THURSDAY, the 19th instant at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises:—

Lot No. 1.—All that piece of land together with the building standing thereon situate on plot No. 635 of Dadar Matunga Estate, admeasuring about 1929 sq. yards, bearing New Survey No. 1109 part, Cadastral Survey No. 643/10, Matunga Division and assessed by the Municipality under "F" Ward No. 6836 (18) Street No. 103 Q. and bounded on the North-East by a road 40 feet in width, on the South-East by Plot No. 636 of the said Estate agreed to be leased to the Zoroastrian Building Society on the South-West partly by Plot No. 637 of the said Estate agreed to be leased to the said ..... Society and partly by plot No. 613 of the said Estate agreed to be leased to the said ..... Society and on the North-West by a Road 60 feet in width.

On FRIDAY, the 20th instant at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) at their Rooms:—

LOT NO. 2.—All that piece of land together with the messuage, tenements, buildings or two bungalows standing thereon and known as Wadia House and Woodside Cottage, situate in the village of Lanovla, sub-district of Mawal, admeasuring about 4,800 sq. yards, forming a portion of the plot of land bearing Revision Survey No. 108, Entry No. 126 and admeasuring 5 acres 30 gunthas and assessed at Rs. 2 and bounded on the East by the road to Sakar Pathar, on the North by Government land forming Lanovla wood, and on the South and West by the property of M. M. Murzban.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. MERWANJI KOLA & CO., Attorneys for the Mortgagee or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF BHANG AND GANJA BUSINESS AND LEATHER TANNERY BUSINESS.

Under instructions from N. H. Moos, Esqr., the Receiver appointed in Suit No. 466 of 1929 (Abdul Karim Fakirmahomed vs. Bai Bibibai and others) and pursuant to the directions given under the Court's Order dated the 12th July 1929, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on MONDAY, the 16th instant at 5 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at their Rooms:—

LOT NO. 1.—Bhang and Ganja business carried on at Ahmednagar in the name of Abdul Kadar Fakirmahomed.

LOT NO. 2.—Outstanding of Bhang and Ganja business at Ahmednagar.

On TUESDAY, the 17th instant at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises at Kurla:—

LOT NO. 3.—Leather Tannery business carried on at Kurla in the name of Abdul Karim Fakir Mahomed.

At 5 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises at Kurla:—

LOT NO. 4.—2 lots of outstandings of Leather Tannery business at Kurla due to the estate.

At 5-15 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises at Kurla:—

LOT NO. 5.—Motor car, horse and carriage and bullocks and carts.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Rustamji and Ginwalla, Attorneys for the Receiver or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

SHIPPING.

P.&O. British India

(Incorporated in England.)

MAIL & PASSENGERS SERVICE

P. & O. SAILINGS to PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES, (CALLING AT MALTA EVERY ALTERNATE WEEK).

Date.	Steamers.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1929			
7 Sept.	Rawalpindi..	ALL VESSELS	16,619
4 „	Narkunda x ..		16,572
21 „	Rajputana ..		16,618
28 „	Morea* ..		10,946
5 Oct.	Viceroy of India		19,648
12 „	Mantua* ..		10,946
19 „	Kaisar-i-Hind		11,518
26 „	Ranpura ..		16,601
2 Nov.	Razmak ..	WILL	10,602
9 „	Maloja x ..		20,837
16 „	Ranchi ..		16,650
23 „	Macedonia* ..		11,120
30 „	Morea ..		10,954
7 Dec.	Naldera x ..	NOW SAIL	16,088
14 „	Viceroy of India ..		19,649
21 „	Rawalpindi*		16,614
28 „	Kaisar-i-Hind	DIRECT	11,518
1930			
4 Jan.	Narkunda x .		16,572
11 „	Razmak ..		10,602
18 „	Rajputana* ..		16,568
25 „	Ranchi ..	FROM	16,650
1 Feb.	Mooltan x ..		20,847
8 „	Morea ..		10,954
15 „	Mantua* ..		10,946
22 „	Viceroy of India	BOMBAY	19,000
1 Mar.	Maloja x ..		20,837
8 „	Kaisar-i-Hind		11,518
15 „	Razmak@ ..	WITHOUT	10,602
22 „	Ranpura ..		16,601
29 „	Naldera x ..		16,088
5 Apr.	Ranchi ..		16,650
12 „	Rawalpindi*		16,619
17 „	Morea(Extra)	TRANS-SHIPMENT	10,946
19 „	Razmak ..		10,602
25 „	Malwa* ..		11,000
26 „	Narkunda* ..	AT	16,572
8 May.	Viceroy of India ..		19,648
10 „	Rajputana* ..	ADEN	16,568
17 „	Kaisar-i-Hind		11,518
24 „	Mooltan x ..		20,847
31 „	Macedonia ..		11,120

All sailings are subject to alteration without notice.

All passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

@ To Marseilles only.

*Through steamers from China have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

x Through steamers from Australia have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

SPECIAL OFF SEASON RETURN TICKETS.

FIRST and SECOND Saloon Return Tickets at Special Reduced Rates will be issued for any Mail steamer during the period, commencing from Bombay with the sailing of the S. S. "MACEDONIA" on the 31st May 1930 and terminating with the steamer due in Bombay on the 20th September 1930. The fares will be as follows:—

	1st Saloon.	2nd Saloon.
To London and back by Sea ..	£105	£75
To London and back via Marseilles including P. & O. Special Train across France in both directions ..	£120	£90
To Marseilles and back ..	£100	£72

The accommodation allotted will be the best available at time of application.

SINGLE BERTH CABINS.

There will be no extra charge for Single Berth Cabins between 1st June and 18th January.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

BOMBAY TO PORT SAID AND PLYMOUTH.

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT PORT SUDAN, MALTA, and/or TANGIER

Date about.	Steamers.	Tons.
1929		
29th Nov. ..	Dumana ..	8,427
19th Dec. ..	Domala ..	8,422
1930		
3rd Apr. ..	Dumana ..	8,427
24th „ ..	Domala ..	8,442

These two vessels are only one class ships. Fares as follows:—

	Single.	Return.
Bombay to Plymouth. A	£64	£112
B	£60	£105
C	£56	£98

SHIPPING.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA

O.S.K.Line

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN via SINGAPORE HONGKONG & SHANGHAI.

Steamers.	Arrival.	Departure.
Honolulu Maru ..	28th Aug.	7th Sept.
Ganges Maru ..	8th Sept.	18th „
Shinnoh Maru..	24th „	9th Oct.
Sumatra Maru ..	9th Oct.	23rd „
Chifuku Maru ..	25th Oct.	8th Nov.
Shunko Maru ..	8th Nov.	22nd „

For Particulars apply to:—
OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA,
Phone Nos. 22150 and 25473.
Telegrams "SHOSEN".
Box No. 355.

P. & O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

1929.			
13th Sept.	Maloja ..	Colombo and Australia.	
25th „	Kiderpore ..	Straits, China and Japan	
27th „	Macedonia*	Colombo, Straits China and Japan	
11th Oct.	Naldera ..	Australia.	
25th „	Rawalpindi.	Colombo, Straits China and Japan	
8th Nov.	Narkunda ..	Australia.	
22nd „	Rajputana..	Colombo, Straits China & Japan	
6th Dec.	Mooltan ..	Australia.	
20th „	Mantua ..	Colombo, Straits China & Japan	
1930			
3rd Jan.	Maloja ..	Colombo and Australia.	
17th „	Macedonia. .	Colombo Straits China & Japan	
31st „	Naldera ..	Colombo and Australia.	
14th Feb.	Rawalpindi..	Colombo, Straits China & Japan	
28th „	Narkunda ..	Colombo and Australia.	
28th Mar.	Mooltan ..	Colombo and Australia.	
25th April	Maloja ..	Colombo and Australia.	

* Cargo only.

HOLIDAY EXCURSION TICKETS TO AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

Holiday Excursion Return Tickets can be issued in the First Saloon only at the following fares from Bombay.

To Fremantle	£74
Adelaide	£76
Melbourne	£78
Sydney	£80
Brisbane	£82
Auckland or Wellington (N. Z.)	£100 via Sydney

Periods of availability 16 Weeks. Sailings approximately every month.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF, TUTICORIN, COLOMBO MADRAS, CALCUTTA AND RANGOON.

1929			
7th Sept.	Chakla ..	Karachi via P'Bunder. Dwarka & C' Mandvi	
9th „	Vita ..	Karachi via P'Okha & C. Mandvi	
11th „	Bankura ..	Busrah via Mangrole, Verawal Karachi&Persian Gulf Ports.	
11th „	Karagola ..	East & South Africa.	
13th Sept.	Vasna ..	Busrah via Karachi	

REDUCED FARES.

First Class return tickets to Mombasa available for three months are now issued by the East Africa Line of steamers. Return fare Rs. 500 only. Apply for particulars to the undersigned.

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Local passengers for Karachi can only proceed by Thurs.-Friday sailings when accommodation is not required for passengers ex the P. & O. Mail Steamer or through passengers to Busrah.

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage may be arranged with MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO., Ballard Road, Fort. BOMBAY.

SHIPPING

FOR SINGAPORE, CHINA & JAPAN.

Steamers.	Tons.	Arrive.	Leave.
Tamba Maru ..	5845	31 Aug.	12 Sept.
Atsuta Maru ..	8000	....	a 18Sept
aTokushimaMaru.	5976	16 Sept.	28 Sept.
Kashima Maru ..	10000	....	2 Oct.
Sado Maru ..	5898	30 Sept.	14 Oct.
Hakone Maru ..	10500	....	@16 „
*Tottori Maru ..	5973	16 Oct.	23 Oct.
Suwa Maru ..	10700	....	@30Oct.

* Do not carry passengers.
@ From Colombo.

FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Colombo	Arrive Marseille
Hakusan Maru ..	10400	19 Sept.	6 Oct.
Kitano Maru ..	8000	3 Oct.	20 „
Haruna Maru ..	10500	17 Oct.	3 Nov.

FROM ORIENT TO SAN FRANCISCO

Steamers.	Tons.	From Hongkong	From Kobe.
Asama Maru ..	22000	Maiden voyage	8 Oct.
Taiyo Maru ..	22000	16 Oct.	24 Oct.

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When the balance of an account reaches Rs. 10,000 the depositor may transfer the whole or any portion in multiples of Rs. 2,000 to a Special Savings Banks Deposit Account, subject to three months' notice of withdrawal.

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(ESTABLISHED 1880.)

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Subscribed Capital	100,000,000
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Fengtien	Newchwang	Shanghai
Hamburg	New York	Sydney
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CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened for approved customers on interest is allowed at the rate of two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interest is not less than Re. 1.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.

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T. WASHIO, Manager

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A. C. GRAY, Manager.

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1926	„ 391 „	1926	„ 106 „
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1928	„ 585 „	1928	„ 140 „

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WELLINGTON CINEMA

DHOBI TALAO

A Special Comedy Picture for the Festive PATETI WEEK ! The Funniest Comedy Team

WALLACE BEERY and RAYMOND HATTON

In their latest riot of fun and frolic

TO-NIGHT

"NOW WE'RE in the AIR"

THIS WEEK

A Sky-quake of fun and thrills—A Comedy of errors of mistaken identity.

THE PROGRAMME INCLUDES THE LATEST PATHE SUPER GAZETTE.

To-Night at: 3-25; 5-10; 7; 8-45 & 10-30 P. M. (S. T.)

MR. RUSTOMJI DORABJI

the Proprietor of the popular

West-End Cinema

(Lamington Road.)

Wishes all his Parsi Patrons and the whole Zoroastrian Community a

HAPPY NEW YEAR

A Special Magnificent Pateti Festive

PARSI PICTURE

TO-NIGHT THIS WEEK !

Foolish Wisdom

Produced by the Indian Cinema Film Magnates, the renowned Messrs

MADAN THEATRES LTD.

and produced on a gorgeously gigantic scale unparalleled in the annals of Indian Film industry by the most talented and popular dramatic artiste and director, Mr.

DADI SARKARI

who himself plays the stellar role of "Akkalmand Bevakoof!"

TO-NIGHT THIS WEEK !

A Mighty Magnificent, gloriously beautiful, charming

PARSI PICTURE of Parsi Social life of to-day

FOOLISH WISDOM

Do not miss it. Please note the timings :

Five Shows to-day at : 3; 5; 7; 9 & 11 p.m. (S.T.)

WEST-END CINEMA LAMINGTON ROAD

FOURTH WEEK

Of the Glorious Maharashtra Picture

Baji Deshpande

Produced by

Maharashtra Film Co. of Kolhapur

Featuring

SARDAR BALA SAHEB YADAV.

Commences To-day. This is

POSITIVELY THE LAST WEEK

as it is resolved to Screen

The Latest Imperial Masterpiece

Red Signal

Next Saturday the 14th inst.

AT

CINEMA MAJESTIC

GIRGAUM.

Steele Shines in Crook Drama ! You'll Doubt Your Senses—

Here's gasps and chills for you as the kid king of daredevils swing into action

BOB STEELE

Wonder athlete of the films in

"LIGHTNING SPEED"

A cub reporter crashing the gat-guarded gates of the underworld—Thrills—Laughs Romans—all in one thundering drama of hell-bent action !

THE GLOBE

SANDHURST ROAD.

DAILY Four SHOWS AT 5-15, 7, 8-45 AND 10-30 P. M.

Saturday, Sunday and Friday Matinees at 3-30 P. M.

See Bob defying danger Fast as forked lightin and laughing at death—Surprising as a bolt in his whirlwind drama from the blue Dizzy of the underworld ! with speed !

ALSO SHOWING

CHARLIE CHAPLIN

IN

"TRIPLE TROUBLE"

Comedy 2 Reels.

IMPERIAL CINEMA, LAMINGTON ROAD

Presents

TO-NIGHT AND DURING THIS WEEK.

KOHINOOR UNITED ARTISTS

Grand Social Production

"FLAMING-YOUTH"

Written by Mr. DAVE. Directed by Mr. NANDLAL

Featuring

Mr. THOMAS, Miss HIRA, Miss PANA Miss MARRY and other well-known stars of the Company.

Please Note.—This picture solves most important problems regarding Widow Marriages and you must not miss it.

DAILY (4) SHOWS At :—5, 7, 9 & 11 P.M. EXTRA SHOWS on Saturday, Sunday and Bank Holidays at 3 P.M.

To Serve Humanity at Large is to Serve God.

REMEMBER—Nadiad Hindu Anath Ashram.

On all occasions at your place. Help those who cannot help themselves.

Established 1908. Up till now 801 lives spared. Orphans at present 153. Daily expenses Rs. 85 to 90.

Forsaken Children received from all parts of India. Orphans rescued being fed, sheltered, taught, cared for and educated, coached up also in useful industries such as Printing, Carpentry, Tailoring, Carding, Spinning, Weaving, Painting, etc.

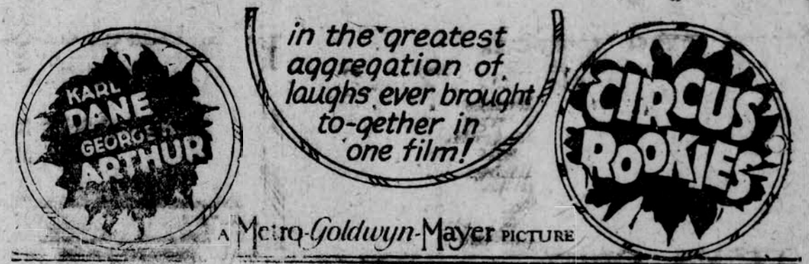
Will you not take a part in their Salvation? Please help the only institution for the Hindoos and write for full particulars to:—

HINDU ANATH ASHRAM, NADIAD.

THE CAPITOL

TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW

Four Shows at 4, 6-30, 8-15 & M


KARL DANE
GEORGE K. ARTHUR
in the greatest aggregation of laughs ever brought to-gether in one film!
CIRCUS ROOKIES
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer PICTURE

EXCELSIOR THEATRE

TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW

4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

THE LION

and

THE MOUSE

Featuring:

LIONEL BARRYMORE

and

MAY MCAVOY.

The Mouse called upon to free the Lion turns out to be the daughter of his enemy, Judge Rose! Here is a powerful picturization of one of the most gripping of dramatic successes!

HEAR THEM TALK!

SEE THEM ACT!

WARNER BROS.

EMPIRE THEATRE

TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW

6 and 10 p.m.

DOUBLE ATTRACTION EXTRAORDINARY!

The Wonderful Viennese Dancers

THE IMANOFF QUARTETTE

Direct from their phenomenal Success from the Winter Gardens.

The above artists will appear daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. shows.

IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE FOX GOLD MEDAL PICTURE

THE

SEVENTH HEAVEN

FEATURING

CHARLES FARRELL

and

JANET GAYNOR

A Picture that will stir the heart and imagination of the World.

CINEMA MATINEE

TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW

at 3-30 p.m.

Our

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Raval & Co.

12, Bank Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

UNIQUE ROMANCE

and

UNPARALLELED SELF-SACRIFICE

will be scrtened by Mr. YAJNIK

on behalf of YOUNG INDIA PICTURES

in

'Sorathi Samsher'

or

'NOBLESSE' OBLIGE

DON'T MISS 14TH SEPT.

in

WEST-END

Cinema, Lamington Road

Holbrook's Sauce

NO TABLE IS COMPLETE

WITHOUT

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A-SKIN-I

TROPICAL PILLS for LADIES

Formula of
Dr. JULES PLATEAU, PARIS, FRANCE.
ARE WOMAN'S SPECIAL AND BEST TONIC.

Extensively used and recommended by Eminent Physicians. If you suffer from inflamation, painful periods, bearing down pains, nervousness, hot flushes, poor complexion, discolourations, pains in the back or side, headaches, lack of appetite, or in low spirit, these Pills will act directly and naturally and they will strengthen those organs which at times need a tonic.

These pills do not interfere with any other medicine or treatment. They are composed of vegetables so harmless that their use may be prolonged for many months, even years. Before commencing the use of these Pills we recommend a mid laxative and that is "Tutocito" Laxative Pills.

SLIMOIDS FOR OBESITY CURES SLIMOIDS

ITS DANGERS

The digestive organs of those suffering from Obesity or over stoutness do not function properly. Instead of assimilating and coverting the natural fats into nourishing and vigour producing elements, superfluous fatty tissue is permitted to accumulate. This accumulation impedes the action of the various organs, causing loss of vim and energy, quickness and shortness of breath on the least exertion, palpita and other affections of the heart, headaches, constipation, foul breath, kidney troubles, and other disorders.

ITS INCONVENIENCE

In these days of tennis, golf, and other out-door sports, the over-stout are at a grave disadvantage.

At Dances too, the stout person cannot move with that ease and grace so fully enjoyed by those less fleshy.

And in many other ways during every day life, those suffering from Obesity, through their enforced in-activity, are unable to extract the full enjoyment of life.

ITS CURE
"SLIMOIDS"

"SLIMOIDS" are a combination of harmless ingredients scientificially prepared, and possessing properties unequalled for the speedy absorption of adipose tissue.

"SLIMOIDS" are convenient in form and pleasant to take. Rs. 1-12-0 per Bottle.

One should be taken after every meal and at bedtime, and should be followed by a draught of water.

Sole Distributors :—
The Trochipal Pharmaceutical Co., England.

Sold by all well-known Chemists OR Tel. Add. "THOUGHTS."

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TUNOCITO
Vegetable Laxative Pills.

Constipation causes the poisonous germs and bacteria of the bowels to be absorbed by the blood, causing

DEPRESSION — INDIGESTION
BILIOUSNESS — DYSPEPSIA
SICK HEADACHE — FLATULENCY, Etc.

TUNOCITO
Vegetable Laxative Pills

are a compound of rare medicinal herbs, roots, etc., which, taken as directed, produce a natural auction of the bowels, remove the poisons from the system, and so create vigour and vitality.

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Crawford Market, :: BOMBAY.

RELIEF
sure and quick

Whatever may be the ache or pain

Headache
Neuralgia
Rheumatism
Sciatica
Lumbago
Sprains
Strains
Sore Throat
Chest Cold

LITTLE'S ORIENTAL BALM

will give you immediate relief.

Proved best by actual use for over **44** years.

The price is small compared with the relief.

Free from animal fat.

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...test Wonderful Discovery for Unyielding

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Specific for Gonorrhoea

Gono-Killer

(REGISTERED.)

...the unique remedy of the day. If the English ...Native drugs have not cured the disease and ...accines and injections have failed—at least ...our GONO-KILLER as the last resource. ...old and chronic your disease may be ...LLER is useful in all Urinary DISEASES ...d females, in swelling of their private ...ONORRHOEA of any type, (all age and ...Pain, burning and pus in urine. Gleet, ...ritis, Prostatitis, Leucorrhoea, Seminal ...all other diseases due to Gonococcus

...l of 50 (fifty) Pills Rs. 3 (three) ...extra. For three phials V. P

...r:—**Dr. D. N. JASANI,** ...(Gulal Wadi) BOMBAY, 4 ...—GONO-KILLER, Bombay. ...M. THAKER, Princess St ...mi Road, Budhwar Peth.

...SES

WAIL OF IMPATIENT YOUTH

I Have No Stomach For This "Hand, Spun" War Cry

WORDS WON'T BRING SWARAJ, RETORTS MAHATMA

Mahatma Gandhi writes in "Young India":—

A correspondent has addressed me several posers for answers in 'Navajivan. One of these runs:

"The fateful 1st of January 1930 is approaching fast, but you are still harping on your incantatory formula of 'Khadi, Khadi, and again Khadi' and refuse to give any effective lead to the country. I for one have no stomach left for this 'hand-spun' warcry of yours, and I believe it has begun to bet on the nerves of the country too. Why not give a mandate to youthful leaders like Jawaharlal Nehru and Subhaschandra Bose to raise a force of one crore national volunteers who would be ready to lay down their lives for the sake of the country? Let the wearing of Khadi or in the alternative Swadeshi mill cloth be made a necessary condition for enrolment. Similarly you may promulgate whatever other conditions you think necessary for the enrolment, and give to Khadi the principal place among these. I do not mind that. The country is as impatient as ever to embark upon non-cooperation or civil disobedience only it lacks the proper lead. Simultaneously with this I would suggest that leaders like Vallabhbhai should be called upon to organise labour and peasantry, and you will find that they would rise up and stand together like one man to face the ordeal of fire without flinching, even as the brave cultivators of Bardoli did last year."

I am sorry to say that even if Khadi gets on one's nerves, as it is alleged by the correspondent to do, I have no other remedy to suggest in its place. I cannot conceive of Swaraj without Khadi, for the simple reason, that without it the lot of the peasantry is bound to remain precarious in India, and it constitutes more than eight tenths of her entire population.

THE PITY OF IT.

Nor is it true to say, that the country is utterly fed up with Khadi, and that Khadi has begun to get on the people's nerves. It may be so in the case of a handful of town dwellers of India, but they do not constitute India's city dwelling population in the midst of the teeming millions of her villages is as a drop in the ocean. The foundation of India's nationality is to be laid not in her towns but in her villages, and the only movement that is at present actively going on among India's villages is that of Khadi. It is daily expanding. It today provides a living tot at least 2,000 middle class young men, and enables over one lakh of poor women spinners to eke out a living. Similarly it is giving employment to over ten thousand weavers, and a host of washermen, dyers, carders, tailors etc. If in spite of all these beneficent results that Khadi has produced and is producing, it is as gall and wormwood to any, I can only pity them.

GRATUITOUS INSULT.

It is a gratuitous insult to Pandit Jawaharlal or Subhashchandra Bose to say that they are awaiting my permission or mandate to organise the youth of the country, and are being kept back for want of it. They are already doing the work of organisation to the best of their power and ability. They need no permission from me for doing their part. If they are true soldiers as I believe they are, I could not hold them back if I would. But the plain, painful fact of the matter is, that today not to talk of one crore volunteers, there are not ten thousand who are prepared completely to sacrifice themselves for duty's sake. I know that they can get ready in no timet if they wish, but the will to do is lacking. You cannot get Swaraj by mere speeches, shows, processions, etc. What is needed is solid, steady, constructive work; what the youth crave for and is fed on is only the former.

ZOROASTRIAN CO. OP. CREDIT BANK

SECOND YEAR'S PROGRESS

The second ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the Zoroastrian Co-operative Credit Bank Limited, was held at the Registered Office of the Bank, Sardar Building, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, on Friday last, when the President Sir Hormusjee C. Dinshaw, took the Chair.

The Chairman in moving the resolution to approve and adopt the Managing Committee's report and the audited statement of accounts for the period ended 31st March 1929 addressed the meeting. The report and the statement of accounts were adopted unanimously. The officers for the current year were then elected. The appointment of Mr. M. F. Captain as Secretary was also unanimously confirmed. The meeting then terminated with vote of thanks to the Chairman for his able conduct of the business.

PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS.

The following are extracts from the speech of the president:—

The report and audited statement of the affairs of our Bank have been in your hands now for some time. With your permission, therefore, I shall take them as read. In moving the adoption of the ...ort and accounts, I shall confine ...remarks within very narrow ... My first duty is to ex... on behalf of my colleagues ... behalf of you all our deepest ... regret for the sad and un... death of Mr. B. F. Madan, ... a member of our Com... which took place on the 19th ... On questions of finance, banking and particularly the most difficult question of exchange, —which last question he had made his own,—probably he had no superior and hardly an equal in all India. His industry and persistence in the handling of all subjects were great, and in the affairs of this Bank, his advice constituted a great asset, as he guided the Committee by his valuable opinion which was based always on a thorough and careful investigation of every relevant fact.

The Secretary has read before you the report of our Bank's honorary auditors. This deals mostly with details of a large number of discrepancies in the writing up of our books and shortage of cash. Naturally, you would expect an explanation of these items from the Committee and myself. As members of the Bank you are entitled to comment of this unfortunate feature of the past year's working. I earnestly request you, however, to exercise a little restraint and forbearance in discussing the matter. The Special Suspense Account which, as our balance-sheet shows, contains a fairly large item, represents the full amount of the shortages which the audit report discloses, and which the Bank has already obtained as a guarantee against any possible loss which, as the result of the discrepancies pointed out in the audit report; the Bank might have had to bear. Your Committee is still investigating into the details of the matter, and may have to take other proceedings, perhaps at law, to enforce discipline. It is in view of this contingency that I am asking you, if possible, to refrain from dealing with this item in any detail, excepting the assurance contained in the Committee's report that the financial loss to the Bank has been averted, which assurance I beg to repeat before you.

MANAGING COMMITTEE.

The following were elected members of the Managing Committee for the current year:—

Sir Hormusjee C. Dinshaw, (President); Mr. K. R. P. Shroff, (Vice-President); Mr. C. D. Mahaluxmiwalla; Mr. E. R. Hirjibehedin; Mr. H. R. Engineer; Dr. K. K. Dadachanjee, Mr. Kaikobad C. Dinshaw; Mr. Fakirje E. Bharucha; Mr. Pestonjee A. Wadia; Mr. D. M. Madan; Dr. S. M. Khambatta; Dr. Dadiba N. Saher; Mr. Pestonjee D. Panday.

RETURN TICKETS ON G. I. P. RY.

NOT TO BE ISSUED AT CONCESSION RATES

CAWNPORE, (By Mail).

At the third meeting of the G.I.P. Railway Local Advisory Committee, Cawnpore held on the 29th July last, the following subjects among others were discussed:—

Suggestion for the introduction of a system of return tickets at concession rates between any two stations:—The Chairman explained that this question had had very careful consideration, and it had definitely been decided not to issue return tickets at reduced fares.

The introduction of a system of equitable period of time for week-end return tickets:—The Chairman pointed out that the G.I.P. Railway rules regarding the issue of return tickets between any two stations on two single journey fares did actually allow a longer period of time for longer distance.—A. P.

GREAT MOGHUL MANUSCRIPT

One of the most famous Moghul Manuscripts— 'Anvar—I—Suhaily' (the Lights of Canopus) is in the possession of the British Museum in London, where it is one of its most treasured possessions.

Very few residents in India have had an opportunity of seeing this most priceless treasure, which illustrates the life of one of the most glorious periods in Indian history. This defect is shortly to be remedied by the publication of a volume containing facsimiles in size and colour of all the thirty six marvellous plates, accompanied by the story of the history of the book, its commissioner, and the artists who illustrated it, and an account of its fables, written by Mr. J. V. S. Wilkinson of the British Museum, whose hobby has been its study while it has been in his care.

The fact that the world famous art publishing house "The Studio" has undertaken this work ensures faithful reproductions, and a book which everyone may be proud to possess. It will be priced at the modest sum of 30/- and may be obtained direct from the Publishers, The Studio Ltd., 44 Leicester Square, London, or from any important bookseller.

The original volume has a binding in leather and gold, with a history nearly as famous as the work itself. For the benefit of collectors, who wish to possess a facsimile of this most famous binding, "The Studio" is producing an edition de luxe, which, in addition to a facsimile binding will contain hand made paper and a duplicate set of plates in a handsome leather portfolio, authenticated by Mr. Wilkinson's signature. Fifty-five copies of this edition are being produced, of which only fifty are for sale at the price of twenty guineas each.

5 ADVANTAGES OF RAWLPLUGS

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SYMBOL OF FRIENDSHIP
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A CURE FOR HEADACHE, NEURALGIA, SCROFULA & ETC: PRICE PER BOTTLE As
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PRICE LIST FREE ON REQUEST.

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LADIES LOVE FINE THINGS

Mrs. ANNA CHANDI, M.A. (HONS.)
EDITOR: THE "SREEMATHI" Kottayam.
Writes:
I used your LODHRA and found it a sovereign remedy for all menstrual troubles. Its sweet taste and free diet add to the pleasantness of using it.
Ask your chemist, or
KESARI KUTEERAM,
Indian Chemists and Druggists. EGMORE, MADRAS.

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PAIN BALM (Regd.)

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BOMBAY and MADRAS.

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DEALERS IN
STATIONERY—For Office and School use,
DRAWING & PAINTING MATERIALS—
For Artists, Art Students, Technical and Engineering College, etc.
SURVEYING & ENGINEERING INSTRUMENTS—
Levels, Theodolites, Prismatic Compasses, Staves and all other Drawing Office Articles and Instruments.
PRICE LIST FREE ON APPLICATION.

INDUSTRIAL HOME FOR WOMEN

Mahatma to Lay the Foundation To-day

Mahatma Gandhiji completes his sixtieth year this month. In this country where the average life of a man is very short, it is a rare occasion for a man to live upto the ripe age of 60 and be active and energetic in his manifold activities. Rarer still and all the more proud becomes the occasion if it happens to be a national leader of Mahatmaji's eminence. India rejoices to-day to have the proud privilege of celebrating the Diamond Jubilee of Mahatmaji and as a mark of its universal reverence for and confidence in him, the nation has again invited him to be at the helm of its affairs and guide its destinies from the Congress chair.

CELEBRATION BY BHAGINI SAMAJ.

The Bhagini Samaj has planned an elaborate programme to celebrate the Jubilee. The celebration is not going to end in a dry programme of speeches and huge meetings. The workers of the Samaj are straining their nerves to avail themselves of this unique occasion to give some permanent and more beneficent shape to the celebration. The Samaj has been serving the women folk of this city and Gujarat quite unostentatiously for the last twelve years and has a very commendable record to its credit. Besides the various training classes, reading rooms and useful publications undertaken, the Samaj also did praiseworthy work in other directions. In 1919 it celebrated Mahatmaji's Golden Jubilee and presented him with a purse of Rs. 24000/- In '21 it collected for the Tilak Swaraj Fund an amount of 12,000/- while brought to Sir Harkishondas Hospital Fund not less than Rs. 12501/. It is now extending the sphere of its work and activities by opening a Sewa Mandir at Ville Parle, to train up women for service on the line of the Servants of India Society, the foundation stone of which is being laid by Gandhiji himself to-day (Saturday) morning and by opening an Industrial Home for women to commemorate the Diamond Jubilee of Mahatmaji. Strenuous efforts are being made by prominent workers, amongst them being Mrs. Taraben Manecklal the energetic President, Lady Laxmibai, Mrs. Raiji and Hansaben Mehta, Mrs. Gokhale, Mrs. Shirur and Miss Lotwala to collect sufficient funds for the new venture to run efficiently and they expect a very liberal response from the philanthropic public of this Presidency.

LECTURE TO STUDENTS.

The Samaj is negotiating through Mrs. Jivraj Mehta with the Schools Committee to arrange a lecture on the life of Gandhiji to be delivered before the children of all Municipal Schools on the day. The members are also making brisk preparations for a variety concert to be given at the Opera House or some such place for the entertainment of our public. The President and the Secretaries earnestly request the public to join in the celebrations and help the Samaj in whatever other ways they can

Bombay Chronicle

SCHEDULE OF RATES FOR SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY EDITION

	Local Rs.	a.	Mofussil Rs.	a.
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Quarterly ..	6	4	7	8
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American Chemical Diamond Co., No. 3, Genl. Muthia Mudaly St., MADRAS

YOUR L... ING

Please write the ... and time of birth or the time of writing the letter. The future for one year will be intimated to you giving details for every month. Charge for one year Rs. 2; for five years Rs. 7-8-0. 5 questions about futurity Re. 1. V. P. charges As. 4.

"SWADESAMITRAN", Tamil Daily of Madras, writes:—This is the Astrologer who predicted the exact future.

GANDHI JOTHISHA NILAYAM, Tiruttani (Chittoor Dt.), Madras Presidency.

PRISONER'S BID FOR LIBERTY

LEAPS FROM MOVING TRAIN

POONA, Sept. 5.
(By Mail)

Dhaku Saidu, an under-trial prisoner, made good his escape while he was being escorted to Bijapur from Bombay, by the Bombay City Police. When the train reached Shelarwadi, a station between Poona and Bombay, Dhaku, who was heavily manacled and had also a leather thong tied round his feet, eluded the vigilance of the armed Guard and leapt out of the moving train. He was not missed till long afterwards and inquiries were immediately set on foot. Up to now, however, there is no trace of the man.—A. P.

IMPERIAL INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATIONS

COMPANY TO BEGIN OPERATIONS EARLY

LONDON, Sept. 6.

The Imperial International Communications Limited announce that they have completed the purchase of the Imperial cables and have taken up the lease of the beam wireless stations. It is anticipated that the Company will begin operation at an early date.—Reuter.

Latest Cotton Quotations

JANUARY.

NEW YORK.

	Sept. 6.
Previous Closing Rate	19.25
To-day's Opening Rate	19.32
Difference	+.07
To-day's Closing Rate	19.30
Difference	+.05

LIVERPOOL.

	Sept. 6.
Previous Closing Rate	10.13
To-day's Opening Rate	10.11
Difference	—.02
To-day's Closing Rate	10.16
Difference	+.03

LONDON SILVER MARKET

	London, Sept. 6.		
Silver Ready	24	0	0
Less	0	2	0
Silver Forward	24	1	0
Less	0	2	0

Tone of Market:—Quiet.

BOMBAY PRICES:

	Bombay, Sept. 6.		
1st Settlement	53	13	6
2nd Settlement	54	12	0

Bombay City & Suburbs

IMPERIAL BANK RATE.

The Imperial Bank of India rate of Interest on Demand Loans on Government Paper remains unchanged at five per cent.

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

The P. and O. Mail Steamer "Malwa" with the Mails from Bombay of 31st ultimo arrived at Aden at 2 a.m. on the 5th instant and left there at 6 a.m. the same day.

PARSI NEW YEAR GATHERING.

Under the auspices of the Rathestrar Mandal the Parsi New Year Gathering will be held at the Empress Cinema Theatre, Lamington Road to-morrow (Sunday) at 9-30 a.m., when Mr. B. S. Banaji, Miss Freny F. Bhesania and Mr. K. J. B. Wadia will deliver speeches. The work done at the Parsi Industrial School and at the work-class of Miss M. Petit will be displayed at the above gathering. There will be songs and music. Miss Navarbai D. Contractor will preside.

POSTAL NOTICES.

Superscribed unregistered Mails for Italy and Australia per S.S. "Aquilia" will be closed at the General Post Office at 9 a.m. on Wednesday, the 11th instant.

No Mails from Italy for India were received ex S.S. "Rajputana" which arrived here on Friday, the 6th September, 1929.

PATHARE PRABHU SOCIAL SAMAJ.

The 28th anniversary of the Samaj Library will be celebrated on the Ganesh Chaturthi Day to-day (Saturday) at 9 a.m. (S.T.) in the Prabhu Seminary Hall, Thakurdwar, when Mr. Harischandra Khanderao Kothare will preside.

HAPPY HOME FOR BLIND.

A public meeting in aid of the "Happy Home for the Blind," under the presidentship of Mahama Gandhi will come off to-day (Saturday) at 5 p.m. at Vanita Vishram gardens, Saudhurst Road.

DADAR SARVAJANIK VACHANALAYA.

The opening ceremony of the Public Hall at Dadar will be performed to-morrow (Sunday) at 8-30 a.m. by the Hon. Justice Mr. S. S. Patkar.

GANPATI FESTIVAL CELEBRATIONS.

AT GIRGAUM BACK ROAD:

By Young Men's Hindu Association. Pooja at 9 a.m., and Mr. K. M. Munshi's lecture on "Young Hindu" 6-30 p.m.

AT LOVE GROVE PUMPING ASSOCIATION: By the Y.M.C.A. (for Welfare Work for Municipal employees). Holy bath and prayers, 8 a.m.; indoor games 5 p.m., "Bhajan" 8-30 p.m.

AT MATUNGA: By Hindu Sabha. Procession 8-30 a.m.; inauguration 10-30 a.m.; poems recital 4 p.m.; pravachan 5 p.m.; music 10-30 p.m.

MUSLIM STUDENTS' UNION.

Under the auspices of the above Union Mr. K. Natarajan will deliver a public lecture on "Communal Movements" to-day (Saturday) at 6/30 p.m. in the Hall of the Union, Marina Mansion, Chowpatty Sea Face, when Mr. Faiz B. Tyabjee will preside.

A trip has been arranged for to-morrow (Sunday), to the Bandra fair. Members desirous of joining should meet in the Union Hall on that day at 3 p.m. Each member will bear his own expenses.

VADNAGAR NAGAR MANDAL.

The 21st annual gathering of the Vadnagar Nagar Mandal, Bombay, will be held at the Jinnah People's Hall to-day (Saturday) at 4 p.m.; when Professor Atiskhshanker K. Trivedi will preside.

Y. M. C. A. WELFARE WORK.

To-day (Saturday) at 3-30 p.m. the opening ceremony of the Boy Scouts Exhibition will be performed by Mr. A. F. Benson, at B.D.D. Chawl No. 89, Worli.

FREE NIGHT HIGH SCHOOL.

The above night High School will have its opening ceremony celebrated on 7th inst. at 5-30 p.m. in the premises of the Municipal A. V. School, Dongri, Imamwada Road, Bombay, Mr. D. G. Dalvi will preside.

SCHOOL OF ECONOMICS AND SOCIOLOGY.

There will be no lecture by Dr. N. A. Thoothi on "The Sex Problem in the Indian National Re-construction" to-day (Saturday) on account of the Ganapati holiday. The next lecture in the series by him will be delivered at the lecture hall of the School (University South Wing, First Floor) on Saturday (the 14th instant) at 6 p.m. (S.T.)

BOMBAY STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Students' Brotherhood Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar will deliver a public lecture on "The Need for Compulsory Physical Training of School and College Boys" at the Brotherhood Hall to-day (Saturday) at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.) when Mr. Mirza Ali Mohammed Khan, Vice-Chancellor will preside. The meeting is open to the public.

RASHTRIYA STREE SABHA

GANESHOTSAV CELEBRATION

Under the auspices of the Rashtriya Stree Sabha the Ganeshotsav will be celebrated to-morrow (Sunday) at 8 a.m. (S.T.) sharp at Matunga (G.I.P.) in the School of the Kumar Vinay Mandir, when Sjt. Donde, he Principal of the Gokhale Educational Society of Parel Centre, will address the gathering. There will be dialogue and music by the students. Clothes and sweets will be distributed to the students. Shrimati Sarojini Naidu will preside. All members, friends and sympathisers are cordially invited to attend.

SCHNEIDER CUP

3 British and 3 Italian Machines Partake in Contest

LONDON, Sept. 6.

Three British and three Italian machines have successfully emerged from taking off and alighting tests in connection with Schneider contest. They are now moored at the buoys undergoing six hours' seaworthiness test.—Reuter.

SCHNEIDER CUP RACE TEAMS

LONDON, Sept. 5.

The following teams have been chosen for the Schneider Cup race: Britain—Flying-Officer Waghorn, Flying-Officer Atcherley, Flight-Lieutenant Darcy-Greig. Reserve, Flight-Lieutenant Stainforth.

Italy—Warrant Officer Dalmolin, Lieutenant Cadringher, Lieutenant Monti. Reserves, Sergeant-Major Agello and Captain Canaveri.—Reuter.

GRIEVANCES OF AFRICAN PASSENGERS.

DEPUTATION VISITS S. S. "KAROA".

A deputation consisting of President Mr. Meyer Nissim and Messrs. L. R. Tairsee, Jivraj G. Nensey and Virchand Panachand of the Passengers' and Traffic Relief Association visited the S. S. "Karoa" of the B.I.S.N. Co. Ltd., lately to inspect the arrangements made by the company in regard to cooking facilities, food arrangements for Hindus and Mohammedans, medical facilities, lavatory and bathing places for the deck passengers. Captain Wiles the Company's Marine Superintendent and the Captain of the S. S. "Karoa" received the deputation on behalf of the company and explained matters fully.

HAPPY HOME FOR THE BLIND

TO-DAY'S PUBLIC MEETING

A public meeting in aid of the Happy Home for the Blind, Tardeo, will be held at the Vanita Vishram Hall, Sandhurst Road, to-day at 5 p.m. (S.T.) when Mahatma Gandhi will preside.

CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA.

SHAMDASANI REFILES COMPLAINT.

Mr. P. D. Shamdasani, a shareholder of the Central Bank of India, Ltd., refiled a complaint, before Mr. H. P. H. Dastur, Chief Presidency Magistrate of Bombay, against the auditors of the Central Bank in respect of the balance sheet of December 31, 1926.

In an affidavit he stated that he was absent on Wednesday, having been under the impression that the case had been fixed for a subsequent day. A notice was thereupon directed to be issued against the respondents.

POONA RACES

2nd Big Meeting

(SELECTIONS BY SENEX.)

2-45 p.m.
THE ARAB PONY PLATE.
RIYAD II 1
VITA 2
NADIM 3

3-15 p.m.
THE MODERATE PLATE. Division II.
FUNNY FACE 1
ASAD PASHA 2
KAMMANUR 3

3-45 p.m.
THE VISITORS' PLATE.
SUNNYMOON 1
DE BEERS II 2
ISLAND MAGEE 3

4-15 p.m.
THE AUTUMN PLATE.
BENTOI 1
GADGET 2
WILLIAM'S MOUNT .. 3

4-45 p.m.
H. H. THE FIRST AGA KHAN'S COMMEMORATION PLATE.
MANSOOR BEG 1
LUCKY STAR 2
SHEEMA 3

5-15 p.m.
THE AGA KHAN'S CUP.
IT SNOWS 1
TYNAGH 2
ATREAS 3

5-45 p.m.
THE POONA PLATE.
EASTERN ESSEX 1
LIPSTOWN 2
SAXPENCE 3

6-15 p.m.
THE MODERATE PLATE. Division I.
LION 1
ORANGE PRINCE 2
MAY 3

SLIGHT IMPROVEMENT IN ATTENDANCE.

FRIDAY (Sept. 6).

The Secretary, Bombay Millowners' Association, writes:—"There is again a slight improvement in the attendance to-day, and the figure is 1,20,462."

BUDDHA SOCIETY.

The usual Fortnightly Class of the Society will be conducted by Seth Mavji Govindji on Sunday, the 8th instant, at 9-15 a.m. (S. T.), at Nair Building, Sandhurst Road. The subject for the Class will be "Buddhism and Theosophy".

GATHERING OF VADNAGERA NAGARS

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The 21st annual celebration of the above body comes off on Saturday.

The conservative section of the community which had predominating voice in conducting the affairs of the Mandal, in its initial stage, invariably struck a note of warning against the Mandal departing from defined narrow limits all these years. It is high time the community seriously realised the urgent need of extending the scope of the activities of the Mandal. The Nagar community has a proud record of achievements, but let us not rest on our oars. We cannot certainly remain as passive observers of the great upheaval alround and still claim to be progressive. All other communities are throbbing with fresh life and vitality and are concerting rapid measures to eradicate the social evils and disabilities which are sapping the vitality and which hinder all progress. I do sincerely hope that this year the deliberations of the Mandal will be conducted in businesslike manner and the Mandal will embark upon a bold policy.

The organizers this year deserve to be congratulated both upon the selection of the place of meeting and of the President.

Let us hope that the People's Jinnah Hall meeting will herald the dawn of new era for our Mandal, and will impart freshness and vigour to our activities. The organizers have also made a bold departure in selecting Mr. A. K. Trivedi as the President for this year and has been invariably associated with the social activities of the College. He is a well-known educationist. I sincerely hope that our young President will feel the right pulse of the times and will resist the temptation of preaching a long sermon.—Yours, etc.

CANDID CRITIC.

LOOK OUT FOR

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Editor—H. D. Rajali.

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BOMBAY'S SYMPATHY FOR JATIN

B. P. C. C. VOTES RS. 101

RS. 10,000 SANCTIONED FOR TILAK STATUE

A resolution sympathising with the Lahore hunger-strikers was passed at the quarterly meeting of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee held on Friday evening, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu presiding.

Mr. Abid Ali moved:—The B. P. C. C. extends its wholehearted admiration at the noble stand taken by Jatindra Das and other patriots suffering hunger-strike at Lahore in the cause of India and the treatment of political prisoners, and while sympathising with the relations of Jatindra Das, in the event of his death, donates a sum of Rs. 101 towards his funeral expenses in carrying the coffin to Calcutta.

That the Treasurer do make out a cheque and wire the money to the Secretary District Congress Committee, Lahore, to be given to the brother of Jatindra Das immediately.

The resolution was passed "nem con."

The quarterly statement of accounts of receipts and disbursements was adopted.

The following resolution moved by Mr. Krishna Iyer was carried.

That a Committee consisting of Mr. J. B. Patel, Mr. Abid Ali, Mr. Sanzgiri, Mr. Ganpati Shanker and the mover be appointed to revise the representation of the seven wards on the B. P. C. C., rules for election of representatives of the B. P. C. C. and such other rules as may in the opinion of the Committee require revision in the light of experience.

The Committee also accorded sanction for the sum of Rs. 10,000 earmarked for the statute of the late Lokamanya Tilak to be forwarded to the Tilak Memorial Committee.

TREASURY BILLS.

The issue of twelve months treasury bills will be suspended until further notice from after the close of business on Tuesday (the 10th inst.)

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NOTICE.

—:o:—

Sunday, being Parsi New Year Day, the office of the "Bombay Chronicle" will remain closed. There will, therefore, be no issue of the paper on Monday.

The Bombay Chronicle
SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1929.

Reason V. Superstition.

—:o:—

The debate in the Legislative Assembly on the Child Marriage Bill is calculated, on the whole, to raise the reformers' hopes for the speedy success of the Bill. And for this, special credit shoulder given to the handsome attitude taken up by the Government of India. Sir James Crerar's speech on behalf of the Government was admirable from every point of view. He aptly described the custom of child marriages as a "corroding evil clamouring for remedy." Nor did he use the language of exaggeration when he said: "It was not merely that generation after generation of young girls were exposed to injuries of early marriage, but legacies were left from which the country would undoubtedly suffer most vitally." For this eloquent appreciation of a national wrong we cordially thank Sir James and also for his recognising that "the measure of Mr. Sarda is at any rate a first step in the direction of seeking a practical remedy." Scorning the attitude of mere passive sympathy and dilatory tactics by saying: "I trust the great majority of this House will agree in the view that this measure is one in the right direction and it is their duty to support it."

In curious contrast to this chivalrous attitude of one representing a party that could never be accused of haste in effecting social reform through legislation was the position taken by some Indians, who either opposed the Bill or had recourse to dilatory tactics on one frivolous ground or another. From some of these not much was ever expected or could be expected. There will always be some in every country who neither learn nor unlearn. But one is entitled to expect much from Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya. His was perhaps the most pathetic figure in the Assembly during the debate. His sincerity of purpose nobody questions. But, alas, evil is wrought by want of thought as well as by want of heart, and dogma plays havoc with reason when the former is worshipped more. When Panditji pleaded for those who raised the cry of "Religion in danger," the retort direct came aptly from his own lieutenant, Mr. M. R. Jayakar, who said: "It was indeed too late for Pandit Malaviya to raise the cry that too deeply cherished religious sentiments were involved in the measure and therefore the Government should have nothing to do with it..... It was no use being guided by the Shastras in regard to this Bill." Mr. Jayakar also quoted a verse "from a most authoritative exposition" of the Vedanta saying that "it was only the text of the Vedas which accorded with the people's notions of logic and rationality which must be followed and not the entire text." We are glad to note that an eminent member of the Hindu Mahasabha like Mr. Jayakar takes his stand boldly on Reason as against any text, belief or custom that does not accord with Reason.

The plea, urged by some in the Assembly, for further postponement of the Bill is most inexplicable, if not frivolous, unless those who urge it bank upon the probability of Congressmen not attending the Councils next year. The Bill has been before the Assembly and the country for over two years. During this time no other social question has engaged the attention of the public so much as that of raising the marriageable age of girls by legislation and otherwise. Any number of meetings and conferences have been held to pass resolutions in support of the reform, women's conferences being the most conspicuous among them. Over a thousand persons or institutions submitted statements to the Age of Consent Committee. If it is contended that the Committee's report was published only a few weeks ago, the reply is that the portion dealing with the question of marriageable age is small and can be studied in less than a week. Besides, legislation against child marriages is not very novel in India, for such legislation has existed for several years in States like Baroda, Indore, Rajkot, Kotah, Mandvi and Mysore. And in none of these States have the people raised the cry of "religion in danger." In these circumstances, the plea for delay deserves only short shrift. However, as the consideration of the Bill is adjourned till the 19th, more time is available for the study of the Age of Consent Committee's report. We trust earnest reformers and reform institutions all over the country will hold public meetings to support the Bill and communicate the resolutions to [illegible] tions in Bombay have already conveyed to the Assembly their sympathies with the Bill, prominent ones being the Hindu Ladies' Social Reform Association, the Gujarati Hindu Stree Mandal, the Hind Mahila Samaj, the Saraswat Mahila Samaj and the Rashtriya Stree Sabha. Their example may well be followed by other similar institutions. Of the messages wired to Simla easily the best is that of Mahatma Gandhi who holds that the age of marriage for girls should be fixed at eighteen, and for boys, at twenty-five years. Pandit Motilal Nehru has also appealed to his colleagues in the Assembly "to abolish at all cost the curse of child marriages." We hope he and other absentee members will at all cost attend the Assembly by the 19th and record their votes for the Bill. One of the Bombay women's associations has wired to President Patel hoping that the "chivalrous" Assembly will pass the Bill straightway. We trust the Assembly will chivalrously respond to the appeal.

A Word In Season

—:o:—

To-morrow is the Parsee New Year's Day and we offer our sincere good wishes on this occasion to the enterprising Parsee community, a community small in numbers but great in the influence it has wielded and wields in shaping the economic welfare of this land. One wishes it helped now in shaping its political destinies as gloriously as it did during those pioneer days of Indian political agitation when Dadabhai Naoroji was in the vanguard of the political fight and fought it strenuously and with a single-minded devotion to the cause in spite of advancing years, when that "Lion of Bombay", Pherozeshah Mehta, towered head and shoulders above his compeers in the civic affairs of this city, was a mighty force in Indian politics and left many a lasting memorial of his vigorous career, not the least of which is the "Bombay Chronicle". To-day the Parsee community has its Saklatvala and Nariman, but members of the community devoted to work in the political field are far too few. We appeal to the youthful generation of present-day Parsees to come forward and show by their active participation in the struggle for political freedom that they are anxious to rebut the accusation that as a community the Parsees are lagging behind in the fight.

In other directions too the present-day problems with which the Parsees are faced should give the younger generation of the community "furiously to think". The Parsees have a flair for making money. They know how to spend it with elegance and cultured ease, also how to spend it generously for the benefit of the general well-being of their land. Parsee philanthropy, to which many a public institution owes its very existence in India, is a standing monument of one of the most excellent traits the community possesses. But have the present leaders of the community seriously considered how far they can best remove the disabilities and shortcomings, social, educational and economic, which beset it? Dr. Munsiff's recent investigation into the "progressive degeneration" of the community should make its leaders take rapid counsel and initiate measures to check the growing evil. They must urgently consider the importance of profiting by the warning that inbreeding and marriages amongst cousins of the first degree contribute to a decline in race-culture. In the field of education and social welfare too, is it all well with the Parsee community? There are ample funds at the disposal of the Trustees of the Parsee Panchayat and if they are to be spent to the best advantage of the community there is no reason why it should not make even larger strides educationally and in the field of ameliorative work so that its poorer members are helped at the right moment and in the most judicious manner to make a success of life. The Parsees have a great stake in India. They have the business integrity, the educational attainments and the adventurous character to take a leading part in shaping her future destiny. We do hope Parsee young men and [illegible] struggle for progress in all directions, political as well as social and economic.

PARSI NEW YEAR.

A HISTORICAL EPISODE RECALLED

(BY G. K. N.)

The Zoroastrians before Islam in Persia had seasonal festivals. The new year was nature's new year. But that could be observed only by a regularised calendar. The mediaeval Zoroastrians neglected the necessary intercalation. Hence the advent of their new year at an unnatural time. In fact, all their festivals fall on ridiculous days inconsistent with their original import. There are, however, circumstances which extenuate their negligence. These have been very clearly and most learnedly expounded by Mr. Khareghat, I.C.S., than whom no greater authority on the question in my community exists. We reluctantly come to agree with them that no conceivable remedy would prove worse than the present disorder.

HOW THE ERROR AROSE.

The error of ommision of intercalation occurred some 70 years before the overthrow of the Sassanian or the last Zoroastrian dynasty in Persia in 642. The season of the new year was the time when the taxes were gathered. But as the intercalation was omitted the time of collection arrived long before the harvests were ready. This occasioned untold hardships to the peasants. They borrowed, as history shows, sometimes at the rate of a thousand per cent. to pay the rapacious tax farmers of the Khalifas. One of them sympathetically observed this discrepancy. It was Mutawakkil. (847-1063). The very fascinating accounts of his calendar reform are derived from the histories of Suli and Ispahani. The latter composed a special work on "Nauruz and Mihirgan," another old Zoroastrian festival. Al-Beruni drew upon these two for his unrivalled description of the Parsi calendar.

Mutawakkil, while on his hunting tour during Nauruz days, noticed that the corn had not yet ripened. He turned to his Vazir and expressed surprise that while his revenue officer had asked his permission to start collecting the taxes, the corn was still unripe. "From what are then the people to pay the taxes?" demanded the Khalifa. The peasantry borrowed at extortionate rates but more often abandoned their homes to avoid torture. The Khalifa inquired if this was a recent practice. "No, this is going on according to the regulations established by the Persian Kings for the levy of the taxes at the time of Nauruz. Their example has been followed by the Kings of the Arabs."

MUTAWAKKIL RIGHTS THE WRONG.

Mutawakkil, thereupon, ordered the Mobed, or the Chief of the Zoroastrians at his court, to be summoned. "This has been the subject of much research", he said "and I don't think I have violated the traditional regulations of you Persians. How did they levy their taxes from the subjects, ... considering the beneficence and benevolence

(Continued on next page.)

Insult To India

—:o:—

The refusal of Dr. Malan, the Minister for the Interior in the Union Government, to relax restrictions placed on the Ali brothers in the event of their visiting South Africa is not only an insult to India, it is also an extremely ill-advised step. The influential Indian deputation which waited on Dr. Malan to urge upon him the necessity of revising the attitude of the Hertzog Government must have pointed out to him that these two distinguished Indians had already declared their intention of not making their visit anything else than a sojourn amongst their countrymen in South Africa. The Hertzog Government claim that they are anxious to conciliate Indian opinion in South Africa, that they are concerned about making the Indian Agreement a success. No step is more ill-calculated to frustrate this objective than the reactionary action of Dr. Malan.

A Sind Scandal.

—:o:—

Mr. Wahidbux Bhutto M.L.A., and others were prosecuted in connection with the alleged abduction of a married woman and her subsequent murder. They were committed to be tried by the Session Court of Hyderabad (Sind) after a prolonged enquiry in a Magistrate's Court. Now it is announced that the Government have withdrawn the prosecution—a step which is of rare occurrence in the administration of criminal justice in this Presidency. The prosecution of a man of Mr. Bhutto's status on the charge of abduction and abetment of murder was in itself a grave matter. The withdrawal of the prosecution when the case was being tried by a Session Court is a graver matter and the "Sind Observer" does not exaggerate when it characterises it as a "Scandal of First Magnitude". The procedure is at once a blot on the escutcheon of the Sind Police and an unwarranted interference by the Executive with the course of justice—apart, from the fact that, in the absence of a satisfactory explanation from the Gov[illegible]

CIVIL AVIATION IN INDIA.

—:o:—

SOME QUESTIONS FOR GOVERNMENT.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—It is now a matter known to almost all interested in the Development of Civil Aviation in India that the Government of India had announced in the last sessions of the Assembly as well as in the Standing Finance Commitee of the Assembly that subsidy would be given to a Company which is registered in India with a rupee capital and with a majority of Indian Directors and shareholders and which would be required to afford training and opportunity for employment to Indians in all branches of its work. The tenders were invited from the public by the Civil Aviation Department under certain conditions and it was stated that the service would be started between Karachi and Delhi by the first week of October or the latest by December. It is only now four weeks for the month of October and so far I am aware the subsidy question has still not been decided by the Government. Under the circumstances I think it necessary for the Government of India to come out and declare their policy regarding Civil Aviation.

1. Will Government inform the public whether the contract for subsidy and post between Karachi and Delhi has been entered with any company or not and, if not, what are the reasons of delay?

2. Whether the service between Karachi and Delhi will be started by the end of this year or not?

3. Is it a fact that Government were in communication with Lord Chetwynd, the Chairman of the Imperial Airways, Ltd., for the contract of Karachi-Delhi service to be given to an Indian Airways Co.?

4. Have the Government enquired [illegible] why are they in communication with their concern?

5. Is it also a fact that the tender of the Indian Airways was the lowest of all those submitted and if so what was the amount?

6. Whether Government officially

Notes of the Day

—:o:—

To The Greek Calends.

There will be strong resentment in Nationalist circles in China at the blunt refusal of the British Government to relinquish extra-territorial rights. Shorn of its euphemistic language the lengthy Note to Nanking from the British Government regarding the Chinese Government's demand for the abrogation of extra-territoriality is a blunt refusal on the part of Britain to entertain any such possibility. The British attitude will stiffen the hostility of other foreign Powers in China regarding this long-delayed concession to Chinese national sentiment. To China it is, indeed, a matter of national self-respect that extra-territoriality must go and the British Government's insistence that not only must there be promulgation and acceptance of codes in China embodying Western legal principles, but also that these principles "must be understood by and acceptable to the people at large no less than by their rulers" before Britain can conceive of abandoning extra-territorial rights is really postponing the question to the Greek Calends.

An Open Sore.

As it is considerable reform in judicial administration has been effected after the Kuomintang came into power. Now that the hegemony of Nanking is accepted from Mukden in the North to Canton in the South it will be still more easy for the departments of justice in the various provincial governments to see that the highest judicial appointments are held by young Chinese jurists trained in American and European universities. A number of such trained men are already available. Many of them are working in high judicial positions. For Britain to say that she will not think of meeting China at least half-way in conceding to her a right, the denial of which is an insult to her self-respect, is to keep a sore open and to invite trouble where an accommodating attitude was easily possible.

Simon Committees.

The Central Simon Committee is reported to have adjourned "sine die" on account of some sharp differences of opinion. Such a result could well have been inferred from the very composition and status of the Committee. Those who are privileged only to ask are not very particular whether they agree or not. The U. P. Simon Committee's report is said to be unanimous. But the Committee has contrived to be unanimous only by making several crude compromises. The retention of communal electorates, the introduction of the communal principle even in the composition of the Cabinet, the creation of a Second Chamber to placate "stakeholders" and dismissing the "Depressed" classes with some nominated seats are but a few of the crude questionable compromises. But not much should be expected from those who expected much from the Simon Commission.

The Story He Hadn't Told.

Club Bore: "Have I told you that very funny story I heard the other day? Stop me if I have."

Victim: "Was it a very funny story?"

Bore: "Yes."

Victim: "Well, then, you haven't."

A Thought for the Day.

"Arguments which draw their demonstrations from probabilities are idle; and unless one is on one's guard against them they are very deceptive."

PLATO.

Dr. Suhrawardy Pleads for Swaraj for Palestine

LONDON, Sept. 6.

Replying to a letter from Dr. Abdullah Suhrawardy, Member of Indian Legislative Assembly, regarding the situation in Palestine Mr. Wedgwood Benn points out that Government have now appointed an impartial Committee to inquire into the causes of the disturbances and their report must be awaited. He declares that the Government intend to do their utmost within the limits of the mandate to secure that religious and material interests of each section of the population of Palestine are duly respected by others.

HOLIEST SHRINE OF ISLAM.

Dr. Suhrawardy's letter to Mr. Wedgwood Benn pointed out that Jerusalem was, second only to Mecca, the holiest shrine of Islam.

Dr. Suhrawardy also wrote to the Prime Minister pointing out that Britain's promise that Palestinian Arabs would be given "self-government based on free choice of indigenous people" should be redeemed, and declaring that conflicting pledges given to Arabs and Jews could be reconciled by the introduction of self-government in Palestine with adequate safeguards to protect the Jewish minority.—Reuter.

DANGER OF HEAVY FLOODS AVERTED

(Continued from page 1).

Governor of Bombay, it was resolved that a fund named "His Excellency the Governor's Sind Flood Relief Fund" be created for giving prompt relief to the people of Sind in the distress caused by floods and cholera and a Committee was appointed to collect subscriptions and manage the Fund. The Committee are confident that the citizens of Bombay, renowned for their public spirit and philanthropy, will respond cheerfully to the stirring appeal made by His Excellency to extend a helping hand to the people of Sind in the dark hour of their need. The terrible devastation wrought by a series of calamities that have overtaken Sind has rendered hundreds of people homeless and helpless and there is still the danger of greater disaster. Funds are therefore urgently necessary for the relief of the afflicted and the Committee earnestly hope that you will assist the Committee in collecting as large sum as possible by contributing and inducing others within the sphere of your influence to contribute liberally towards the Fund.

"It is requested that subscriptions may be sent to the Honorary Treasurers, care of the Imperial Bank of India, Fort, Bombay."

DONATIONS RECEIVED.

The following donations to the Fund have been received:—

	Rs.
His Excellency the Governor of Bombay ...	1,000
H. H. the Maharaja of Kolhapur ...	1,000
Sir Victor Sassoon ...	50,000
The Bombay Presidency Permanent Relief Fund ...	25,000
H. H. the Aga Khan ...	10,000
Mr. S. D. Saklatvala on behalf of the Trustees of the Tata Settlements ...	5,000
Mr. S. D. Saklatvala on behalf of Sir Ratan Tata Charities ...	5,000
Mr. Dhanrajgirji Raja Narsinggirji ...	5,000
The Trustees of the N. M. Wadia Charities (in addition to Rs. 5,000 sent direct to the Commissioner in Sind ...	5,000
Mr. Shantidas Askaran ...	2,501
Mr Kazi ...	2,501
Mrs. Naidu on behalf of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee ...	2,500
Mr. F. E. Dinshaw ...	2,500
Gujarat Hindu Stree Mandal ...	2,000
Bombay Women's Flood Relief Fund ...	1,500
Sir Cawasjee Jehangir, Bart. ...	1,000
Mr. M. A. Jinnah ...	1,000
Trustees of the Sir Sassoon David Charity Trust Fund ...	1,000
Bombay Native Share Brokers' Association ...	1,000
Lloyd Triestino Navigation Company ...	1,000
Mr. Ishwardas Lakhmidas ...	1,000
Sir Jamsetjee B. Kanga ...	1,000
Mr. Jamnadas Mathuradas Bayi ...	501
The Hon. Sir Ghulam Husain Hidayatullah ...	500
His Grace the Archbishop of Bombay ...	500
Mr. J. A. H. Chinoy ...	500
Mr. Meyer Nissim ...	250
Mr. A. Rozario ...	201
Mr. N. V. Mandlik ...	101
Mr. Abdulla Miya Oosman Miya Koreishi ...	100
Dr Dhanjibhoy H. Mehta ...	100
Mr. R. P. Masani ...	100
Mr. L. D. L. Buckley ...	100
Bombay Presidency Women's Council ...	68
Mr. P. D. Dikshit ...	25
Total	Rs. 1,31,548

The office address of the Committee is Imperial Bank of India, Fort, Bombay.

AHMEDABAD COTTON DISPUTE

GANDHIJI AND SETH MANGALDAS DISAGREE

DIFFERENCE OVER FUNDAMENTALS

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 6.

Mahatma Gandhi and Seth Mangaldas met yesterday to discuss the question of the restoration of the cut in wages made in 1923, that had been referred to them from arbitration by the Labour Union and the Mill-owners' Association.

They were to meet again to-day but Seth Mangaldas sent word to Gandhiji that as he had no time, he would discuss the question with him in the train as he was going to-night to Bombay, or if necessary in Bombay, as Gandhiji was also leaving to-night for Bombay.

It is believed that the difference of opinion between Mahatma Gandhi and Sheth Mangaldas is of a fundamental character and if no agreement is arrived at between them, the question will be referred to an umpire.—A. P.

FORGED NOTES RECOVERED

TWO BURMANS UNDER ARREST

RANGOON, Sept. 6.

A sensational seizure of forged notes of the value of over Rs. 5,000 all of the denomination of ten rupees, both finished and unfinished, with complete manufacturing implements, including blocks and chemicals, is alleged to have been made this afternoon in a house in East Rangoon by the police. Two Burmans who were stated to be carrying on a photographic business were, it is alleged, found inside a closed dark room, busy drying papers, and they were arrested. Simultaneously raids were made on a house in Lewis Street and other places, and a number of people were arrested, including one Phongy and some Burmese women, acting on the report that a Burmese woman a Lewis Street was selling forged notes, the police were made arrangements to buy these notes and to-day raided and seized the alleged forged notes, also recovering their marked genuine notes which they had used in the transaction. Further investgation is proceeding.—A. P.

PATIALA MAHARAJA'S VISIT TO SECUNDERABAD

CANCELLED.

SECUNDERABAD, Sept. 6.

The visit of the Maharaja of Patiala to Secunderabad is cancelled.—A. P.

The "Suddhi Samachar" of Delhi has been proscribed by the Nizam's Government.—A. P.

JUTE WEAVERS ATTACK SARDAR

ALLEGED ACCEPTANCE OF BRIBE

CALCUTTA, Sept. 6.

There were ugly scenes in the East Jute Mill, Baranagore, yesterday, when weavers attacked a Sardar, who is alleged to have accepted bribe from some weavers. A scuffle ensued, in which stones and bobbins were freely thrown, one hitting the Manager of the Mill and injuring him. This was followed by a lightning strike. The South Mill, Baranagore, also stopped work.

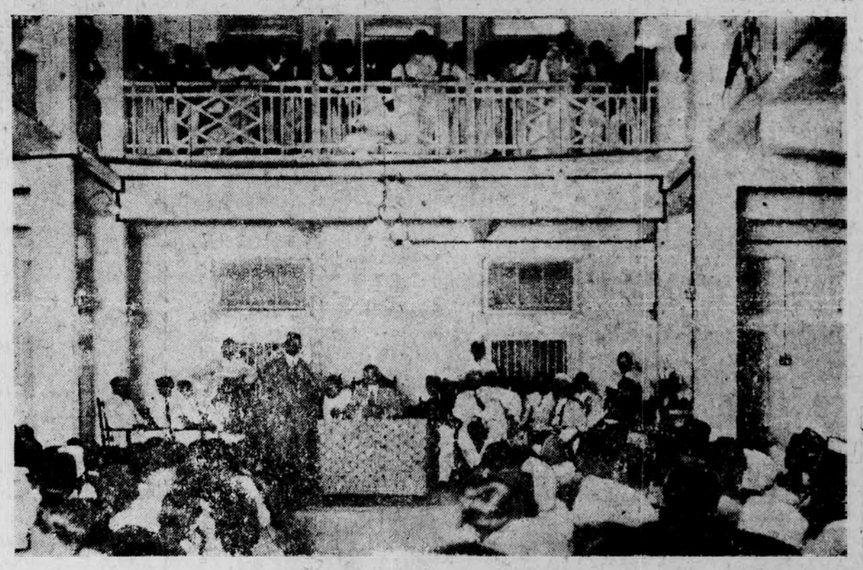
Two meetings of labourers were held in Budge Budge and Mr. Subash Chandra Bose addressed one of the meetings with the permission of the District Magistrate of Twenty-four Parganas.—A. P.

TUBE RAILWAY IN CALCUTTA

DRILLING OPERATIONS TAKEN IN HAND

CALCUTTA, Sept. 6.

In order to test the suitability of the substrate for the underground stations in connection with the tube railway in Calcutta, drilling operations are going on in several places including Dalhousie Square. Samples of substrate found will be sent to London for examination by experts.—A. P.



Mr. J. B. Pandya, the Leader of the East African Deputation, addressing a public meeting at the People's Jinnah Hall under the presidentship of Mr. Meyer Nissim.

PARSI NEW YEAR

(Continued from previous page.)

which they observed towards them? Why did your Persian sovereigns permit taxes to be levied at the time when the fruit and the corn were not ripe for harvesting?" The Mobed replied that the Persian rulers, the predecessors of the Khalifas, exacted taxes at Nauruz but the New Year never fell except when the fields smiled a golden yellow. "How can that be?" demanded the Khalifa. The Mobed explained the nature of the calendar, the necessity of intercalation, and that when Islam was established, intercalation was abolished. The Zamindars had already appealed to Khalifa Abdul Malek and reasoned with him and requested postponement of the Nauruz but his officers relying on a dictum of the Quran, "intercalation is only an increase of heathenism," declined to interfere. Subsequent to the reign of Harun, the landlords again appealed to the renowned Yahya Barmaki and begged of him to put off the Nauruz for two months. Yahya was inclined to encourage the reform. But his resplendent fortune had created many enemies. They hinted that the great Vazir was prepared to interfere with the reckoning because he was partial to the Zoroastrians. He was even suspected of pro-Parsi bias. Yahya was, therefore, forced to drop the matter.

Mutawakkil called Suli and directed that in accordance with the explanation of the Mobed, the calendar should be drawn up and rectified by him. He commanded him to prepare a treatise on calendar reform, which was to be supplied to all the provincial Governors of the Empire. The Nauruz was to be postponed till Haziran the 17th. Suli carried out the orders and the despatches arrived in the province in the Muharram of 243. The Court poets euologised the Khalifa's important measure, the chief of them Bohotari composing the 'Kasida':

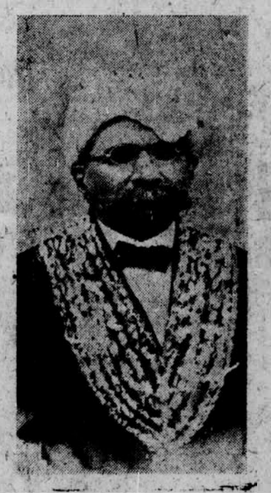
"The day of Nauruz has returned to that time, on which it was fixed by Ardashir.
Thou hast transferred Nauruz to its original condition, whilst before thee it was wandering about, circulating.
Now thou has levied the taxes at Nauruz, and that was a memorable benefit to the people.
They bring thee praise and thanks, and thou bringest them justice and a present well deserving of thanks.

Mutawakkil was killed and his plan remained unexecuted. When Moatidid ascended the throne, he paid anxious attention to the intercalation or *Kabisa* problem. He directed that Mutawakkil's regulations be put into force, with a slight difference and put off the Nauruz so as to coincide with Wednesday Khordad 1st. Suleman Wahab was entrusted with the task of reform. And the Court poet sang:—

"O thou restorer of the untarnished glory, renovator of the shattered empire!
Who hast again established [illegible] the pillar of [illegible]

A POPULAR JUDICIAL OFFICER

Mr. Hiralal G. Anjaria, Judicial Officer of the Jetpur Taluka Court reverted to Agency service as Daftardar to the Political Agent, Rewa-Kantha, Godhra, on completion of three years of his services. He evinced great interest in matters of public health and education. A well furnished Library, public street lights, decent roads, beautiful school buildings, a tastefully laid out Recreation Ground, and a majestic



Mr. Hiralal G. Anjaria.

Court House of the Jetpur Taluka Court—bear eloquent testimony to the good work that he did in Jetpur, while presiding at the helm of affairs.

Popular as he was, he was accorded a cordial farewell, and people of all communities and officers mustered strong at the Navagadh Station to give him a hearty send-off.

Kings like the foremost horse in a race.

"How blessed is that Nauruz when thou hast earned thanks besides the reward (due to thee for it in heaven).

"By postponing Nauruz thou hast justly made precede, what they have postponed."

Now although by this ingenious method the New Year of the Persians, acknowledged as such by nearly all Asia, returned to its seasonal place, there was still a mathematical error. This need not detain us. Suffice it to note that even the alleged dictum of the Quran did not stand in the way of reform when it was urged by unhappy peasantry upon sympathetic Khalifas in post-Zoroastrian days.

NIZAM FOLLOWS AKBAR.

We duly and fully appreciate the currency given to Parsi months in Persia by Reza Shah. We acknowledge his innovation of a rational solar year. But our gratitude to him should not make us oblivious of nearly similar solicitude evinced by illustrious predecessors who introduced the Jalali era and supported astronomers like Khayyam. Human necessity with the concurrence of mass opinion has often shattered the wall sought to be erected against light and sun by inherited insanity which takes the shape of "religious" frenzy. Akbar, too, adopted the Parsi months which have still been retained by

CIVIL AVIATION IN INDIA

(Continued from previous page.)

informed and gave opportunity to other Indian enterprises for reconsidering the revised new conditions imposed by the Standing Finance Committee as they did with the Indian Airways, and, if not, why not?

7. Is it also a fact that the Indian Airways is going to charter the machines of the Imperial Airways Ltd., from Karachi to Delhi and if so could any Indian enterprise not have done this work of chartering?

It is now too late to say that the Government have not announced their policy publicly and I doubt whether the Government are really sincerely anxious to help Indian enterprise as promised or whether they want to act according to their old policy of giving big promises and putting in practice nothing. I am sure had there not been any Indian companies registered in India the Government would have come out and said: "We are ready to help the Indian enterprise, but unfortunately, there is none." But this time that point cannot be argued by Government, as there are more than one genuine concern registered in India to take up internal Air routes provided opportunities are given to them. The public should consider this point of equal importance with the Coastal Trading Bill of Mr. Haji as this is the only transportation industry left for Indian enterprise to take up and if this opportunity is lost it will be very difficult for Indian investing public to get a good investment as well as for intelligent enterprising youths to get an opportunity for employment in every branch of its work, and a big national industry will be lost for ever.—Yours, etc.,

AN AVIATOR.

Bombay, Sept. 5.

MEERUT TRIAL.

(Continued from page 1.)

Horton, complainant in the case. No time had been given to the defence for filing a counter affidavit if they wished to do so. It was irregular to make use of such an affidavit except in the High Court. Counsel prayed that no consideration should be given to the affidavit.

Touching the question of jurisdiction, Mr. Sinha declared that they seriously challenged the right to the prosecution to initiate proceedings at Meerut. Alluding to the application before the Court he quoted three authorities, 51, Calcutta, the Allahabad Law Journal and the Oudh Law Journal to show that bail could be granted when there was no likelihood of the accused absconding, subject to three other factors, namely the nature of the evidence, the punishment prescribed for the offence and the social, status of the accused. Mr. Sinha argued that the accused were all men of education and standing. No charge of violence had been brought against them, and from the nature of the evidence there was no danger of the accused committing violence or repeating the alleged offence.

Mr. Sinha said there was no evidence to show where the accused had agreed together to initiate the conspiracy with which they were charged. Some criminal act in pursuance of a conspiracy must be committed. This had not been committed. The Conference held in Meerut was not declared an unlawful assembly. None of the speeches delivered there had been made the subject matter of proceedings under Section 124-A I.P.C. The existence of the Workers and Peasants' Party did not constitute a criminal act.

Mr. B. D. Joshi in the absence of Sinha and wanted particularly to mention that Nimbkar and Spratt for whom he appeared, were instrumental in bringing about the settlement of strikes in Bombay and Calcutta respectively.

MR. L. JAMES' REPLY.

Replying Mr. Langford James, Crown Counsel submitted that the affidavit filed by Mr. Horton was quite regular and was in perfect order, and he prayed that due consideration should be given to it. It was complete novelty to have made the present application while evidence was being recorded. The prosecution side was proving as fast as it could all facts at its disposal. For four weary days had the Special Magistrate listened to the opening address and now evidence was being put in. The Magistrate, therefore was in better position to appraise the worth of the exhibits. Langford James continued that Sinha had taken a scrap here and another there and had advanced arguments on their strength which in Bengali were termed as "mater mundo" (laughter). Adverting to defence plea that all accused were men of education and standing Crown Counsel said there existed on record a document which was a pithy autobiography of Shaukat [illegible] at school except the art of absconding.

BAIL APPLICATION ORDER RESERVED.

(Later).—In the bail applications filed on behalf of certain accused in the Meerut alleged conspiracy case, after Mr. Langford James had replied to the defence arguments, the court reserved its order.—A. P.

"SCANDAL OF FIRST MAGNITUDE"

"SIND OBSERVER" ON MR. BHUTTO'S PROSECUTION

KARACHI, Sept. 6.

Commenting on the withdrawal of the prosecution of Mr. Wahidbux Bhutto, M. L. A., and others on a charge of abduction of a married woman and her subsequent murder, the "Sind Observer" under the heading "Scandal of First Magnitude" condemns very strongly the Government action in the matter, and says that such "encroachments of the Executive on the prerogatives of judiciary ought to be stayed, and that immediately," and opines that the "Sessions Court at Hyderabad (Sind) may yet save the situation and uphold independence and integrity of judiciary in this Province [illegible]

INDIAN FARMING PROBLEMS.

VALUE OF UTILISING FERTILISERS

(By Gilbert B. Hunter).

Farming is by far the most important industry within the Empire: it is, in fact, the basic support of the whole Imperial structure. In India and the tropics the majority of people find work on the land whilst in Africa, Australia, Canada and New Zealand the farming industry is fundamental. To-day an ever-increasing demand for food, clothing and other necessities of life is being made upon the Empire by an ever-increasing population. This demand can only be satisfied if the fertility of the soil is increased by an extensive and scientific use of artificial fertilisers, especially nitrogenous ones, for nitrogen is the element lacking in the majority of soils.

The influence of fertilisers on crop production is affected by a great number of factors of soil and climate, and the judicious use of fertilisers, therefore, necessitates a close knowledge of these factors. Imperial Chemical Industries Limited, whose wide activities in the field of nitrogenous fertiliser manufacture are now well known, has for a long time past been engaged in agricultural research work in the Empire. Under its auspices exhaustive trials with the different kinds of fertilisers it manufactures or markets have been carried out in all parts of the Empire, and the useful information gleaned has been taken to the very door of Ebpire farmers by means of a network of advisory bodies. The increasing extension of its field of research activities made it necessary for Imperial Chemical Industries to decide upon a central station where all research work could be co-ordinated. Its choice fell on Jealott's Hill, situated on the south bank of the Thames, about thirty miles from London. This new station, which was formally opened by the Rt. Hon. J. H Thomas (Lord Privy Seal) on the 28th June 1929, is without exaggeration the finest of its kind in the world.

JEALOTT'S HILL RESEARCH STATION

It is the intention of the company that Jealott's Hill shall become the nerve centre and control station of its research staff and advisory organisation and shall have no less than the whole Empire as its province. Its aim will be to bring the resources of industry to supply the needs of agriculture in Britain and throughout the Indian Empire, the Dominions and the Colonies, and thus add to their common prosperity.

The Jealott's Hill Research Station and Experimental Farm is fully equipped on the most up-to-date lines to investigate soil fertility in all its aspects, in both temperate and tropical countries and in relation to all crops of economic importance.

Among the problems being investigated are the relative effectiveness of such fertilisers as sulphate of ammonia, nitro chalk, ammonium chloride, urea, nitrate of lime, ammonium phosphate and nitrophoska; the manurial requirements of arable crops; manuring and management of grassland; economics of manuring; animal nutrition; grass preservation and land improvement.

The total number of plots under field experiments at Jealott's Hill in 1929, on the above investigations amounts to 1,204. Of this number 350 are on cereals, 246 on root crops, 547 on pasture land and 61 miscellaneous.

It cannot be too strongly emphasised that every one of the researches carried out at Jealott's Hill will be related to the strictly economic aspects. To assist the agricultural needs of the Empire, the staff of the new station, under the able directorship of Sir Frederick Keeble, though for the most part located at Jealott's Hill, will also be equipped as an overseas expeditionary force to go anywhere within the Empire at the call of agriculture.

Experiments in Britain will be supplemented by experimental work at centres scattered over the whole of the British Isles, the Dominions, the Indian Empire, and the Crown Colonies,—where fertilisers manufactured by Imperial Chemical Industries Ltd., are already being used, or to which in a short time they can be supplied.

Agricultural research work in the Indian Empire, (including Burma and Ceylon) is being carried on in close touch with the official agricultural departments. Fertiliser experiments on the principal crops, and in particular on rice, cotton, sugar and tobacco are already in progress.

MAGNITUDE OF THE TASK.

In considering the possibilities of extending the use of chemical fertilisers in India, one must first of all weigh up the magnitude of the task with which agricultural scientists are faced. Stretching from nearly the same latitude as the Mediterranean almost to that of the Equator, India 2,000 miles across at its greatest width, includes within its bounds every known condition of soil and climate—from the conditions of the sun-scorched desert to those of the luxuriant tropical forest.

There are in India 250 million acres of soil already under cultivation: Bengal itself grows 21 million acres of rice; Punjab and the United provinces have 70 million acres of wheat under cultivation; in Bombay and the Central Provinces 70.1/2 million acres of cotton are cultivated whilst other crops such as sugar cane tea tobacco and jute occupy many more million acres of land annually.

Considering this great variety of climatic conditions it will be realised how great is the problem which is being tackled by the research organisation of Imperial Chemical Industries and how difficult it is to generalise on the Indian fertiliser problem or to apply such methods as have been successfully applied in other countries.

A VITAL PROBLEM IN INDIA.

The most important consideration in India on the use and application of chemical plant foods, in particular nitrogenous fertilisers, is the water supply. The nitrogenous and mineral nutritive elements pass from the soil to the plants by means of "Osmosis" or filtration and therefore, they must be in the form of a water solution. It is therefore evident that if moisture is lacking the crops cannot use fertilisers which will as a result remain inactive in the soil. For the following reasons there is another danger of applying nitrogenous and other fertilisers in large quantities where the water supply is limited. The plant in the early stages of its growth absorbs a considerable amount of plant foods and therefore develops rapidly above the surface. Later in its growth it has not sufficient water to enable the vegetation to function normally and so it shrivels up and dies. It is preferable in such cases to apply chemical fertilisers in small repeated doses coinciding with the periods of rainfall. The application of synthetic nitrogenous fertilisers such as sulphate of ammonia to soils having a reserve of moisture is equally beneficial as a fall of rain, because as a result of the sulphate's action on the capillary tubes of the soil, moisture is brought to the surface.

(To Be Continued.)

EVILS OF 18D. RATIO

Industrial Unrest Aggravated

The following are further extracts from the memorandum submitted to the Viceroy by the Share and Stock Brokers' Association in the name of the citizens of Bombay:

The higher exchange now imposed by law upon the country tends to place a severe handicap on the export trade of the country; and serves to mulct the local producer, indirectly and imperceptibly, to the extent of the rise in the exchange, as regards the prices he obtains for his exported produce.

The exports of India have fallen since 1924-25 by 3 per cent, 22 per cent. and 17 1/2 per cent. respectively while imports have been steadily rising after a slight fall in 1925-26. The loss suffered in consequence by the Indian producer is not confined only to discouragement resulting from an ever stiffening competition against him in the world markets but translates itself, though invisibly, to the poor producer, in terms of the actual rupees received by him, which are fewer than they would be under a 16d. rupee or, what in effect amounts to the same thing. He has to export more produce if he desires the same amount of rupees.

If the Indian producer, therefore, seems to maintain his position yet in the world market, if export trade of India does not seem to have been destroyed entirely and irrecoverably, that is because the Indian producer has to bear the loss by parting with greater quantity of his produce for the same, or similar, or even a lower return in his money. In both cases his standard of life, miserably low as it is, is becoming lower. This, Your Petitioners venture to submit, is surely not a condition of which any responsible national government can be proud.

The fact of the matter is that Government, in their anxiety to maintain the high ratio, are obliged to starve the people of their ordinary normal needs of currency lest by an adequate supply the price level might be so affected as to bring down exchange of its own accord.

The pre-war average expansion of currency in India was over Rs. 20 crores per annum. The Currency in effective circulation would thus have been increased in the ten years of post-war normal life, allowing for extension of banking facilities, by many more crores, if the general price level had not been artificially and needlessly disturbed. Instead of this normal expansion, we have on an average for the period 1919-20 to 1927-28 an actual contraction of currency by 56 lakhs per year. The Government of India, however, desired to reduce the price level with a view to maintain the high exchange they were seeking to establish for their own immediate purpose.

EFFECT ON INDUSTRIAL ENTERPRISE

It is not possible without unduly lengthening this representation to state fully the effects of the new ratio on industrial enterprise in this country. The steady and systematic contraction of currency with the inevitable rise in money rates, the artificial fall in prices and the increase in the imports of foreign manufactures on account of the virtual bounty of 12 1/2 per cent. due to the new ratio have all combined to cripple new industrial enterprise. The new floatations during the last five years have been meagre enough but the effect on the existing industries has been even more ruinous. Jute and Tea are monopoly industries and even their prices have not always kept steady although generally these industries have been prosperous on account of their monopolist character. That the cement industry has not suffered is due to special reasons which are well-known. The coal industry is also struggling hard for the last six or seven years. Your Petitioners would, however, like to refer specifically to the cotton mill industry in the country, which has been showing a progressive decline as the millowners are unable to compete with this unfair handicap placed upon them by the higher rupee exchange. That industry is being hit the hardest and is threatened with imminent ruin. To indicate the present position of the cotton textile mills in Bombay we may mention that the present market valuation of the capital of no less than fifteen mills is considerably lower than the dividends paid by these mills six years ago. This perilous condition of the most considerable Indian industry, next after agriculture, is mainly due to the rise in the exchange value of the rupee; and that since there is imminent danger of this industry being absolutely cut out, a return to 16d. rupee has become imperative.

A MEANS OF SALVAGE

Your Petitioners have referred to the possible alternative of a cut in the costs of production, as a means to salvage and with a view to prevent the textile industry from being irretrievably ruined. Notwithstanding several attempts to seek directions in which cuts could be made without affecting vitally the future of the industry, the manufacturers have found little success. When depression came, and the high exchange aggravated it, the profits of the capitalist, of course, fell and fell first being the most obvious element to admit a cut. They have next attempted to cut wages so as to bring them more in accordance not only with the earning capacity of the industry but also in accordance with reduction in the cost of living as is brought about by a fall in prices due to the higher ratio. But these attempts have invariably caused an intense strain between Capital and Labour and have resulted in further losses to the annual wealth-production in the country and the chances of an equal competition for Indian industry have receded in the back ground. In this connection, your Petitioners cannot but refer to the almost prophetic observations in the Minute of Dissent by Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas, Member of the last Hilton-Young Commission on Indian Currency.

It is natural that Labour should be ever unwilling to surrender such accession to its nominal wages, that it might have adventitiously secured as in the present case or after heavy struggle with Caiptal. In India, Labour is not yet organised enough to realise all the factors that affect the prosperity of the industry it is engaged in; nor is it intelligent enough to be willing to sacrifice a part of its barely living wage, merely because the cost of living is alleged to have fallen, thanks to the enhanced exchange value of the country's current coin. All the numerous and protracted strikes that have broken out during the last three or four years are on the one hand due to the inability of the industries under the 18d. rupee to maintain the same scale of wages as they paid when the rupee was stabilised at 16d. and on the other hand to the inability of the workers to understand the operation of the economic forces or their willingness to give up without a struggle the slight improvement in their wages resulting from an appreciation of the rupee. Hence the utter unwillingness of this class to accept a reduction now in their money-wages because the cost of living is said to have fallen due to high exchange.

UNREST AGGRAVATES

Industrial unrest is thus growing day by day to the immense prejudice of the country's productive capacity, already weakened by the insupportable exchange. The hardship, however, your Petitioners are bound to point out, falls with more extreme severity on the tiller of the soil and on the manual labourer engaged in the larger industries than on the employees of Government, public bodies, or even commercial firms. All these latter classes of wage-earners generally have managed to secure for themselves increments of income which are unaffected by the fall in prices.

(To Be Continued.)

Another "Hopeless Case" saved by VIROL.

A RECENT PHOTOGRAPH OF MAURICE PICKERING, AGE 22.

REMARKABLE LIFE-STORY of Maurice Pickering

Here is the actual history, step by step, of Maurice Pickering, who nearly died.

In 1910 Maurice Pickering, 32, Ninth Avenue, Hearon, Newcastle-on-Tyne, wasted terribly as a result of blood-poisoning and lung trouble (see photo No. 1). *"Then he was put on Virol.* After 5 months he was a fine, strong, healthy boy (see photo No. 2). His doctor at Newcastle-on-Tyne confirmed "the wonderful improvement made by this child after feeding on Virol. I quite feared his case was hopeless."

SAME BOY 6 YEARS OLD

PHOTO No. 1.
BEFORE TAKING VIROL.

PHOTO No 2.
AFTER 5 MONTHS ON VIROL

Permanent Recovery by taking VIROL

To-day Maurice Pickering is 22 (look at the big picture at the top). A Canadian doctor at Victoria, B.C., has just examined him and certifies that he is "well developed muscularly and in general good health and physical condition." He has done ranching and harvestwork in Canada. He has been exposed to extremes of heat and cold (from 100° above to 30° below zero in a few weeks), without harm to a body that has been strengthened and built by taking Virol through childhood and adolescence.

He is still taking Virol, and, in his own words, "Virol has enabled him to go through some of the toughest conditions to be found in the world."

These are guaranteed to be genuine photographs and accurate particulars of Maurice Pickering. This and every other case published by Virol, Ltd., are open to the strictest investigation by any Doctor interested.

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THE WEATHER

MONSOON ACTIVE IN C. P. & KONKANI

POONA, Sept. 6.

The unsettled conditions at the head of the Bay of Bengal have disappeared. The monsoon is active in Lower Burma, Bihar and Orissa, the Central Provinces and Konkan.

Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Chota Nagpur, West Central India, east Central Provinces, Konkan and local in Assam, Orissa, Bihar, Kumaon Hills, west Central Provinces. A few falls have occurred in Upper Burma, Bengal, east United Provinces, Kashmir and Malabar.

The chief amounts of rainfall are: Port Blair one inch, Tavoy three, Diamond Island and Gwa one and a half, Mergui one, Purnea two, Sambalpur one and a half, Cherrapunji, Ranchi, Calcutta one, Bhopal, Saugor, Pendra, Pachmarhi one and a half, Kanker one, Mangalore three quarters, Bombay and Karwar a half.

Forecast: Rainfall is likely to extend in United Provinces.—A.

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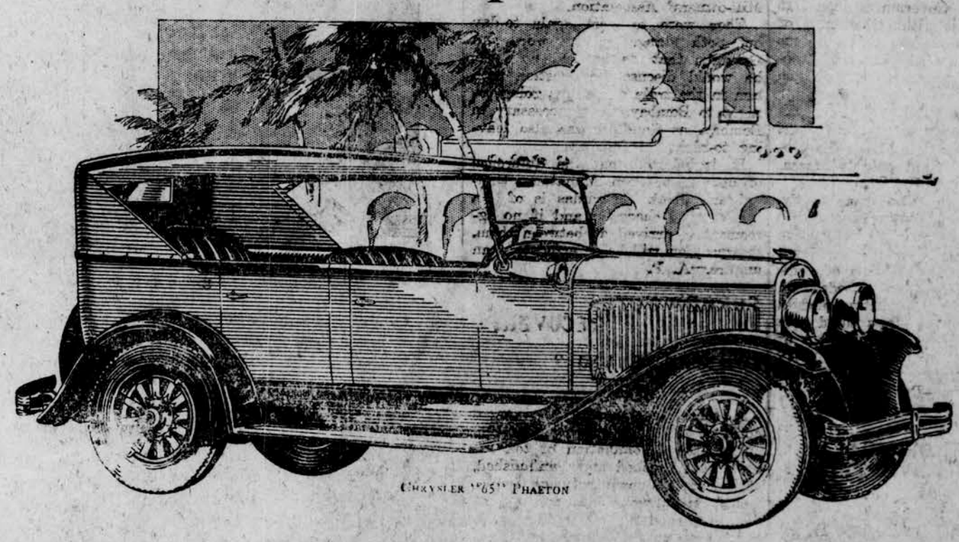

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Story By Mr. SHAIDA (Editor Be Ghadi Mouj).

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TIME AS USUAL SEE TO-NIGHT DON'T MISS.

KRISHNA CINEMA

DUBASH THEATRE, New Charni Road.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT

Bombay, Sept. 6.

General remarks: The monsoon is active in the Central Provinces and the Konkan. Rainfall has been nearly general in west Central India, the east Central Provinces and the Konkan, and local in the west Central Provinces, while a few falls have occurred in the east United Provinces and Malabar. Skies are moderately to heavily clouded in north Hyderabad, the Konkan, south Gujarat and lower Sind and lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere except in the Punjab, Baluchistan and upper Sind, where they are clear. The air is drier than usual in the south Deccan and southeast Madras. The highest temperature recorded yesterday was 101 deg at Jacobabad.

Forecast:—Rainfall is likely to extend in the United Provinces.

Rainfall for 24 hours ending at 8 hours on the 6th September 1929.

Station	Rainfall
Kotah	0.09"
Veraval	0.09"
Neemuch	0.21"
Indore	0.15"
Amraoti	0.02"
Hoshangabad	0.09"
Saugor	1.50"
Nagpur	0.03"
Raipur	0.68"
Chanda	0.18"
Ratnagiri	0.29"
Marmugao	0.12"
Karwar	0.42"
Mahableshwar	0.30"
Mangalore	0.68"
Calicut	0.06"
Cochin	0.02"
Vizagapatam	0.02"
Colombo	0.04"

WEEKLY WEATHER REPORT

POONA, Sept. 6.

Special weekly weather report for week ending Wednesday the 4th instant says that the monsoon was active in north-east India, east United Provinces, east and north Punjab, Central Provinces and north Madras coast. On the first two days, it was generally active in Burma, west United Provinces, East Rajputana, central parts of the country and along the west coast. During the rest of the days, the depression which centred over north Punjab became unimportant. After causing locally heavy rain there and in Kashmere on the 28th August the Bay depression at the end of the previous week moved towards Gopalpur and after crossing the coast on the 30th August, lay over Central Provinces on the 31st August and became unimportant after the 1st September, causing locally heavy rain in the neighbourhood. Some noteworthy heavy rainfalls are: Riasi, Kashmere 12 inches; Akhunur, Kashmere seven; Jammu six and Gulmarg five on the 27th August; Judgalpur four on the 29th August; Panchmarhi six and Raipur five on the 30th August and Akyab and Cox's Bazaar five each and Narayanganj four on the 3rd instant.—A. P.

THIRTY YEARS' REPUTATION

AND WHY.

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LONDON TOPICS

—:o:—

ANOTHER TEXTILE DISPUTE?

(From Sunder P. Kabadi.)

By Air Mail
LONDON, Aug. 23

The Cotton Lock-out, Another Textile Dispute.—Education for Adults.—Going Back to Methuselah. Saving Nation's Babies. The "Mosquito Day".—Anglo-American Naval Talks.—The Premier's Emotion.—Defence of Stag Hunting.—The Whitehall Gardens.—M.P. Accuses Tasmania Government.—"No. 10" in a Bed room.—Roads Up and Spirits Down.—"Pipes Out" Order.—The T.T. Race,—a German Victory—King Goes to Sandringham.—"Sunday Worker" in Difficulty.

The Manchester Cotton dispute was settled last week and the mills reopened on Monday. The employers' claim for a wages reduction was referred to arbitration and until the award was received work would be continued at the old rates. Before the long negotiations ended two extremly interesting proposals were brought forward. The employers asked the operatives to declare whether they are willing to submit "future major questions of disputes" to arbitration. To this the Unions are later to return a formal reply. Then Sir Horace Wilson put before the two sides a suggestion for permanent machinery of cooperation in the industry — the setting up of a Joint Consultative Committee of employers and operatives, with an independent chairman, to co-operate with the Government Committee of Inquiry, and with the Joint Committee of Cotton Trade Organisations, and for discussing joint proposals that may be made to improve the state of the industry and to strengthen its competitive position." He made the suggestion without previous formal consultation, and it was received very warmly. On all hands there were loud praise for Sir Horace Wilson, who has won golden opinions from both sides. As one employer said, had the Prime Minister or Miss Bondfield come to Manchester they might have with a rude snub, but Sir Horace, as a civil servant with no axe to grind, was listened to with complete respect.

The Board of Arbitration appointed by the Ministry of Labour to enquire into the application of the employers for a 12 1/2 per cent reduction the operative's wages commenced sittings on Wednesday morning at the Manchester Town Hall. The Board consists of Sir Rigby Swift, Chairman, Sir Arthur Balfour, Mr. C. T. Cramp, Sir Archibald Ross and M. A. G. Walkden, M.P. Mr. W. L. Buxton of the Ministry of Labour acts as the Secretary. The arbitrators had announced officially on Tuesday night that the enquiry would be conducted in the presence of press representatives and the public, a decision at which the members arrived in consultation. The decision was, however, reversed, before the Tribunal entered the Lord Mayor's parlour where the sittings are taking place. When the Court rose on Wednesday evening only a brief official statement was made to the press. This was that evidence had been taken and that the Court would resume at 10.30 next morning. It was learned that such rapid progress hal been made that the enquiry will probably be concluded earlier than had been generally expected.

ANOTHER TEXTILE DISPUTE.

While the stoppage in the cotton industry has been settled by reference of the employers' demand for a wages reduction to arbitration, the similar demand of the employers in the woollen and worsted industry is being less easily disposed of. The Unions have offered a reference to arbitration, but so far the employers have refused, although doubtless Government pressure will shortly be brought on them. There is far less reason for the dispute developing into a stoppage of work than there was in the case of cotton. The officials of the woollen unions have offered in face of a hostile vote from their members, to agree to a reduction of 7 1/2 per cent. The employers, however, insist on one of 9 per cent. This is a small matter but big enough to cause trouble when both sides are obstinate.

EDUCATION FOR ADULTS.

More than 400 educationsist from 66 countries are taking part in the first world conference on Adult Education which opens at Cambridge today. The membership of the World Conference on Adult Education, is largely drawn from the North European countries and from the United States. The two biggest foreign contingents will be the American and German, followed rather surprisingly by the Poles and then by Czeco-Slovakia, a country which has done as much as any for the education of the workers. France sends M. Maurice Rogers, who is inspector General in the Ministry of public Instruction, but in the main the Latin countries are very scantily represented, a fact which is not unconnected with the backward state of the movement in the South of Europe. One of the most interesting meetings should be that on broadcasting and education, at which the general secretary of the International Broadcasting Union will preside. The discussion will be opened by Dr. Fritz Kaphahn, who is chairman of the Advisory Committee of the Middle German Broadcasting Company. Settlements and books are two other subjects which are likely to provoke a good deal of discussion and keen interest.

Organised by the World Association for Adult Education, the Conference Agenda embraces such subjects as wireless, the abolition of illiteracy, libraries, work cooperation, humanistic and technical instruction and the educational needs of parents, seafarers, rural and industrial workers and women. Messages have been sent to the Conference by the Prime Minister and Lord Irwin, the Viceroy of India. In the course of his message the Prime Minister says in this country we are increasingly coming to realise the importance of adult education. It enables those who have been prevented by poverty from obtaining an adequate education in youth to make up some of the lost ground in later life; and it gives every one a chance of keeping up under trained guidance with the new discoveries and new developments of thougin which are always in Progress. Lord Irwin says; "every day it is coming to be realised that it is not enough to teach the child alone, and that men and women must go to their graves still pupils. Certainly the future of the world largely depends upon the extent to which those who guide its destiny can through real education be assisted to obtain a true scale of values, and to apply them to civic and national life. I am glad that the Government of India has found it possible to send an official delegate and that representatives will be there from some of the Indian States. If the Conference can help to raise the educational standard there, all who care for the good governance and well-being of the Indian Empire will ideed wish you well."

Dr. Albert Mansbridge will preside and amongst the speakers will be Count Hirotaro Hayashi (President Japanese Education Association) M. Maurice Roger, France, Dr. F. Kaphahn, Germany, Dr. Henry de Man, Belgium, Dr. Rickard Sandler, ex-Prime Minister of Sweden, Sir Michael Sadler, Dr. Tomas Jones and Dr. R. St. John Parry, Great Britain.

GOING BACK TO METHUSELAH.

A Centenarian Club has been formed in London consisting of about 500 men and women who hope to reach the age of 100. Dr. Maurice Ernest, the founder of the Club stated yesterday that the members are not required to subscribe to any particular fads. They may drink alcohol, smoke and eat animal food, providing they do everything in moderation. Returns of centenarians that he had received showed that women preponderated in the proportion of five to one. As to why they wanted to live to be a hundred, Dr. Ernest said "A man who thinks he is going to die at 50 believes in a short life and merry one and lives for himself. If he believes he is going to live for another fifty years, it gives him an added interest in life and a less selfish outlook." Most of the members are of the professional classes, and their average age is between 50 and 60. They have all pledged themselves to spread sound principles on matters of health but they do not in the least believe that long life necessarily depends on teetotalism vegetarianism or non-smoking. Of the 36 women centenarians mentioned in the reports of medical men on 52 reputed centenarians, it was found that 26 had been married and 11 of them had large families. In the opinion of Dr. Ernest women preponderate because after the age of 50 they indulge in less physical exertion and probably drink and smoke less. A physical reason is that they breathe more rapidly than men.

SAVING NATION'S BABIES.

According to the report published by the Ministry of health, out of 1,083 infantile deaths investigated, 774 of the children were either born dead or died during the first month of life. Emphasising this fact, Dame Janet Campbell, the senior medical officer for maternity and child welfare at the Ministry of Health declares that "unles and until good midwifery in its widest sense is available for all mothers, we shall continue to lose many infant lives which might be saved." Midwifery in working class homes, she adds, cannot be properly carried out unless it is subsidies in some way.

Dame Janet Campbell made these investigations as the English part of an international inquiry instituted by the League of Nations. They were conducted in four selected districts, two districts where infant mortality

(Continued on next page.)

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Opposite Majestic Cinema.

LONDON TOPICS

(Continued from previous page.)

is relatively high and two others where it is relatively low. The Dame's suggested remedies are the establishment of a wellorganised maternity services available for every woman who cannot afford to provide adequate facilities for herself, secondly, the extension and devlopment of home visiting and vant welfare centres so that these may be fully available for all mothers, with a view to the better education of the mothers and the protection of the child from available disease or infection, thirdly the provision of a domiciliary nursing services for minor and major infantile maladies, fourthly an extension in domiciliary medical attendance under the National Health Insurance service and lastly an increase in hospital accommodation for infants who cannot properly be nursed at home.

THE "MOSQUITO DAY".

Tuesday was the "Mosquito Day", it being the 32nd anniversary of the discovery by Sir Ronald Ross of the malaria germ in the body of a dissected mosquito and an informal lunch to relatives and scientist friends of the discoverer was held at the Ross Institute to celebrate the anniversary. Sir William Simpson made the only speech saying that he ventured to believe that in 100 years time another party at the Institute would be celebrating August 20 as "Mosquito Day" with a still fuller realisation of its importance. The Party included Lady Ross, the distinguished Italian Dr. Aldo Castellani, Dr. Bruni, Hygiene Officer of the Italian Army who has been sent by Signor Mussolini to study malaria control at the Ross Institute and Sir Malcolm Watson and Major Stevens who have just returned from a long tour of India, advising local rulers on malaria prevention. On the menu cards were types the stanzas written by Sir Ronald at Secunderabad on the eevening of August 20, 1897, an hour after the historic discovery:

"This day relenting God
Hath placed within my hand
A wonderous thing; and God
Be praised. At His command,
Seeking His secret deeds
With tears and toiling breath,
I find thy cunning seeds
O million-murdering Death.
I know this little thing
A myriad men will save;
O Death, where is thy sting,
Thy victory, O Grave?"

ANGLO-AMERICAN NAVAL TALKS.

The Prime Minister issued a statement from Lossiemouth on Tuesday evening on his conversations with General Dawes, the American Ambassador with regard to the Anglo-American Naval talks. The Primer thinks that "if the exchanges of views and arguments which have taken place are ever published it will be seen that these questions have been discussed with great frankness, the very best of goodwill and an increasing understanding of the position of both sides. Everything has been under revie, from the composition and effects of a yardstick to the function of police cruisers and the composition of fleets from first class battleships to submarines has been surveyed. Everything is at the moment tentative and it would only mislead the public if trial suggestions and proposals were disclosed. Both of us are fully aware, however, that no agreement between us can carry us very far unless other Powers agree and that conditions all our work. A wide conference, say a resumption of the Washington Conference before the date now fixed for it, is at the back of our minds all the time.

President Hoover declined to make any comment on the conversations but added that he had something illuminating to disclose in the near future. General Dawes commented upon the conversations this afternoon when he spoke at Elgin, Morayshire on the occasion when the Premier received the Freedom of Elgin, the capital of his native country. The general said "The arbitrators of the ultimate fate of this naval efforts will be the respective public sentiments of the Naval Powers and time must be taken to reduce to their simplest terms before their public discussion the problems it involves so that the average man can then understand better what it is all about."

THE PREMIER'S EMOTION.

After he had received the Freedom of Elgin this afternoon, Mr. MacDonald, with whom were members of his family, the two daughters and two sons, spoke with a deep feeling of his love for his country. This day he said he was where his footsteps in infancy wandered. In a touchy manner he said "Oh, my friends, when your home country honours you it is indeed wine of a very rare vintage. I am very proud to be a Freeman of this ancient place and to share in a poor way its fine flamour and romantic history. When I come up here I come as the swallow in its homeward flight. It matters not whether I come homewards in winter or in mid-June. Morayshire is always a garden to me. Now my return home as a Freeman will give me a still greater joy."

DEFENCE OF STAG HUNTING.

When a national appeal to the Government is being issued by those who abhor wanton cruelty to stags and a concerted action by lovers of animal is being taken, a defence of stag hunting was made on Friday at Exford by Sir Francis Acland, the former Liberal member of Parliament at a luncheon given by the Master of the Devon and Somerset Staghounds to the preservers of deer. Sir Francis proposing the prosperity to Stag-hunting said he thought the sport was one of the most glorious there was and was followed and supported by some of the finest people who had ever lived. In his opinion stag hunting had been criticised lately be people come of whom were quite sincere and by others with prejudice and amazing ignorance. "If people go on picking stag hunting out for special attack," he concuded, "all I can say is do not bother about them, for nothing you can do will do them any good. They are not only ignorant, they want to remain ignorant, and you can only console yourselves for their existence by reflecting that there must be some uch people."

THE WHITEHALL GARDENS.

It is admitted at the Office of Works that plans are now in hand for pulling down the houses in Whitehall Gardens and building there a huge new Government office on the scale of the War Office. These old houses in a backwater behind Whitehall with a bit of greenary at their front doors are all occupied as Government offices, the Transport Ministry being the most important. All these Ministries are complaining bitterly of being overcrowded; even the junior clerks it is understood lament that they have not sufficient elbow room for copying minutes of filing documents. There is a strong opposition to the destruction of these ancient houses on the grounds that they are worth preserving for their own interest and associations. Number 7 now the Ministry of Transport was restored by Sir William Chambers after a fire in the 18th century. At No. 4 Peel lived as Prime Minister and died there in 1850, after he had been thrown from his horse on Constitution Hill. Disraeli lived at No. 2, for a time before he became Prime Minister in the seventies.

M. P. ACCUSES A GOVERNMENT.

Mr F. A. Macquisten, K. C., M.P., chairman of the Australian Commonwealth Carbide Company, Limited made accusations against the Tasmania Government there the other day at the annual meeting of the company which broke up in disorder. It was stated that the Co., had given instructions for proceedings to be instituted in Tasmania against the Tasmania Government. "One often hears of a Government being taken advantage of by private individuals" said Mr. Macquisten, 7 but here the Tasmania Government has reversed the procedure. The Tasmania Government sold to us a works and a business on the misrepresentation that they were selling to us again concern which had prospered in their hands and was equipped with new and costly machinery; and they produced figures to substantiate these things. Their assurances were all untrue. The business had not prospered, and it was not a going concern. In the year before they sold to us in which they stated they made a profit, they made a loss. The works have had from time to time to be closed. All their statements were untrue and what they sold the company was a liability instead of an asset, qualified by the value of the machinery at break-up prices."

"NO. 10," IN A BEDROOM.

The annual holiday visit of the Premier to Lossiemouth wil come to an end to-morrow, when he will leave his country house and return to London to go to Geneva at the end of the month. Here at Lossiemouth Mr. Macdonald had wrested with diverse problems—Egypt, the Hague, and the Anglo-American Naval pact. He said "I might as well have been in Downing Street save for the wonderful air of Lossiemouth, the golf and my evening walks. All these days at Lossiemouth, Mr. MacDonald used to sit at a big flat topped desk, which almost filled the small room. Behind his head on the white enameled mantlepiece was a telephone which rang again and again. On the desk among the despatches was the book which he always carries with him on air trips, Hazlitt's "Table Talk". Near it was lying General Dawes' corncob pipes, a present he had made to the Premier during one of their talks. Above his bed was the photo of his late wife. From this place it was that the Premier sent that momentous telegram to Mr. Snowdoen at the Haigue charged with the moral support of the country to his compatriot.

ROADS UP AND SPIRITS DOWN IN LONDON.

August is the month when the road menders descend in armies on London's streets when all is not quiet on the West End front. To-day the tar boilers are smoking in the Strand, and soldiers stand on sentry-duty infront of earth works outside St. James's Palace, and corduroy-trousered men have taken possession of aristocratic Park Street, Mayfair. A tour of London's devastated streets for an hour and a drive among barricades, potholes, roaring drills and

(Continued on page 14.)

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is a woman's chief asset, and more than anything else the possession of beauty gives happiness and content to woman and pleasure to the men of her family.

MILLIONS

of women in every part of the World have preserved and improved their beauty by the use of Oatine Cream and Oatine Snow; Oatine Cream massaged well into the skin each night will reveal the hidden beauty that lies beneath the skin in every woman, while Oatine Snow used during the day will preserve the complexion against any climatic conditions. Make and keep your women folk happy and contented by taking Oatine home to them, after a course of the Oatine treatment their enhanced beauty will give them and you the greatest pleasure.

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"I prescribe Zam-Buk as a sure and perfect healer for the majority of common skin troubles. Zam-Buk was completely successful in a case of chronic weeping eczema. Timely dressings of Zam-Buk herbal balm in active cases of burns have brought rapid healing with firm new skin. I have also had proof that it speedily removes dandruff and other prevalent scalp disease." Dr. Jyotish Chandra Bagchi, L.M.F., Medical Officer, Durgaganj P.O. Purnea, India.

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"Our little boy had a terrible attack of eczema which spread rapidly over his body. I tried some stuff which an hospital student gave me, but it failed to cure the dreadful sores. As we were over 100 miles from the nearest doctor I began to feel desperate, but happily friends sent me Zam-Buk to try. I applied the balm liberally and next morning there was a great change for the better. Zam-Buk soon made my boy's skin healthy again." Mrs. G. F. Draffin, C.I. Mission, Nanchowting, Hunan, China.

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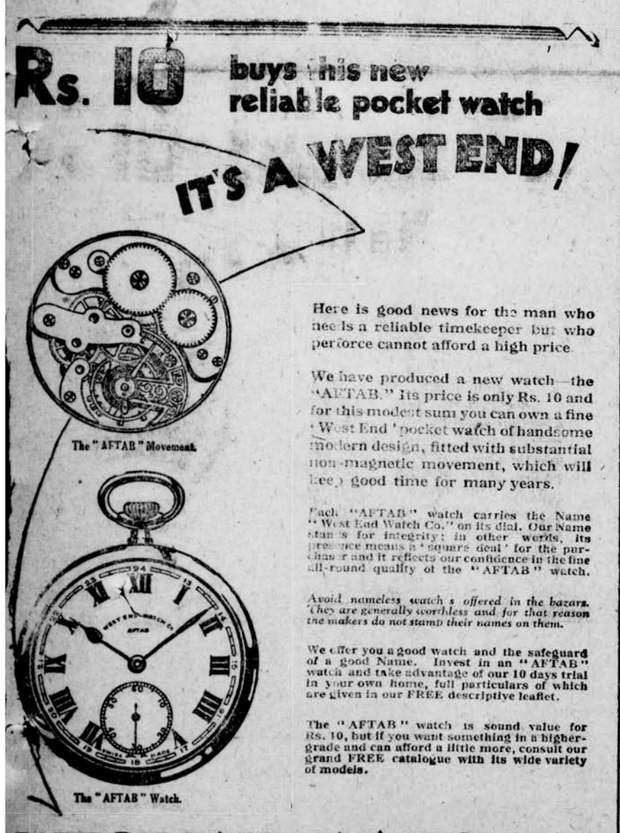
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What the People Say

A QUERY

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Will any of your numerous readers, enlighten the public through the medium of your paper as to what steps have been taken either by the B. B. & C. I. R. authorities or by the Police, in the matter of disturbance caused by two military officers at dead of night on the Santa Cruz Railway platform? This occured some ten days ago and I have been keenly reading your paper from the beginning to the end to know something about this but always failed to find anything?—Yours, etc.,

ONE WHO KNOWS.

WESTERN INDIA MATCH COMPANY

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Your correspondents—"Scrutator", "Investor" and "Searchlight"—seem to me to be taking the latest prospectus of the Swedish Match Company's people in India rather more seriously than they might an after-dinner speech.

The persistent withholding, from the general Indian public, of information such as qualifications of directors, Memorandum and Articles of Association, the proportion of book value of the factories to their present real value, etc., etc., however significant and instructive to the student of big foreign business in India like that of the financially powerful Swedish Match Co., which has successfully acquired the main control of the match industry in a number of European countries besides Japan, would not fail to appear inconsistent with the intention of the "Swedish Match Company to invite the co-operation of local capital" so magnanimously declared in the prospectus.

In order that there should be no suspicion on the part of the Indian people and Government that the Indianisation of the Western India Match Company is more legal than real, I wish to express my humble opinion that the Swedish concern and Sir Pheroze Sethna, ex-chairman of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, should lose no more time in enlightening the public on the various questions raised by your correspondents.—Yours, etc.,

H. S. M.

SWAMIGAL OF PANDHARPUR

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—Brahmasri Ramakoti Veeraraghava Swamigal of Pandharpur who has been entertaining the Tamil audience at Matunga for the past one week, is a remarkable personality and is the most finished product of Bhakti cult. His discourses on Rama-Nama Vaibhavam, life of Tulsidas and Sri Tyagaraja's life were highly interesting as each one of them was presented with a spiritual background at every stage, and they were listened to with rapt attention by hundreds of listeners who had gathered to hear the learned Swamiji. His method of singing is artistically eminent and spiritually soul-refreshing and indicates the potentialities of sweetness in expression which is really a God-given merit and not a man-made acquisition.

As there is a proposal to have a few more performances in the course of next week, it is hoped that the Tamil-knowing public of Bombay will avail themselves of the opportunity of hearing an ideal representative of the Tyagaraja school of music.—Yours, etc.,

T. V. KRISHNASWAMI RAU.

Bombay, Sept. 5.

"OPEN DOOR"

—:o:—

To The Editor of the "Chronicle."

Sir,—The Hindu Mahasabha stands in no need of certificate from men like P. R. Lele who in his article headed "Open Door" in today's issue of the "Chronicle", shows his utter ignorance of the aim, sphere and activities of the Hindu Maha Sabha. The assertion by him that "the Hindu Maha Sabha has no title to represent Hindus politically" will be very welcome in certain quarters but beyond that it will carry no weight. Mahatma Gandhi and even Pandit Motilal Nerhu recognise that in questions concerning the rights of the Hindus, if there is one organisation in the country which can speak with authority in the name of the Hindu Community, it is the Hindu Mahasabha and none else. It is true that the Hindus always claimed common political rights for all Indians through the Indian National Congress which was led by Christians, Parsis and Mussalmans. It was the establishment of the All India Muslim League and the predominating influence which the Khalafat workers began to exercise on the workings of the Indian National Congress that made it necessary for the Hindus to form a separate organisation to protect the interests of the vast Hindu Community against the claim of the militant Mussalmans.

Mr. Lele has brought in the name of Lokmanya Tilak as having recognised the claims of the Muslim League. If Lokamanya Tilak had been alive to-day he would have been the first person to repudiate the unreasonable claims which are being put forward by the Mussalmans. It does not require much imagination to see that Lokamanya in 1929 would have taken up the same attitude which has been taken by his worthy lieutenant, Sj. N. C. Kelkar.

According to Mr. Lele the Hindu Maha Sabha is not able to speak even for all its members? This seems to be very interesting discovery. How and when has he discovered it? It is absolutely false to say that many Hindu Sabhites support untouchability. It is not by such misrepresentation that the Hindu Maha Sabha will be made to give up protecting the just rights of the Hindu community. Mr Lele and men like him know very well that in coming forward to advocate that all the unreasonable claims of the Mahomedans should be conceded they are speaking only for themselves and for none else. As for as Hindu community is concerned it will stand by the compromise embodied in the Nehru Report and will not allow any further concessions however cleverly they may be claimed by the various groups of Mohamedans. Sooner this fact is recognised better it will be for every body.—Yours etc.,

CONCERNED.

September 3.

CONGRESS MUSLIM PARTY

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—After the historical suspension of the Non-Co-operation movement the political situation of India took a very grave turn and the most outstanding and noteworthy after-effect of this suspension was to create a marked feeling of mistrust and apathy between the two great communities of India, namely, the Hindus and the Muslims. With the lapse of time the gulf of breach between the two communities became wider and wider and some of the best brains of the country failed to find any effective remedy for this alarming disunity and gave up the question in despair. Still there were some liberal and broad-minded politicians in both the communities who thought and still think that the Hindu-Muslim unity must come and the Muslim Congress Party is one of the fruits of the genuine and sincere efforts of such optimistic politicians. The aims and objects of the party are the same as that of the Indian National Congress, but the most important part which is to be played by this party is to create a feeling of harmony and peace between the two communities and to educate the Muslims regarding the activities of the Congress. It is an acknowledged fact that the achievement of Swaraj depends on Hindu-Muslim unity or if I say in the words of Mr. Jinnah "Swaraj and Hindu-Muslim unity are interchangeable terms." It must be admitted that due to the grave feeling of apathy which exists between the two communities the Muslims of India hesitate to join the Congress, but I think now the time has come when Muslims should know that if they want that the Congress should accept their legitimate and reasonable political demands, they can only secure this by joining the Congress and not by remaining aloof from it. The All-India Muslim League was the only Muslim political institution which was considered responsible for the Muslim opinion in all the political circles of the country. After the sad fate of the League there is not a single political institution which can be considered responsible for the Muslim opinion regarding any political question of the country. If we join this party whole-heartedly and make it a fully representative body of the Muslim of India,—it being a party within the Congress—it would be impossible for the majority in the Congress to ignore any reasonable demand put forth by the party. It is evident that just as the Hindu loyalists do not sympathise with the activities of the Congress in the same way we cannot expect the loyalist section of the Muslim community to sympathise with the party. These loyalists must be allowed to have their own way and their opinions should not carry any weight among the Nationalist circle of the country. Finally, there remains the much-discussed Nehru Report for which without any extra remarks I join with Mr. Chagla in his appeal to Mr. Jinnah to bring about the settlement regarding the Nehru Report as soon as possible. If the settlement is brought about at an early date, it will certainly prove very beneficial to the healthy progress of the party.

Once again I appeal to my Muslim brethren to join this party whole-heartedly and to help Mr. S. A. Relvi, the President of the Party, who has undertaken this work.—Yours, etc.,

BABARALI M. DOCTOR.

Lalbazar.

Broach, Sept. 2.

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The principal Donation amounts will be invested in the **Government Securities** and also **on Security of immoveable properties** and it is out of interest that accrues on the Donation Amounts and the **nett profit** of the Association, the Charitable Institutions will be maintained and aided, the loans granted to the Donors by drawings and Bonus and dividend paid to their (Donors') heirs.

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LONDON TOPICS

(Continued from page 12.)

night-watchmen's shelters will evoke admiration in any one for the patience of the London drivers and the unending curiosity of the crowds who stand and watch for hours together the repairs that are carried out at present. In Strand opposite the Law Courts the traffic to-day crawled past o the other side of the road. People leaned over from bus tops to stare at the steaming tar, the mounds of broken stone, the giant crushing machines, the men with the drills. Along Fleet Street one could see two wooden houses that have been built in the middle of the road to shelter some mysterious excavations. Marlborough Fate—the little stretch of road running between Pall Mall and the Mall, past St. James's Palace—is like a scene from a war film. New Bridge Street is in the hands of gas men owing to the leakage of gas the other day. Vast cavern yawn in the roadway, and the traffic struggles past grimly. In Park Road, close to Lord's Cricket Ground the traffic is hemmed in between high wooden walls and the roadway bears these gigantic white words: "Drive Slowly". Oxford Street has escaped the ordinary road-menders but the electricity men have set up their tent on the pavement near Marble Arch, and are doing mysterious things with cables. There is considerable activity in the Eastern Front too. At Gardiner's Corner, in Whitechapel-road, the work of relaying the tram lines is likely to last for three months. The crowds gaze at great stacks of new granite setts, piles of tram lines, strange engines, motor tractors, and gas cylinders for lighting up the area at night. And in the midst of the No Man's Land notice boards proclaim ironically "Caution, No Road".

"PIPES OUT" ORDER.

Extraordinary precautions had to be taken on Tuesday night in the city to prevent a serious has explosion. A big leakage of gas from a spurt main, has been reported from New Bridge Street near Blackfrairs and posse of 200 police men was rushed to the scene to draw a cordon round the zone. Big official notices warning pedestrians not to smoke or strike matches were displayed outside public houses and business house and 500 workmen many of whom wore gas masks tore up the road in a search for the leakage. Traffic was seriously dislocated and thousands of people paused to watch the frantic work of the workmen. The police did not relax their vigilance in warning people not to smoke and even people who passed through the "danger zone" by car were ordered to put out pipes and cigarettes.

THE T. T. RACE.—A GERMAN VICTORY.

The T. T. Car race, the only motor road race held in Great Britain on last Saturday was run over the Ard course, near Belfast and resulted in a win for a German car handled by a German driver. The Ards circuit is a difficult one consisting of a triangular course 13 2/3 miles long and it had to be covered thirty times by cars starting from scratch. Handicapping was on a basis of laps, the smallest cars of the baby class being credited with five complete laps. There was a record entry and for the first time in this race German cars were driven by German drivers. Carraciola, driving a big supercharged Mercedes came in first after a masterly exhibition of race driving and Campari was second with the Alfa Romeo. The British cars made a gallant fight of it, the Baby Austin claimed the third and fourth places with speeds of almost 60 miles an hour. The race which was run over a course made very dangerous by rain, quickly resolved itself into a duel between Carraciola's giant Mercedes and the "Baby" Austins, whose engines are about one-tenth the size of the German engine. Kaye Don, last year's winner, met with trouble very early. The gruelling nature of the race may be judged from the fact that only a third of the 65 starters finished within the time limit. The team prize was awarded to the Alfa Romeos.

KING GOES TO SANDRINGHAM.

The progress of His Majesty the King towards restoration to health continues satisfactorily. The wound is steadily diminishing in size and is healing well. The King has derived benefit from motoring and other physical exercises. According to this medical advisers, both bodily and mental activity are now undertaken without undue fatigue. The King will, therefore, leave for Sandringham tomorrow accompanied by the Queen. The Royalties will leave Buckingham Palace in a closed motor car at about 12.40 p.m. to take train at 12.55 from King's Cross. They will reach Wolferton at about 3.30 p.m. and the journey from Wolferton to Sandgraham will be made by motor cars.

"SUNDAY WORKER" IN DIFFICULTY.

The financial position of the "Sunday Worker", the organ of the local communists is far from satisfactory as will be observed from the signed appeal issued by its editor in its last week's issue. In appealing for funds he says "if by Saturday no funds to the extent of 600 pounds are raised you may miss your paper on Sunday morning". The Editor is facing the problem of finding £ 680 to meet the Printer, the creditors and the wages of the workmen.

BROACH PIONEER HIGH SCHOOL

—:o:—

LECTURE SERIES

(From a Correspondent).

BROACH, Sept. 2.

On Sunday Prof. Palande of M.T.B. Arts College, Surat, delivered a lecture on 'Army Organisation in India" under the auspices of the Pioneer High School. The lecturer very ably explained the organisation of the Indian Army and explained how the Indians were tactfully excluded from the Indian Army till 1921. The lecturer further said that at present 20 students were admitted yearly in the Royal Military College at Sandhurst and if the progress was to go on at this speed it would take 400 years to Indianise the Indian Army. Mr. C. B. Purani M.A., the president of the meeting also spoke. The enthusiastic proprietors of the Pioneer High School Messrs. K. C. Thakore and E. A. Patel have organised this lecture-series since last year. Nearly 16 lectures have been delivered till now by various distinguished lecturers. The student-world of Broach has been much benefiter by these instructive lectures. The Pioneer High School is the first private school in Gujrat which has ventured to take such an expensive step. It is the duty of the public of Broach in the interests of their children to support such self-sacrificing workers as Messrs. Thakore and Patel and to support their school in every possible way.

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NATIONAL STOCK TAKING DAY

Remember October 2nd

CONCENTRATE ATTENTION ON FOREIGN CLOTH BOYCOTT

The Hon. Secretary of the Foreign Cloth Boycott Committee (Indian National Congress) writes:—

Eight months have passed since the Calcutta Congress laid down a programme for Boycott of Foreign Cloth with a view to prepare the country for effective action to be taken next year. Only four months more remain and I hope that all Congress organisations will concentrate their efforts in carrying out the Boycott programme. It is necessary, for any proper attempt to measure the Nation's progress in this behalf, that regular reports of work done should reach this Office from all Congress organisations. Printed forms for weekly reports have been supplied to all District Congress Committees whose addresses have been communicated to this Office by their respective Provincial Committees. It has been found that most of the Congress Committees have failed to send in regular reports.

In the City of Bombay Province the following is the table of reports received from the Congress Committees:—

Regular reports: "G" Ward (Bhuleshwar) District Congress Committee.

Irregular reports: "D" Ward (Girgaum) District Congress Committee.

The following District Congress Committees have absolutely failed to respond and no report during the last three months has been sent by them. "A" Ward (Fort) D. C. C. "B" Ward (Mandvi) D. C. C. "E" Ward (Byculla) C. C. "F" Ward (Parel) C. C. "G" Ward (Dadar) C. C.

In the Maharashtra Province the following is the table of reports received from the Congress Committees:

Regular reports: Nil.

Irregular reports: Bombay Suburban District Congress Committee.

The following District Congress Committees have absolutely failed to respond and no report during the last three months has been sent by them. Satara D. C. C. Sholapur D. C. C. Ahmednagar C. C. E. Khandesh D. C. C. W. Khandesh D. C. C. Thana D. C. C. Kolaba D. C. C. Ratnagiri D. C. C. Nasik D. C. Poona D. C. C.

I hope the members of the defaulting Congress Committees will see that their Executive becomes more regular in the submission of reports of Boycott work done in that District. All Committees are expected to concentrate their attention on Boycott work in the course of this month and chalk out a big programme for 2nd October the day fixed for the second national stocktaking."

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY COTTON CROP

—:o:—

The Preliminary memorandum issued by Director of Agriculture, Poona on the early cotton crop of the Bombay Presidency (Deccan Districts only) including Indian States for the season 1929-30, showing estimates of 1st Aug. is as under:—

On an average of the five years ending 1927-28, the area under cotton in the territory to which this forecast relates has represented some 5.9 per cent. of the total area under the crop in the whole of India.

Information incomplete. Sowings generally commenced about middle June. These were delayed in places in North Deccan due to heavy rains, and in parts of East Deccan due to insufficient rains, but have now been completed nearly everywhere. Area so far reported 1,618 thousand acres in British Districts and five thousand acres in Indian States. Total 1,623 thousand acres: 2.6 per cent. below corresponding area last year but 16.3 per cent. above decennial average at same date. Decline in area is general and is due to the fact that in many parts of East Deccan sowings on extensive scale could not be undertaken owing to precarious nature of rains and had to be restricted either to places of sufficient moisture or to areas favoured with irrigation facilities. Crop in North Deccan making good progress generally but that in South-east Deccan badly requires more rain for further development, and in places, has commenced to wither. Irrigated crop in satisfactory condition. According to trade classification, Khandesh variety has 1,336 thousand acres under it, Barsi and Nagar 261 thousand acres, Kumpta and Dharwar 25 thousand acres and Westerns about one thousand acres.

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TRADE AND FINANCE

Plentiful Money with Numerous Tenders

GREAT ACTIVITY IN TATA STEEL SHARES

WEEKLY MARKET REVIEW

(From Our Special Correspondent.)
Bombay, Sept. 6.

MONEY.

Money remained plentiful during the week with numerous lenders of call funds at 1-1|2 per cent. Although the trade demand as per Bank's statement of 30th August shows a decrease of about Rs. 245 lacs, this figure does not represent the true position as the payment of Rs. 173 lacs for Treasury bills fell due the day following the issue of the statement. The following are the fixed deposit rates:—One month 2 per cent, two months 2-1|2, three months 3-1|4 per cent and six months 4 to 4-1|2 per cent.

A comparison between the Bank's statement of about this time last year and the present one reveals the important fact that the trade demand this yerr shows a decrease of Rs. 10.96 crores whereas the cash balance exceeds that of last year by Rs. 6.61 crores, despite the recent contraction of currency. This position amply justifies Government's action in contracting currency and would seem to fully answer the criticisms levelled in certain quarters.

Government have reduced their selling rate for 12 months' treasury bills from Rs. 94-15 to Rs. 94-14 which now gives a yield of 5.401 per cent.

It is regarded as somewhat strange in financial circles that in spite of the three forms of varied and attractive investments available (3, 6 and 12 months' treasury bills), the money market does not react towards higher rates.

The statement of the Imperial Bank of India as of 30th August shows an increase of Rs. 169.70 lacs in the Cash balance now standing at Rs. 31,61,78600 as against Rs. 25.01 crores at this time last year. The percentage of cash to liabilities is 36.95, an increase of 1.91 per cent over last week. Loans, Cash credits and Inland bills discounted have all gone down by Rs. 18.93 lacs, Rs. 81.74 lacs and Rs. 36.37 lacs respectively. Government deposits show a fall of Rs. 90.20 lacs to Rs. 12.44 crores, while other deposits are up by Rs. 106.20 lacs to Rs. 72.22 crores probably owing to payment by Government for sterling bought during the week. The Bank rate stands unchanged at 5 per cent.

The gilt-edged market was on the whole dull with prices maintained 3-1|2 per cent Paper rallied towards the close, particularly for forward delivery which closed at Rs. 68-7 under influence of bear covering. Ready paper after remaining steady at Rs. 68-5 improved at the close to Rs. 68|8-5 per cent 1945-55 Loan stood at Rs 102-2 and 1935 and 1933 Bonds remained unchanged at Rs. 98 and Rs. 109-14. 1939-44 Loan is quoted at Rs. 96-5. 6 per cent Bonds due 1934, 1931 and 1932 quietened to Rs. 101-4, 102-6 and Rs. 103-6 respectively. 6-1|2 per cent Bombay Development Loan was unmoved at Rs. 107. 4 per cent 1960-70 Loan was unaltered at Rs. 78 and 1934-37 at Rs. 90-12. 4-1|2 per cent 1934 Bonds are quoted at Rs. 96-2 and 1955-60 Loan at Rs. 90-2.

The currency return of the 31st August shows a decline of Rs. 72.26 lacs in the note circulation which now amounts to Rs. 185.20 crores. Silver coins and silver bullion under coinage have increased by Rs. 126.06 lacs to Rs. 107.23 crores and by Rs. 11.63 lacs to Rs. 4.57 crores respectively. Gold coin and bullion remain unchanged at Rs. 32.21 crores. Securities in India have fallen by Rs. 209.95 lacs to Rs. 39.13 crores representing the recent contraction of currency against "ad hoc" securities. The percentage of metallic reserve to circulation is 77.76 as against 76.72 a week ago.

EXCHANGE.

The long continued disparity in money rates between India and London has exercised a quietening effect on exchange. The issuance of three months' treasury bills has so far failed to counteract this tendency. Sellers of ready T.T. are quoted at 1s. 5-13|16 and buyers at 1s.5-27|32d. The demand for funds for financing the jute crop has not yet made itself felt. The enquiry for bullion remittances was fair and has more than off-set the appearance of export bills. In the forward market rates are slightly lower, the following being the closing quotation:—September 1s.5-13|16d to 27|32d, October 1s.5-7|8d to 29|32d, November 1s.5-15|16d, December 1s.5-31|32d, January 1s.6d, February 1s.5-31|32d and March 1s.5-15|16d.

A press communique of the 3rd instant states that the total remittances to the Home Treasury from 1st April to 31st August amounted to £9,805,000, of which £7,500,000 represent the transfer from Paper Currency Reserve to the Home Treasury at £2,305,000 sterling purchased in India. The latter amount includes £1,995,000 sterling purchased during the week ending 31st August 1929.

The present Government buying rate is 1s.5-7|8d.

The dollar sterling quotation kept steady at dol. 4.84-3|4 during the week. French francs appreciated from 123.93 to 123.86. The Belga and the Italian lira are quoted at 34.88 and 92.75 respectively.

GOLD.

Trade was dull in the gold market and prices were virtually unchanged, ready being quoted at Rs. 21-6-9 per tola throughout. The daily off-take and stocks are the same as last week, namely 8000 tolas and 1-1|2 lacs tolas respectively. Sovereigns are quoted at Rs. 13-8-6 for ready and Rs. 13-8-0 for delivery 16th September. In London the quotation for gold remained unmoved at 84s.11-1|2d. In our market the highest and lowest rates were Rs. 21-6-9 and Rs. 21-6-6 for ready, Rs. 21-7-0 and Rs. 21-6-9 for 19th September settlement and Rs. 21-7-3 and Rs. 21-7-0 for 19th October settlement. The incoming mail is expected to bring £15,000 gold. Inclusive of these arrivals and exclusive of the present week's shipment the total visible supply from London to India is about £60,000. The total Import during the week amounted to Rs. 1,675,117 in bar and coin. This week's shipment from London is expected to be £27,000.

The Transvaal gold output for the month of July last amounted to 889,480 fine ounces as compared with 856,029 fine ounces for June 1929 and 867,211 fine ounces for July 1928.

SILVER.

The tone of the silver market was somewhat quiet and prices declined by about 8 annas per 100 tolas from last week's level. After opening steady, ready rate dropped to Rs. 55, but closed at Rs. 55-3. The fall in the Shanghai tael from 2s.4-1|2d to 2s.4-5|16d was responsible for the subdued tone in the local market. China banks are reported to have sold ready silver, while delivery of about 500 bars was taken on American account at this settlement. The off-take including that for the settlement averages 170 bars a day and stocks on hand have increased to 3,000 bars on heavy arrivals in the week. In London the highest and lowest rates were 24-1|4d and 24-1|16d for ready and 24-3|8d and 24-3|16d for forward. In our market the highest and lowest rates were Rs. 55-4 and Rs. 55-0 for ready, 23rd September and 22nd October settlements. The incoming mail is expected to bring £25,000 silver. Inclusive of these arrivals and exclusive of the present week's shipment the total visible supply from London to India is about £130,000. The total imports during the week amounted to 2149 bars and Rs. 137,286 in coin. This week's shipment from London is expected to be £105,000.

Replying to questions in the Legislative Assembly in connection with the sale of silver, the Hon'ble Sir George Schuster, the Finance Member, stated that Government were planning means of giving information to the public regarding the amount of silver sold. The silver reserve which was Rs. 85 crores in April 1926 rose to Rs. 108-1|2 crores in July 1929. The Finance Member replied that the sale abroad had been always of unrefined silver and the sale proceeds invested in sterling securities. On a supplementary question raised by the Hon'ble Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas, the Finance Member agreed with him that the removal of the discount for the Bombay refinery had taken away the handicap on Government selling Indian refined silver in the Indian market, but in the public interest, he was unable to say more.

The statement made by the Hon'ble the Finance Member is considered satisfactory by the market and it is sincerely hoped that before long Government will sell Indian refined silver in India. Needless to say, this will result in mutual advantage to the trade and Government.

SHARES.

The Share Market ruled steady during the week with an upward price tendency. The feature of the week was the great activity in Tata Steel shares which recorded some rise. In the cotton mills group better prices prevailed in almost all shares. It is satisfactory to note that the attendance of workmen at the Bombay mills has increased to over 120,000. The following are the fluctuations in some of the leaders:—Bombay Dyeing Rs. 745-755; Century Rs. 321|4-328|12; Central India Rs. 481|4; Crescent Rs. 92|8-97|8; Fazulbhoy Rs. 567|8-572|8; Indian Bleaching Rs. 140-141|4; Indore Malwa Rs. 578|12; Kohinoor Rs. 173|12-175; New Great Rs. 171|4-173|12; Pearls Rs. 320-328|12; Simplex Rs. 45-43|12; and Swadeshi Rs. 413-12-416|4.

In the miscellaneous section Steels and Hydros were the outstanding features. Tata Hydros showed no important change and stood at Rs. 1225, but Andhra Valley gained about Rs. 40 to Rs. 682|8. Tata Power was a shade quieter at Rs. 607|8. In steels, Ordys. rose to Rs. 65 and Defds. to Rs. 242|8 on large speculative buying. Alcocks were steady rising from Rs. 306|4 to Rs. 315. Bombay Burma shares maintained their level at Rs. 747|8. Bombay Trams were unchanged at Rs. 136|14. Bombay Steam shares were a trifle quieter at Rs. 202|8 and Seindias at Rs. 10. Bundi Cements receded from Rs. 18 to 17|12 and Indian Cements from Rs. 267|8 to Rs. 265. Katni Ordys. bettered slightly from Rs. 196|4 to Rs. 200, while Defds. showed no change at Rs. 775. Among railway shares, Ahmd. Prantij rose from Rs. 792|8 to Rs. 802|8. Other railway shares show no variation in prices.

Imperial Bank shares are quoted at Rs. 1400 and Contributories at Rs. 346|4. Bank of India shares kept steady at Rs. 100 and those of the Central Bank at Rs. 18|8.

YARN MARKET REPORT.

Bombay, Sept. 6.

Nothing important is to be reported during the week under review as most of the days have passed as Holidays. Cotton remained rather firm in the beginning of the week but declined later and this had its natural effect in yarn prices which went down by about 1 1/2 pies per lb. Demand from consuming centres is still very quiet and this is the reason why the prices for ready delivery are going down. Merchants have got no sufficient faith in the present state of Cotton and therefore they are always desirous of selling at best market rates. We do not expect any big change till we receive the Cotton Bureau Report on the 9th instant, which is expected rather bullish.

English Yarns:—Prices for ready deliveries are unchanged at last week's level due to poor off-take and there no important change to be reported. Double yarn prices are also the same as last week's and no important sales have been made. Regarding forward delivery, enquiries are there, but as the prices have advanced in Manchester business reported is very small. A fortnight ago prices were lower and therefore some business was going on. But during the last week no business is reported simply because the prices have advanced. We do not expect any business till the prices go down again.

Japanese Yarns:—Demand in this class of yarns is very poor and therefore prices have gone down by 1 1/2 pies per lb. in Grey Yarn. Consuming centres are not at all desirous of purchasing at the present prices and therefore awaiting for lower prices. Mercerized Yarns, particularly, had a big change in prices which went down by half an anna per lb. and even at this reduced rate demand is only normal. This has got its natural effect upon prices and therefore no special business for forward deliveries is reported during the week. Import Houses are sellers at the last week's level but no business is reported as the dealers are very cautious.

Artificial Silk Yarns: Prices for ready deliveries are as before with no particular change but demand is not so satisfactory as was during the last two weeks. Forward quotations received are still firm and we, therefore, believe the market will remain steady at the present level.

Indian Yarns:—The Mills are now working in a better position when before and therefore the production is rather bigger. Off-take is moderate and prices are therefore so far unchanged. The undertone of the market is steady at present and we do not expect any advance as we will now be receiving regular stocks.

The tone of the market is steady at present and no special change is expected in the near future.

LONDON METALS.

London, Sept. 5.

Copper, Braziers £97 1/2.
Yellow Metal £73.
Spelter, Hard Indian Brand £22 1/4.
Corrugated Sheets 24 gange, £13 1/2.
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BOMBAY SATURDAY SEPTEMBER 7 1929

RAILWAY STORE PURCHASE SCANDAL

Govt, Promises Inquiry in Reply to Swarajist Challenge

PROMOTION AND TITLE FOR OFFICER WHO WAS RESPONSIBLE FOR LOSS OF RS. 60 LAKHS

SIMLA, Sept. 5.

In the Assembly to-day Diwan Chamanlal asked if the Controller of Stores Northwestern Railway had placed in July 1928 with a firm of engineers in Bombay, an order of the value beyond his authority without the sanction of the Railway Board, whether the goods supplied by the firm were not in accordance with specification and although the firm's name was at first removed from a class it was later reinstated and further whether the Agent of the N. W. Railway Company obtained the sanction of the Railway Board to that order nearly one year after the placing of it and what action Government proposed taking against the Controller of Stores and the Agent of said Railway to prevent recurrence.

GOODS NOT TO SPECIFICATION.

Replying, the Financial Commissioner of Railways, Mr. Rau, said that as the goods in question were needed urgently, they were ordered and the Railway Board's sanction was obtained subsequently, the Agent having no authority to sanction purchase beyond Rs. 10,000. About forty per cent. of the dogspikes supplied by the said firm of contractors were not in accordance with specifications and as the firm was found not blameworthy its name although first removed was later reinstated as mentioned. Also the firm agreed to bear the cost of reconditioning the spikes. The Agent, Col. Walton, asked for the Railway Board's sanction eleven months later as the necessity for such sanction had been overlooked in the Agent's Office. The Railway Board were considering the revision of procedure and the Government did not consider any specific action against the N. W. Railway Administration was necessary except pointing out the necessity of prior sanction for such purchases.

CONTRACTORS NOT BLAMEWORTHY.

Diwan Chamanlal put a volley of supplementary questions. He asked whether Financial Commissioner was satisfied that the contractors were not blameworthy and whether the said firm did not cheat the railway by supplying dogspikes not entirely British as ordered.

Mr. Rau replied that from the facts reported to the Railway Board, the contractors appeared not blameworthy and he was not aware whether the original order was for British dogspikes. Continental ones were quite satisfactory. Mr. Chamanlal asked for an inquiry into the facts.

WILL GOVT. ACCEPT CHALLENGE?

He said: "Is the Hon. Member serious that the matter of sanction for order was overlooked in the Agent's Office?"

Mr. Rau: That is what the Agent reports and I must believe him."

Mr. Chamanlal: Is Hon. Member prepared to accept challenge that those statements are absolutely false?"

Sir George Rainy intervening said that any suggestion made by a member would be enquired into and he promised to inform the questioner about the result of the inquiry.

KHYBER RAILWAY CONSTRUCTION.

Mr. Chamanlal asked whether the Controller of Stores, N. W. Railway, was previously the Superintendent of Works, Khyber Railway Construction, in connection with which a big loss had been [illegible] in the Executive Report for being due to the defective construction and whether the said official had been promoted to almost double his salary and whether he got a title, while an Indian sub-divisional officer was reduced in this connection, and what action Government proposed to take against the persons concerned and to prevent recurrence of serious losses.

"ERROR OF JUDGMENT!"

Mr. Rau replying said that the Government considered that the said Executive Engineer, namely Mr. Bayley, and an assistant Engineer and four subordinates were to blame in certain respects, but in view of the great difficulties of construction and Mr. Bayley's very good record Government thought it enough to convey to him their conclusion that he was responsible for the error of judgment in one respect at for work or bad quality which called for criticism. At the same time they told the Agent that they did not consider the Assistant Engineer fit to be employed as an engineer of gazetted rank on a difficult construction although they were not opposed to his appointment on surveys and he had since been employed on a somewhat lower pay. Mr Bayley was appointed Controller of Stores N. W. Railway in 1927 on the sanctioned pay of the post and the title was conferred on him.

RACIAL DISCRIMINATION?

Mr. Chamanlal: May I take it that the Indian sub-divisional officer was put down on lower pay because he was found blameworthy?

Mr. Rau: Yes.

Mr. Chamanlal: May I take it that the gentleman named before, namely Mr. Bayley, was, instead of being put down on lower pay, was given a higher pay in his new appointment?

Mr. Rau: The appointment of Mr. Bayley as Controller of Stores was due to his special qualifications in that line.

Mr. Chamanlal: May I take it that the policy of the Railway Board is that when they find a particular officer blameworthy and guilty of having caused a loss of nearly 60 lakhs of rupees to the Government that officer should be given a higher appointment carrying a higher salary?

Mr. Rau: The policy of Railway Board as of other Government departments is to take all matters into consideration when filling vacancies.

Mr. Chamanlal: May I take it that that policy means that when an Indian is concerned he should be reduced to lower pay and when the officer of type of Mr. Bayley and a European is concerned he should be promoted to higher pay?

Sir George Rainy: No. The hon. member is not entitled to infer that that is policy of Government.

Mr. Chamanlal: May I ask whether the facts of this case bear that out?

Sir George Rainy: No.

Mr. Chamanlal: Is it a fact that Mr. Bayley got double the pay and that the Indian sub-divisional officer was put down to lower pay.

Mr. Rau: Double is exaggeration: It will be more correct to say 50 per cent.

Mr. Chamanlal: It is higher.

Mr. Rau: It is higher.

CAUSES OF BREAK DOWN.

Col. Gidney: Will Hon. Member inform the House whether it is a fact or not that the chief reasons why there was a breakdown in the Khyber Railway was (1) defective geological survey and (2) the very difficult political relations with the tribes who form the "coolies" in the construction?

Mr. Rau: The Hon. Member is quite right.

Mr. Chamanlal: May I ask whether it is quiet right that it was owing to the difficult political situation in that part of country that this loss was caused. Is the Hon. Member serious in making that statement?

Mr. Rau: The whole question was discussed before the Public Accounts Committee and I would suggest to the hon. member that if he waits till the evidence is before the House he will get a full reply to all questions.

IS IT INCOMPETENCE?

Mr. Chamanlal: Is it a fact that the loss was actually caused because of the incompetence of the man-in-charge?

Mr. Rau: No.

Mr. Chamanlal: Why does the hon. member find him blameworthy then?

Mr. Rau: Because there was defective supervision. The loss was not due to incompetence of the officer but due to the geological nature of the country.

Mr. Chamanlal: Does the hon. member admit that the officer was found blameworthy because he was not competent?

Mr. Rau: If the hon. member will read my reply at leisure he will find the answer to this question.

Mr. Chamanlal: The hon. member does not probably know that I know much more about it than he does.—A.P.

DISCUSSION ON SARDA BILL

—:o:—

MR. JAYAKAR'S "DOG SENSE"

Mian Shah Niwaz (Punjab) strongly urged that the whole bill should be taken into consideration. As a member of the Age of Consent Committee he had heard evidence as to the existence of a state of things which it would be almost impossible to believe as existing in the country. In Bengal the conditions were the worst of all. (This evoked protests from some Bengal members). He considered it wrong to say that orthodox opinion in its entirety was opposed to the Bill. Pandit Malaviya was wrong in saying that the evil was not so great. In the speaker's opinion the evil could not increase further. Dealing with Muslim opposition to the Bill the speaker quoted from Egyptian and Turkish law to the effect that marriages between boys under eighteen and girls under fifteen were unlawful in those countries. It was the primary concern of the legislatiure and the Government to make laws for social reform, and they must not shirk that responsibility.

MR. JAYAKAR'S "DOG SENSE".

Mr. Jayakar spoke for half an hour amidst frequent cheers urging that the bill be taken into consideration immediately. He confessed that his task was rendered difficult by the fact that he was going against what his leader Pandit Malaviya had suggested. He was practically in entire agreement with the sentiments of Pandit Malaviya on the merits of the question, for he himself had learned his lessons at the feet of learned pandits. Pandit Malaviya had pleaded for a little more time for reconciling the views of the supporters of the Bill with those of the orthodox party. He (the speaker) had "dog sense" in political matters and he could predict without fear that at the end of three months, or even three years, the orthodox party would not be reconciled with the supporters of the Bill. Even then there would be nothing but repetition of the scenes that had occurred when Mian Shahnawaz was speaking, namely, the orthodox party asserting that the Age of Consent Committee was not representative, that the evidence tendered before the Committee was one-sided, etc., and that therefore there should be another committee which would sift the whole evidence, even as Mr. Acharya had hinted in one of his tabled amendments. Therefore, even at the end of three years the same cry would be raised as now. What was the use of postponing consideration of the Bill, and why the cry that neutral Government should not take up any side on this issue?

SIR J. CRERAR CONGRATULATED.

Mr. Jayakar congratulated Sir James Crerar on having risen to the dignity of the occasion as the leader of the House. If the House was convinced that this was not a good measure, let it by all means reject it, but if the House was convinced that it was a good measures, then let it be passed. It was indeed too late for Pandit Malaviya to raise the cry that too deeply cherished religious sentiments were involved in the measure, and therefore the Government should have nothing to do with it. Deeply cherished religious sentiments were involved in a greater measure when a law was passed by the old Imperial Council, that a member of a Hindu family could become a Christian or that Hindu widows could re-marry. It was no use being guided by the Sastras in regard to this bill. The Sastras had been quoted in support of the contention that the Bill was against religion. Those texts belonging to an age and scheme of life, the spirit of which had died long ago. Mr. Jayakar quoted a verse from "a most authoritative exposition" of the Vedanta saying that it was only the text of the Vedas which accorded with the people's notions of logic and rationality which must be followed and not the entire text. So let this Assembly follow what Hinduism had done in the past, and follow Baroda State, where there was a law like the present one.

SIR ABDUL'S HOPE.

Sir Abdul Qayum hoped that the Government would boldly take a similar attitude regarding measures of social reform in future as on the present occasion.—A.P.

BENGAL WOMEN'S SUPPORT.

—:o:—

CALCUTTA, Sept. 6.

A well attended ladies' meeting presided over by the Maharani of Mayurbhanj passed resolutions strongly supporting Mr. Sarda's Child Marriage Bill, now before the Assembly, and urging the Government to take immediate steps, to eradicate evils of abduction.—Free Press.

SUPPORT TO SARDA BILL.

The Secretary of the Cutchi Visa Oswal Widow Remarriage Society has wired Mr. V. J. Patel, President of the Legislative Assembly as under:—

"Society supports Sarda Bill wholeheartedly and prays members to show impartiality."

REBUKED BY CONGRES

—:o:—

INDIAN SOCIAL CLUB OF LONDON

SIMONITES' ENTERTAINMENT SLQUEL

LONDON, Sept. 6.

A long rebuke has been addressed to the President of the committee of the Indian Social Club, London, by the London branch of the Indian National Congress for entertaining purely political personages like Mr. Wedgwood Benn and Dr. Drummond Shiels in whom India has hitherto "not perceived even a gesture of friendliness or complete fairness". But "this deplorable incident has been followed up by a yet more serious political measure", namely, entertaining the Indian Central Committee at luncheon.—Reuter.

SARDAR VALLABHBHAI ON TOUR IN SOUTH

MADRAS LAND LEAGUE TO BE FORMED

MADRAS, Sept. 4.

Mr. Valabhbhai Patel who had a crowded programme at Madras left to-day on a tour of the Southern districts of Madras. The Ryotwari Landholders' Association entertained him to dinner last night when an informal discussion took place regarding the formation of land leagues in the province. It was generally agreed that the league should be immediately started with a view to bringing pressure on Government to enact legislation on the lines recommended by the Joint Parliamentary Committee, putting land revenue settlement on a statutory, just and equitable basis. The executive committee of the Association is meeting to-day to draft definite proposals on the subject.—A. P.

BABBAR AKALI SUSPECTED OF BOMB THROWING

—:o:—

POLICE ON HIS TRACK

—:o:—

LAHORE, Sept. 5.

Several bomb-throwing outrages in Garhshankar Tehsil, District Hoshiarpur, and other places are alleged to have been traced to a certain Babbar Akali. It is alleged that he was also responsible for firing a gun in village Mehatpur, wounding the son of the Zaildar. A large contingent of police and the Deputy Commissioner of Hoshiarpur have left for the tract where the Babbar Akali is alleged to be.—A. P.

COLLEGE STRIKE CONTINUES

—:o:—

PRINCIPAL MOUNTS GUARD A GATE!

CALCUTTA, Sept. 6.

The strike situation in the Presidency College is practically unchanged. This morning, as usual the Principal stood at the gate and some illing students got in. Strong icketing is continued, and the gates ere closed later on. A poster "Share worse with thousands" etc., was hung at the gate by the strikers. —Free Press.

STUDENT STRIKERS' BOLD STAND

—:o:—

CALCUTTA MEETING'S CONGRATULATIONS

CALCUTTA, Sept. 5.

At a meeting of the students under the presidency of Dr. Bhupendra Dutt, resolutions congratulating the strikers of the Presidency College on the bold stand they have taken against the importing of the Police into the Eden Hindu Hostel and the penalisation of the inmates, urging the College Governing body and the Syndicate to enquire into the students' grievances and also sympathising with the students of the Xavier's College students in the present struggle, were passed.—Free Press.

CALCUTTA STUDENTS' STRIKE.

—:o:—

CALCUTTA, Sept. 6.

The strike of students of the St. Xavier College and the Presidency College continues. All other Colleges are working normally. There was the usual picketing at the Presidency College Gate. The College remained open and 80 students attended. There were no untoward occurrences.—A. P.

It is understood that the Imperial Police Service Examination will be held at the Presidency College, Calcutta, next week.—A. P.

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CANCEL WAR DEBTS FOR WORLD PEACE

—:o:—

Famous German Scientist Speaks Out

DR. SCHLESINGER IS SURPRISED TO SEE INDIAN MARKET FLOODED WITH FOREIGN WARES

"The whole world is moving towards industrialisation and if India chooses to lag behind it will be to her own detriment." Dr. Schlesinger, the famous German Scientist who arrived in Bombay by the mail boat of Friday "en route" to Tokyo where he proceeds to attend the World Engineering Congress, made this statement in an interview with a "Chronicle" representative. A vast country like India with a population eight times that of Germany and with rich mineral and agricultural resources, he said, should not always look to foreign countries for her economic needs. He said it was time that India strove for economic independence and to achieve this suggested.

(1) Rapid industrialisation of the whole population.

(2) Raising the standard of living of the workers and

(3) Bringing about a perfect understanding between capital and labour.

OBJECT OF THE VISIT

"The object of my visit is first to see your beautiful land and as far as possible to study the people. I should like to see all your celebrated places, especially Universities. I am more interested in the industrial line. I am told that some fine textile fabrics are being manufactured at Cawnpore" said Dr. Schlesinger. He will stay in Bombay for two days and then see Jaipur, Delhi, Calcutta, Madras and Colombo. On his way he will visit as many factories and mills and study the conditions there.

TRIBUTE TO INDIAN STUDENTS

Dr. Schlesinger is the head of a famous German firm and professor of the Technical College, Berlin Charlottenburgh. He spoke very highly of Indian students in Germany. "They have grit and they are very hard-working" he said. Usually they took engineering courses and qualified themselves very quickly, and this they were doing with the handicap of having to learn the German language "which was not very easy." "I had myself under me some Indian pupils and I must say I am impressed with them."

INDIAN MARKET

Prof. Schlesinger believed that the whole world was moving towards industrialisation where each country had to self-sufficient." We in Germany are striving to do that, but to-day when I went round your market, I found articles of foreign make everywhere," he said. "Why can't you manufacture your own articles?" he asked.

When it was pointed out to the Professor that there was not proper stimulus for the growth indigenous industries in this country, Dr. Schlesinger said that it was the duty of the Government to encourage industries. Education was an important factor and technical colleges ought to be started everywhere. Government should also send students abroad to learn new methods of manufacture and introduce those in this country.

LABOUR AND CAPITAL

One way to stimulate industries was to induce the workers to go in for industrialisation. An industry could only thrive with the efficiency of labour and therefore for the sake of the industry itself it should be the aim of the State to raise the standard of living of workers. An average worker in Germany he said earned 8 shillings a day.

Regarding the relations between Capital and Labour he instanced the case of his own country. The Socialist Government in Germany, he said, had come to stay. The workers there were strongly organised but they recognised that for an industry to thrive there must be personal interests in the undertakings. The workers were strongly organised for peace and they were real pacifists. The capitalists on the other hand also recognised that the workers were entitled to a decent living and reasonable working hours. Under the present Government strikes in Germany were practically impossible. If at all there were strikes the State would intervene and would force the parties to come to terms. Fortunately there were no strikes in Germany after the war. A perfect agreement between Capital and Labour, he said were therefore absolutely essential.

POST-WAR INDUSTRIALISM

Regarding the progress of industrialism in Germany after the war, Prof. Schlesinger said! "We are working very hard to pay our war debts. In Germany everybody must work 25 per cent harder than before the war to get sufficient money to pay the reparations. Consequently our exports must be raised by 25 per cent. We cannot do this unless we disturb the export trade of other nations. And there comes the hitch. In order to compete with American and other export business the earnings of the German workers have not increased in proportion to the work they are putting in. We are competing with American export by giving lower wages to German workers. We have to be great competitors, but I think as long as these debts are cancelled there will be no world peace."

The Professor stays in the Grand Hotel, Ballard Estate during his stay in Bombay.

RESTRICTIONS ON ALI BROTHERS

—:o:—

Indian Deputation Waits on Dr. Malan

RELAXATION REFUSED

LONDON, Sept. 5.

Cape Town.—A Deputation of the Cape British Indian Council pleaded with the Minister Dr. Malan to relax restrictions on the Ali Brothers' movements in the Union. The Minister refused to relax the restrictions in any way.—Reuter.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

—:o:—

SIMLA, Sept. 6.

The Gazette of India publishes the following:—

Justice A. H. Cuming will try judicially and decide the dispute between the Sikhs and Muslims at Nanderi.

The appointment of Mr. Justice Dwarkanath Mitter as a Judge of the Calcutta High Court vice Mr. Justice B. B. Ghose, resigned, is gazetted.

The Rev. H. F. E. Tilney Bassett is appointed Chaplain of Calcutta Diocese and the Rev. O. G. Lewis is appointed Chaplain, Labore Diocese. —A. P.

At a well attended meeting held lately at the Shree Tilak Pustakalaya for the formation of a Youth League at Jamshedpur, under the chairmanship of Mr. T. K. Seshadri, "The Youth of India League, Jamshedpur" was formed.

LONDON, Sept. 6.

Washington.—Sir Robert Vansittart has seen President Hoover.—Reuter.